

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECB211 - MICROCONTROLLER PROGRAMMING & INTERFACING

II YEAR IV SEM

UNIT I – PIC MICROCONTROLLER: HISTORY, FEATURES & ARCHITECTURE

TOPIC 5 – File Registers and Access Bank in PIC



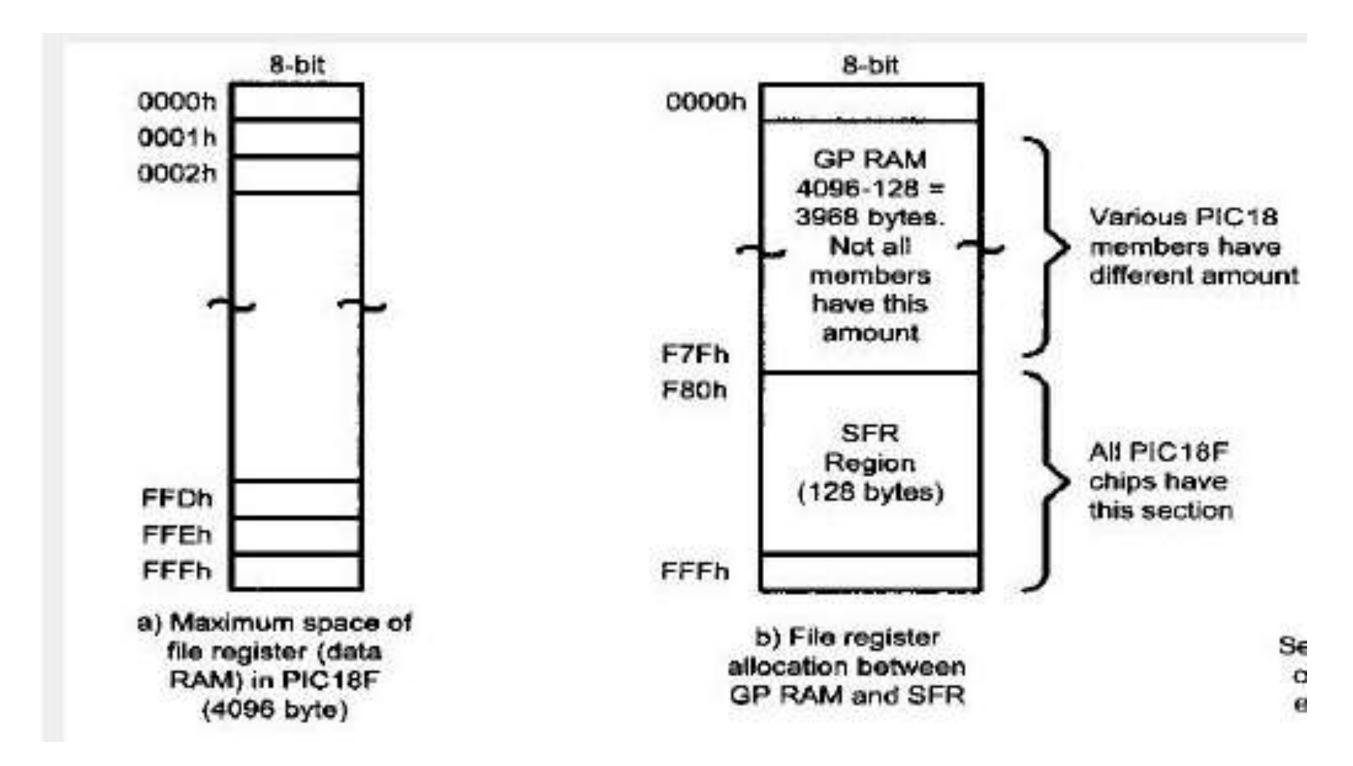


- The file register of the PIC18 family can have a maximum of 4096 (4K) bytes.
- ➤ With 4096 bytes, the file register has addresses of 000-FFFH.
- The file register in the PIC18 is divided into 256 byte bank.
- ➤ Every PIC18 family member has at least one bank for the file register.
- This bank is called the access bank and is the default bank when we power up the PIC18 chip.





