# SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

**An Autonomous Institution**

**Coimbatore-35**

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

## 19ECB212 – DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

II YEAR/ IV SEMESTER

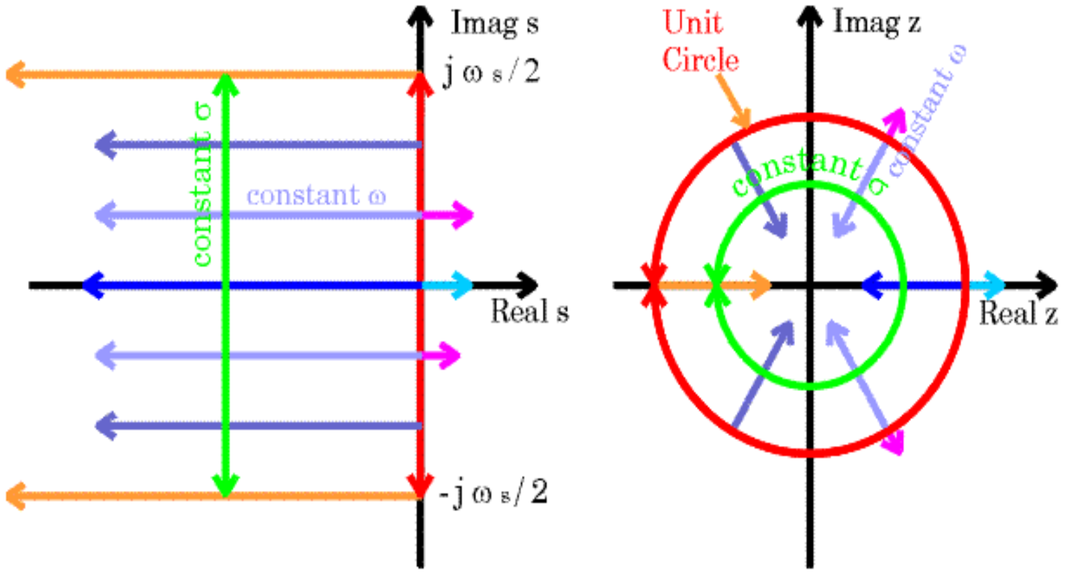
## UNIT 2 – IIR FILTER DESIGN

TOPIC – REALIZATION STRUCTURES FOR IIR FILTERS

# Z TRANSFORM

- Z transform is used for the analysis of discrete time signals.
- It is more broad compared to Discrete Time Fourier Transform
- It is very much useful in discrete time signals as well as system analysis
- x(n) and X(Z) is called Z transform pair

**x(n)** ⟺ **X(Z)**



# LTI DT SYSTEM

- **System Transfer Function:** Ratio of the output to the input.

$$H(Z) = \frac{Y(Z)}{X(Z)}$$

- **Frequency Response:**

$$H(\omega) = \frac{Y(\omega)}{X(\omega)}$$

# DIFFERENCE EQUATION

- **Difference Equation:** It is an efficient way to implement discrete time systems
- The convolution of input sequence x(n) and unit sample response h(n) gives the output y(n)

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x(k)\, h(n-k)$$

- Two types of systems depending upon the length of unit sample response h(k)

# LTI DISCRETE TIME SYSTEMS

- **Finite Impulse Response (FIR) Systems:** Unit sample response (or) Impulse response h(n) has finite no. of terms

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{M-1} h(k)\, x(n-k)$$

- **Infinite Impulse Response (IIR) Systems:** Length of Unit sample response (or) Impulse response h(n) is infinite

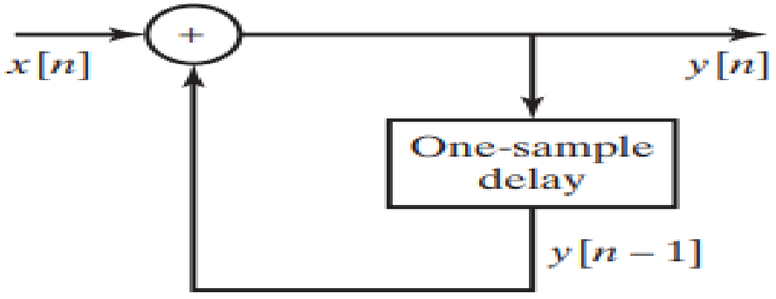
$$y(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} h(k)\, x(n-k)$$

