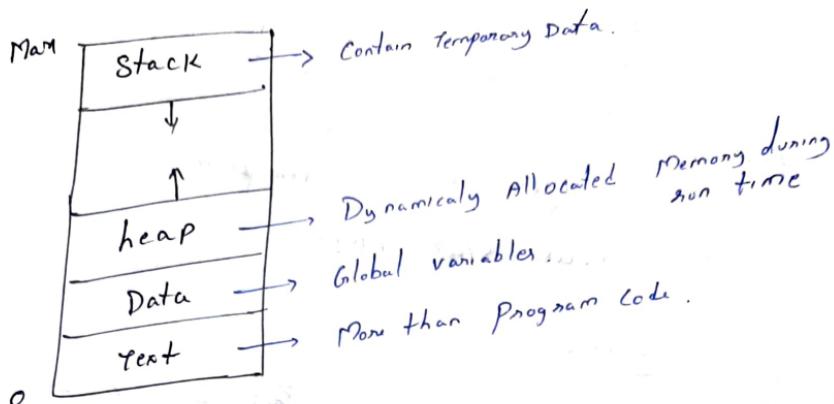


## Process Concept

A process is a program in execution.



### Ex 3: Process in Memory.

A program → is a passive entity (Executable file)  
But a process → is a Active entity in association  
with Program Counter.

Process state -  
The state of a process is defined in part by  
the current activity of that process. As a process  
executes, it changes state.

states ⇒ The process is being created.

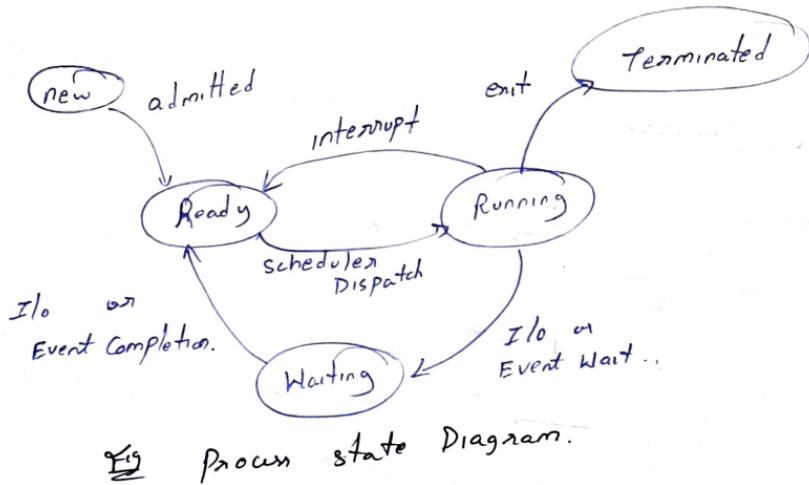
\* New - The process is being created.

\* Running - Instructions are being executed.

\* Waiting - The process is waiting for some event to occur.  
(such as an I/O completion or reception  
of a signal)

\* Ready - The process is waiting to be assigned to a processor.

\* Terminated - The process has finished execution.



