

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

UNIT-I VECTOR CALCULUS

DIVERGENCE AND CURL OF A VECTOR FIELD

Peoblems:

Caven
$$\vec{F} = x^2 + y^2 + y^2$$

$$= 2x + 2y + 2z$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = 2(x + y + z)$$

and
$$\nabla x \vec{f} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{r} & \vec{d} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & y^2 & z^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$=07^{\circ}+07^{\circ}+08^{\circ}$$

$$\nabla\times F^{\prime}=0$$

I petermane the constant 'a' so that the vector = (x+z)+ (3x+ay) = (x-57) = 8 Such that "its devergence is zero. 80/n.

Now
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(x+x) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(3x + \alpha y) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(x-5x) = 0$$

$$+\alpha-5=0$$

$$\sqrt{a=4}$$





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Solve
$$\nabla \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\gamma} \overrightarrow{s}\right)$$

Solve $\overrightarrow{r} = x\overrightarrow{r} + y\overrightarrow{j} + x\overrightarrow{k}$
 $\frac{1}{\delta} \overrightarrow{s} = \frac{x}{s} \overrightarrow{r} + \frac{y}{s} \overrightarrow{j} + \frac{z}{s} \overrightarrow{k}$
Noco, $\nabla \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\gamma} \overrightarrow{r}\right) = \left(\overrightarrow{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \overrightarrow{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \overrightarrow{k} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x}{s} \overrightarrow{r} + \frac{y}{s} \overrightarrow{j} + \frac{z}{s} \overrightarrow{k}\right)$
 $= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{x}{s}\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{y}{s}\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{x}{s}\right)$
 $= \frac{x(1) - x}{s} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{x(1) - y}{s} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} + \frac{x(1) - z}{s} \frac{\partial x}{\partial z}$
 $= \frac{1}{\gamma s} \left[x - x\left(\frac{x}{\gamma}\right) + x - y\left(\frac{y}{\gamma}\right) + x - z\left(\frac{z}{\gamma}\right)\right]$
 $= \frac{1}{\gamma s} \left[3x - \frac{x}{s} - \frac{y^2}{s} - \frac{x^2}{s}\right]$
 $= \frac{1}{\gamma s} \left[3x - \frac{1}{s} + \frac{x^2}{s}\right] = \frac{1}{\gamma s} \left[3x - x\right]$
 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} \left[3x - \frac{1}{s} + \frac{x^2}{s}\right]$
 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} \left[3x - \frac{1}{s}\right]$
 $= \frac{3}{\sqrt{s}} \left[3x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}}\right]$
 $= \frac{3}{\sqrt{s}} \left[3x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}}\right]$