# LTI DISCRETE TIME SYSTEMS

- **Recursive Systems:** Output y(n) depends on present and past inputs as well as past output

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} x(k)$$

- **Non Recursive Systems:** Output y(n) depends on present and past input.




$$y(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{M} h(k)\, x(n-k)$$

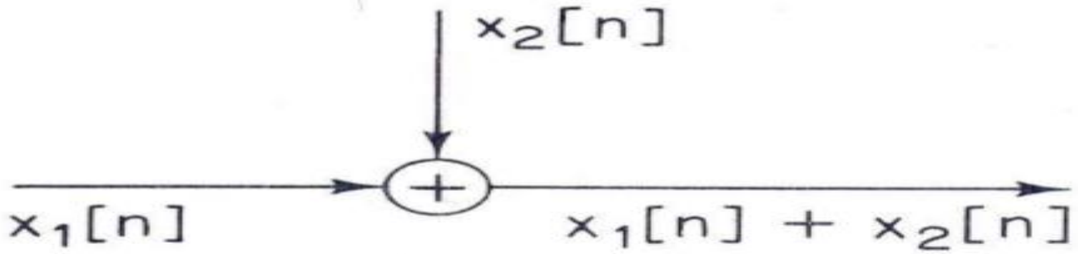
# BLOCK DIAGRAM

- The discrete time systems are represented by block diagrams.
- They are also called structures of discrete time systems.
- It can be classified into four types

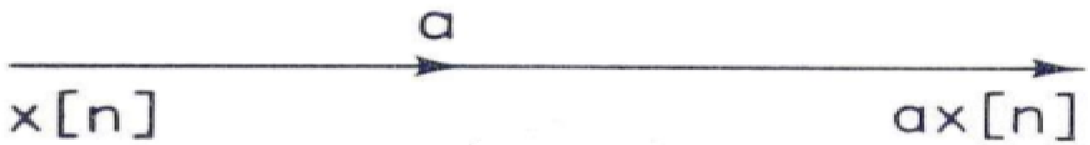
1. Direct Form I
2. Direct Form II
3. Cascade Form and
4. Parallel Form

