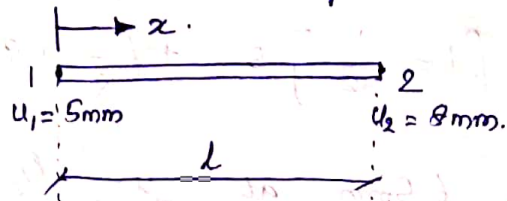


① A two noded truss element is shown below. The nodal displacements are $u_1 = 5\text{mm}$, & $u_2 = 8\text{mm}$. Calculate displacement at $x = \frac{l}{4}$, $\frac{l}{3}$ & $\frac{l}{2}$.



To find:-

Displacement u at $x = \frac{l}{4}$, $\frac{l}{3}$ & $\frac{l}{2}$.

Soln:-

displacement function for two noded truss element is

$$u = N_1 u_1 + N_2 u_2 \rightarrow \textcircled{A} \quad N_1 = \frac{l-x}{l}$$

$$\text{Sub } x = \frac{l}{4}, u_1 = 5 \text{ \& } u_2 = 8 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$u = \left(\frac{l-x}{l}\right) u_1 + \left(\frac{x}{l}\right) u_2 \rightarrow \textcircled{1} \quad N_2 = \frac{x}{l}$$

$$\Rightarrow u = \left[\frac{l - \frac{l}{4}}{l}\right] 5 + \left[\frac{\frac{l}{4}}{l}\right] \times 8$$

$$= \left[1 - \frac{1}{4}\right] 5 + \left[\frac{1}{4}\right] 8$$

$$\boxed{u = 5.75 \text{ mm}} \quad \text{at } x = \frac{l}{4}$$

* Substituting $x = \frac{l}{3}$, $u_1 = 5\text{mm}$ & $u_2 = 8\text{mm}$ in eqn. ①

$$u = \left[\frac{l - \frac{l}{3}}{l}\right] 5 + \left[\frac{\frac{l}{3}}{l}\right] 8$$

$$= \left[1 - \frac{1}{3}\right] 5 + \left[\frac{1}{3}\right] 8$$

$$\boxed{u = 6 \text{ mm.}} \quad \text{at } x = \frac{l}{3}$$

* Substituting $x = \frac{l}{2}$, $u_1 = 5 \text{ mm}$ & $u_2 = 8 \text{ mm}$ in eqn ①

$$u = \left[1 - \frac{1}{2}\right] 5 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) 8$$

$$u = 6.5 \text{ mm at } x = \frac{l}{2}$$

Result:

$$u = 5.75 \text{ mm at } x = \frac{l}{4}$$

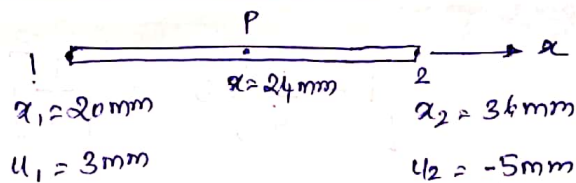
$$u = 6 \text{ mm at } x = \frac{l}{3}$$

$$u = 6.5 \text{ mm at } x = \frac{l}{2}$$

② A one dimensional bar is shown below. Calculate the following.

(i) Shape function N_1 & N_2 at point P.

(ii) If $u_1 = 3 \text{ mm}$ & $u_2 = -5 \text{ mm}$, calculate the displacement u at point P.



Soln: -

Actual length of the bar, $l = x_2 - x_1$
 $= 36 - 20$

$$l = 16 \text{ mm}$$

The distance b/w point 1 & point P is

$$x = 24 - 20$$

$$x = 4 \text{ mm}$$

Displacement function for two noded bar element

$$u = N_1 u_1 + N_2 u_2$$

$$N_1 = \frac{l-x}{l} = \frac{16-4}{16} = 0.75 \text{ mm}$$

$$N_2 = \frac{x}{l} = \frac{4}{16} = 0.25 \text{ mm}$$

Result

* Shape Function

$$N_1 = 0.75 \text{ mm}$$

$$N_2 = 0.25 \text{ mm}$$

* Displacement u at

$$\text{Point P} = 1 \text{ mm}$$

$$(0.75)(3) + (0.25)(-5)$$

$$u = 1 \text{ mm}$$