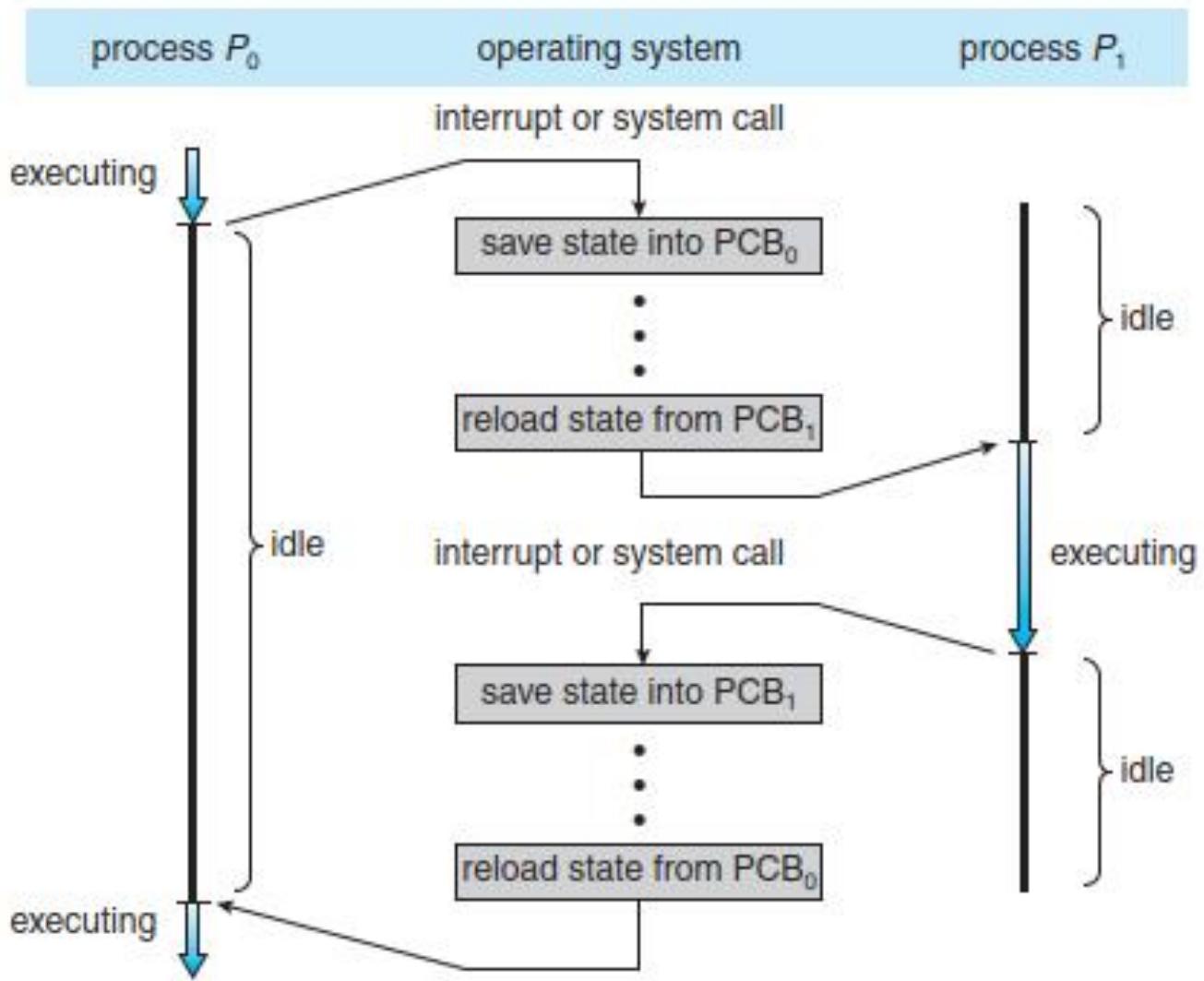
### Process Control Block -

- The Process ctrl block or Task ctrl block represent each process in OS by the following.
- Process state - New, Ready, Running, Waiting, halted, etc..
  - Program Counter - Address of next executing Instruction.
  - CPU Registers - Accumulators, index registers, General purpose registers, program counter, etc..
  - CPU scheduling Information - Scheduling Parameters, Priority
  - Memory management Information - Base & limit Registers, Segment Table, Page Table, etc..
  - Accounting Information - CPU utilization, time limit, Job Nos, etc..
  - I/O status Information - List of I/O devices, Open file list, etc..

PCB serves as a Repository for an information, that may vary from process to process.

Process state
Process number
Program counter
Registers
Memory limits
List of open files
...

Fig  
Process control block  
(PCB)



**Figure 3.4** Diagram showing CPU switch from process to process.