# ELEMENTARY BLOCKS

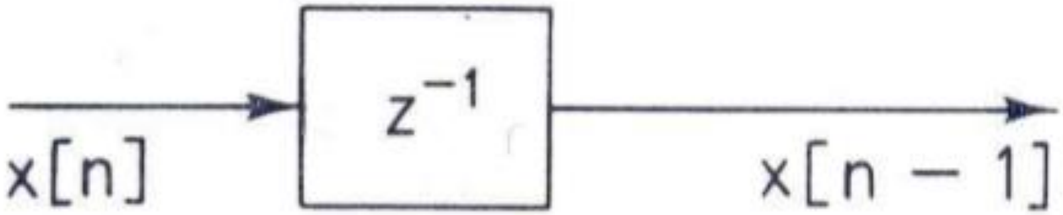
**Adder**




**Constant Multiplier**

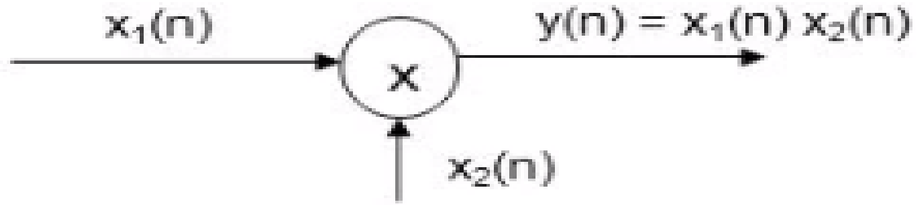



**Unit Delay Element**

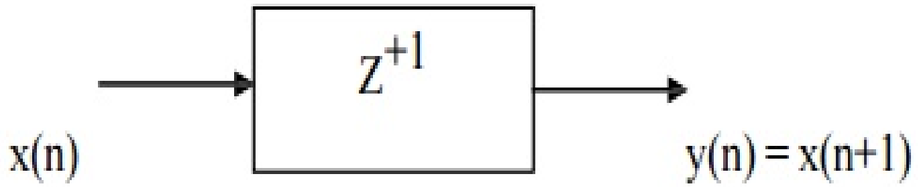


# ELEMENTARY BLOCKS

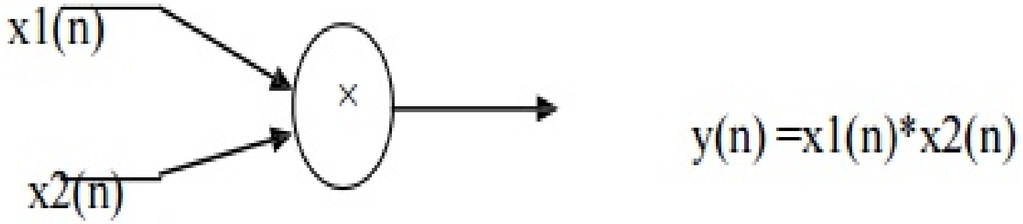
