

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution)
Coimbatore-641035.

UNIT-II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Legendre's Linear Differential Equation

3). Solve
$$(3x+2)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3(3x+2)\frac{dy}{dx^2} - 36y = 3x^2 + 4x + y) \frac{dy}{dx^2} + 3(3x+2)\frac{dy}{dx^2} - 36y = 3x^2 + 4x + y) \frac{dy}{dx^2} = 3x^2 + 4x + y = 2x + 2 = e^x \Rightarrow 3x = e^x - 2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{e^x - 2}{3} = \frac{e^x -$$

SATHYA S-AP/MATHS