

MAINTENANCE AND SERVICING OF STEERING SYSTEM



- ♣ To check the amount of play in the steering system on vehicles with power steering, check the condition and tension of the drive belt from the power steering pump.
- ♣ Then check the fluid level in the pump reservoir. Start the engine. Next, with the front wheels in the straight-ahead position, turn the steering wheel with a mark on a ruler or scale.
- Now slowly turn the steering wheel in the opposite direction until the front wheels start to move again. The distance that the steering wheel reference marks moved along the ruler is the amount of free play in the steering system.
- ♣ If the steering wheel rim moves too much before the front wheels begin to move, there is excessive play.

S.No	Complaints	Possible Cause	Check (or) correction
1	Excessive play in	♣ Looseness in steering	Readjust, replace worn
	steering system	gear	parts
		♣ Looseness in linkage	Readjust, replace worn
		Loose wheel bearing	parts
			♣ Readjust
2	Hard steering	♣ Low tyre pressure	♣ Inflate to correct tyre
		Friction in steering gear	pressure
		Friction in linkage	♣ Lubricate, readjust,
			replace worn parts
			♣ Lubricate, readjust,
			replace worn parts
3	Car wander	♣ Low or uneven tyre	♣ Inflate to correct tyre
		pressure	pressure
		Steering gear binding	♣ Readjust, lubricate,
		Linkage binding	replace worn parts
		♣ Incorrect wheel	♣ Readjust, lubricate,
		alignment	replace worn parts
			Check alignment and
			readjust
4	Car pulls to one side	Uneven tyre pressure	♣ Inflate to correct tyre
	during normal driving	Uneven castor or camber	pressure
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		♣ Wheel not tracking	♣ Check alignment □
			Check tracking, replace
			defective parts
5	Car pulls to one side	♣ Brakes grab	♣ Readjust, replace brake
	while braking	♣ Uneven tyre pressure	lining
		Uneven castor or camber	Inflate to correct tyre
			pressure
			Check alignment and
			readjust
6	Front wheel shimmy at	♣ Uneven tyre pressure	♣ Inflate to correct tyre
	low pressure	♣ Loose linkage	pressure
		♣ Loose ball joints	Readjust, replace worn
		Dynamic imbalance	parts
			♣ Replace worn parts
			♣ Balance the wheel
7	Steering shakes	♣ Uneven tyre pressure	♣ Inflate to correct tyre
		♣ Looseness in linkage	pressure
		♣ Looseness in steering	Readjust, replace worn
		gear	parts
		♣ Shock absorber defective	Readjust, replace worn
			parts
			♣ Repair or replace
8	Tyres squeal on	♣ Excessive speed on	
	turns(skids)	curves	speed
		♣ Uneven tyre pressure	♣ Inflate to correct tyre
		♣ Front alignment incorrect	pressure
		♣ Worn tyres	Check and adjust
			♣ Replace tyres

SERVICE OF STEERING SYSTEM

To avoid very heavy tire wear, and proper running of motor vehicle on the roads, all parts of the steering assembly should be kept in good condition. There should be no loose parts and wrong



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adjustments, requiring correct overhauling of servicing, repair and adjustment of the steering assembly.

Procedure for the steering system servicing has been explained

Removing the linkages

- ♣ The steering wheel is removed by using a puller.
- **♣** Disconnect the drop arm from the rocker shaft.
- **♣** Disconnect the pitman arm from the relay rod.
- ♣ Disconnect the tie rod from relay rod and knuckle arm.
- **♣** Disconnect the drag link from knuckle arm.
- ♣ Disassembly of idler arm bracket.

Overhauling the steering gear (Rack and Pinion Type)

- ♣ Clamp gear housing in vice. Before disassembly, remove all dirt, oil etc.
- Loosen the lock nut and place the match marks on the tie rod and rack end.
- ♣ Remove the tie rod and lock nuts.
- **Remove the rack boots.**
- **Using a hammer and screwdriver or chisel loosen the crimped part of the claw washer.**
- Remove the claw washer.
- ♣ Remove the rack guide spring cap lock nut and remove the spring and rack guide.
- **Remove the pinion bearing adjusting screw.**
- **4** Remove pinion with upper bearing.
- ♣ Remove the rack from the pinion side without revolving it.
- ♣ All parts are clean with kerosene. Then inspect all the parts.
- ♣ Check rack for run out and for teeth wear of damage. Maximum run out: 0.3 mm. if it is faulty, replace it.
- Check the pinion for rear and tear.
- ♣ All parts are reassembling with respective place. Then adjust the pinion preload.