**Signal Multiplier**




**Advancing Element**

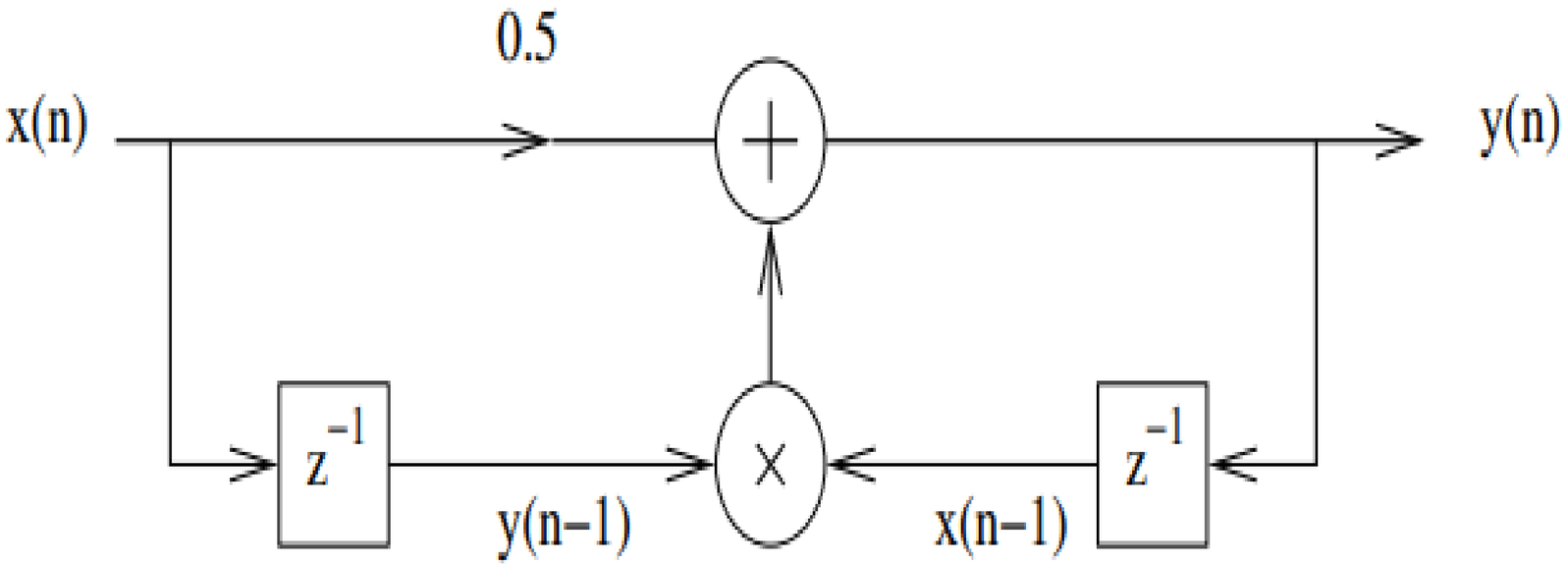



**Multiplication**



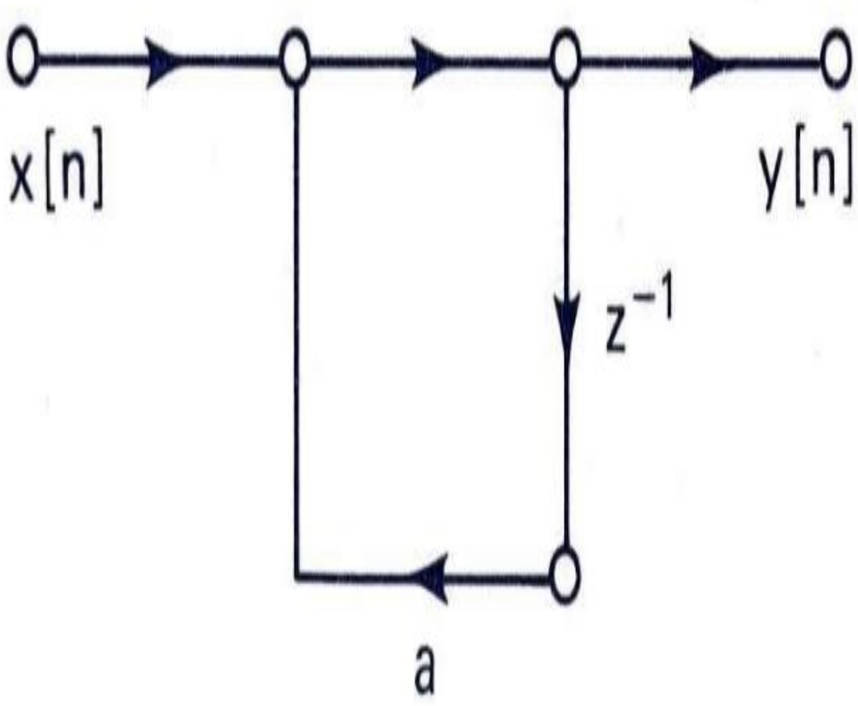
# BLOCK DIAGRAM REPRESENTATION

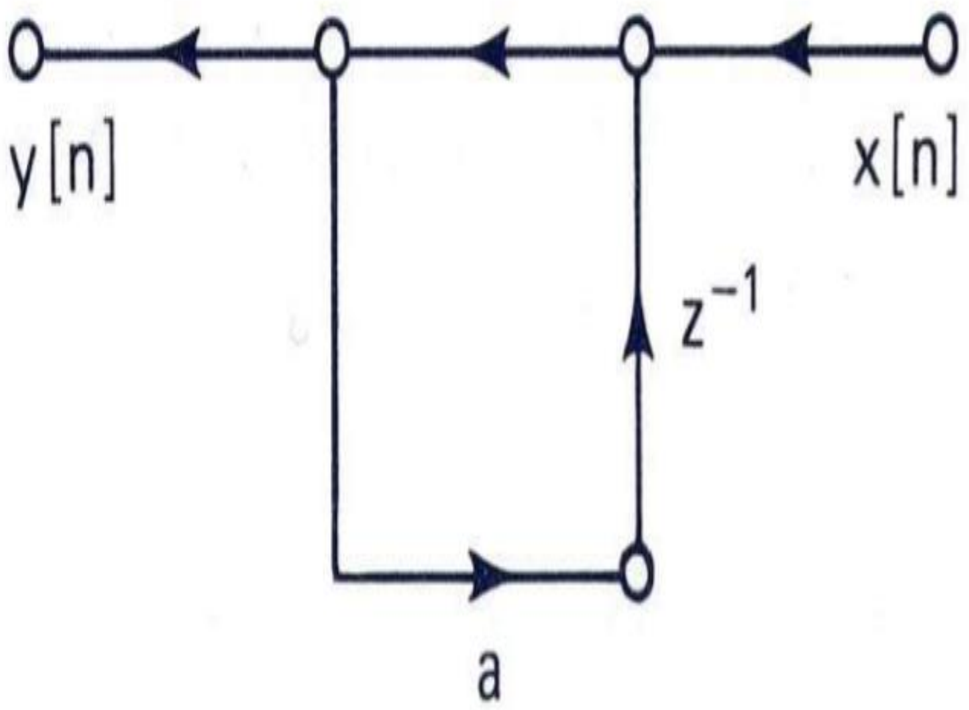
$$y(n) = y(n-1)\, x(n-1) + 0.5\, x(n)$$