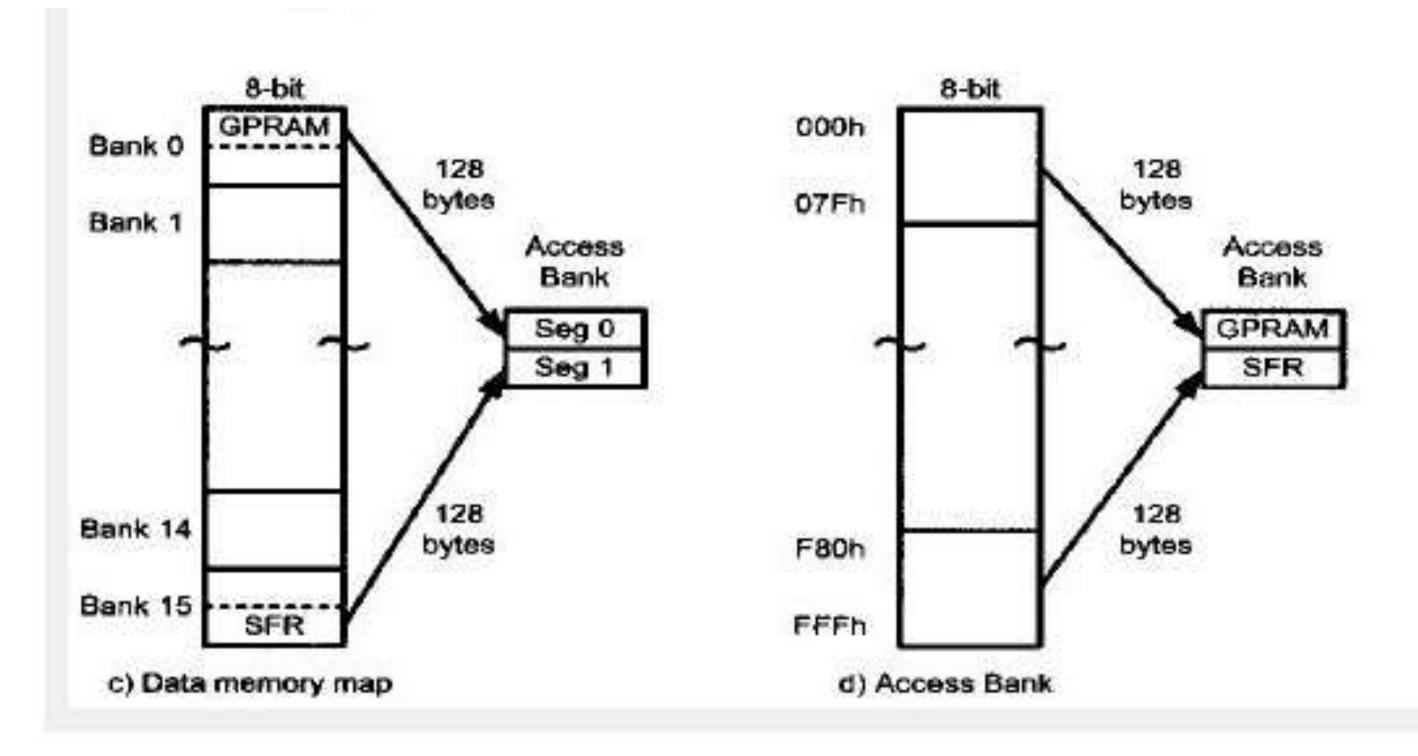
















- The 256 byte access bank is divided into two equal sections of 128 bytes.
- These 128 bytes sections are given to the general purpose registers and special function registers.
- The 128 bytes from locations 00H to 7FH are set aside for general purpose registers and are used for read / write storage, or what is normally called scratch pad.





- These 128 locations of RAM are widely used for storing data and parameters by PIC18 programmers and C compilers.
- ➤ Each location of this 128 byte RAM of general purpose registers can be accessed directly by its address.
- ➤ We will use these locations in future chapters to store data brought into the CPU via I / O and serial ports.
- >Will also use then to define counters for time delay.





- The other 128 bytes of the access bank is used for special function registers.
- ➤ It has addresses of F80H to FFFH







- The reason is to allow the RAM space between 080H and F7FH to be used for the general purpose registers GPRs by various members of the PIC18 if they implement a larger data RAM size for the file register.
- >A file register of more than 256 bytes will necessitate bank switching.





- ➤ When programming the WREG register of the PIC microcontroller with a literal value, the following points should be noted:
- > Values can be loaded directly into the WREG register.
- There is no need for a preceding pound sign or dollar sign to indicate that a value is an immediate value as is the case with some other microcontrollers.
- ➤ If values 0 to F are moved into an 8-bit register such as WREG, the rest of the bits are assumed to be all zeros