# BLOCK DIAGRAM REPRESENTATION

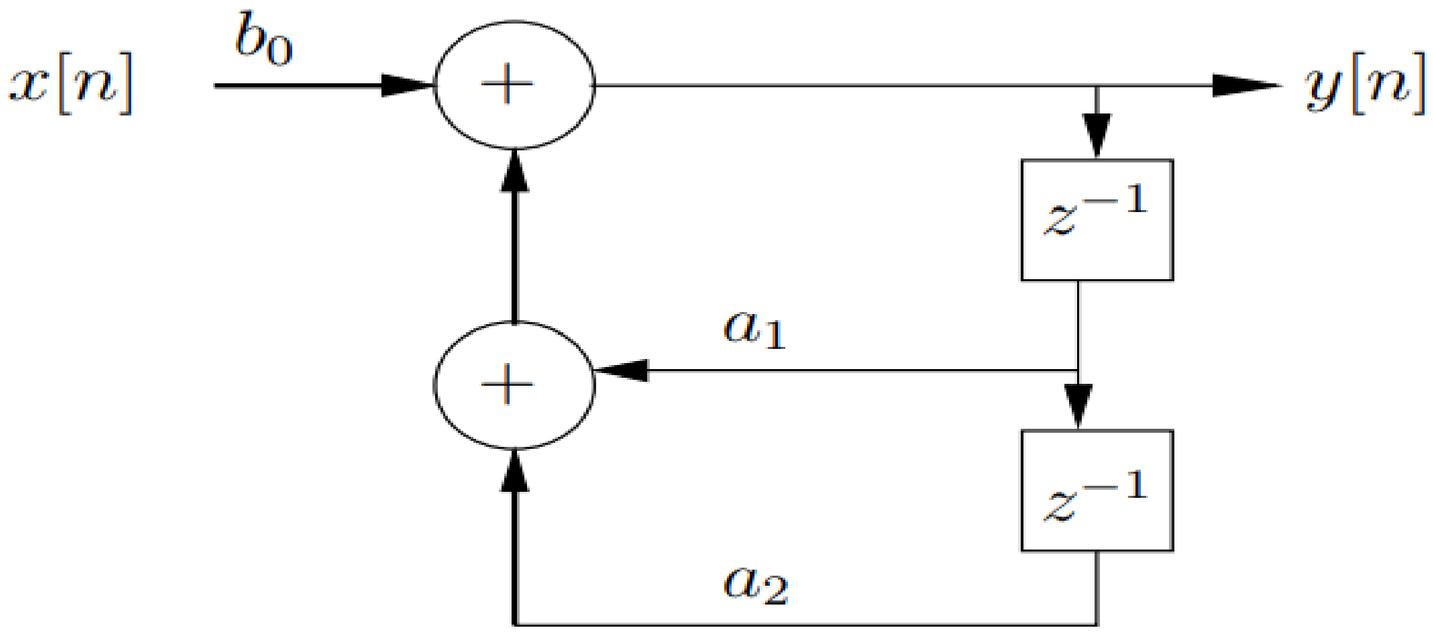
$$H(z) = 1/\ 1- a\ z^{-1}$$



# BLOCK DIAGRAM REPRESENTATION

$$y[n] = a_1 y[n-1] + a_2 y[n-2] + b_0 x[n]$$



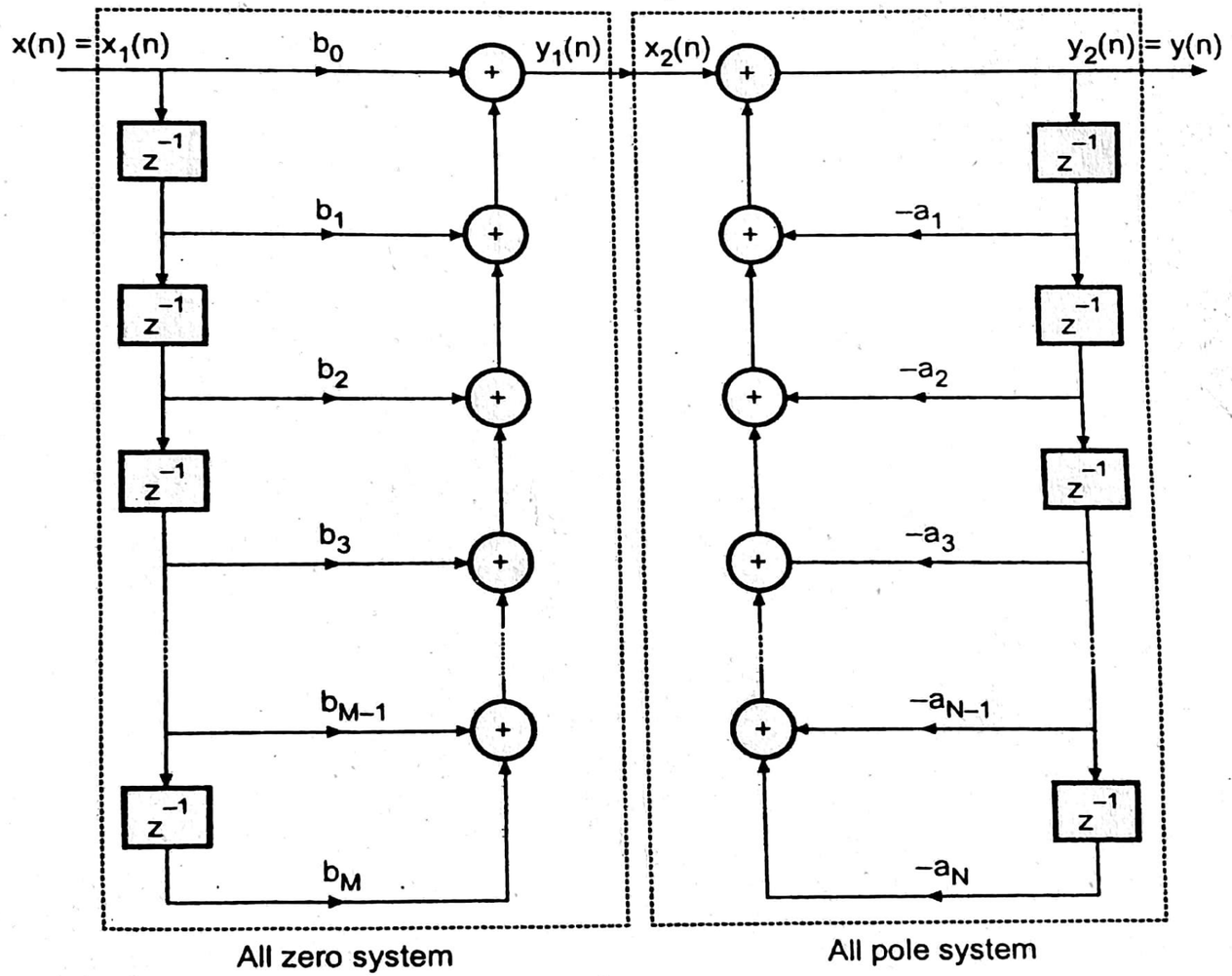
# GENERAL DIRECT FORM I

$$H(z) = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k z^{-k}}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{N} a_k z^{-k}}$$

$$H_1(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k z^{-k}$$

$$H_2(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{N} a_k z^{-k}}$$

$$\therefore H(z) = H_1(z) \cdot H_2(z)$$



# DIRECT FORM II

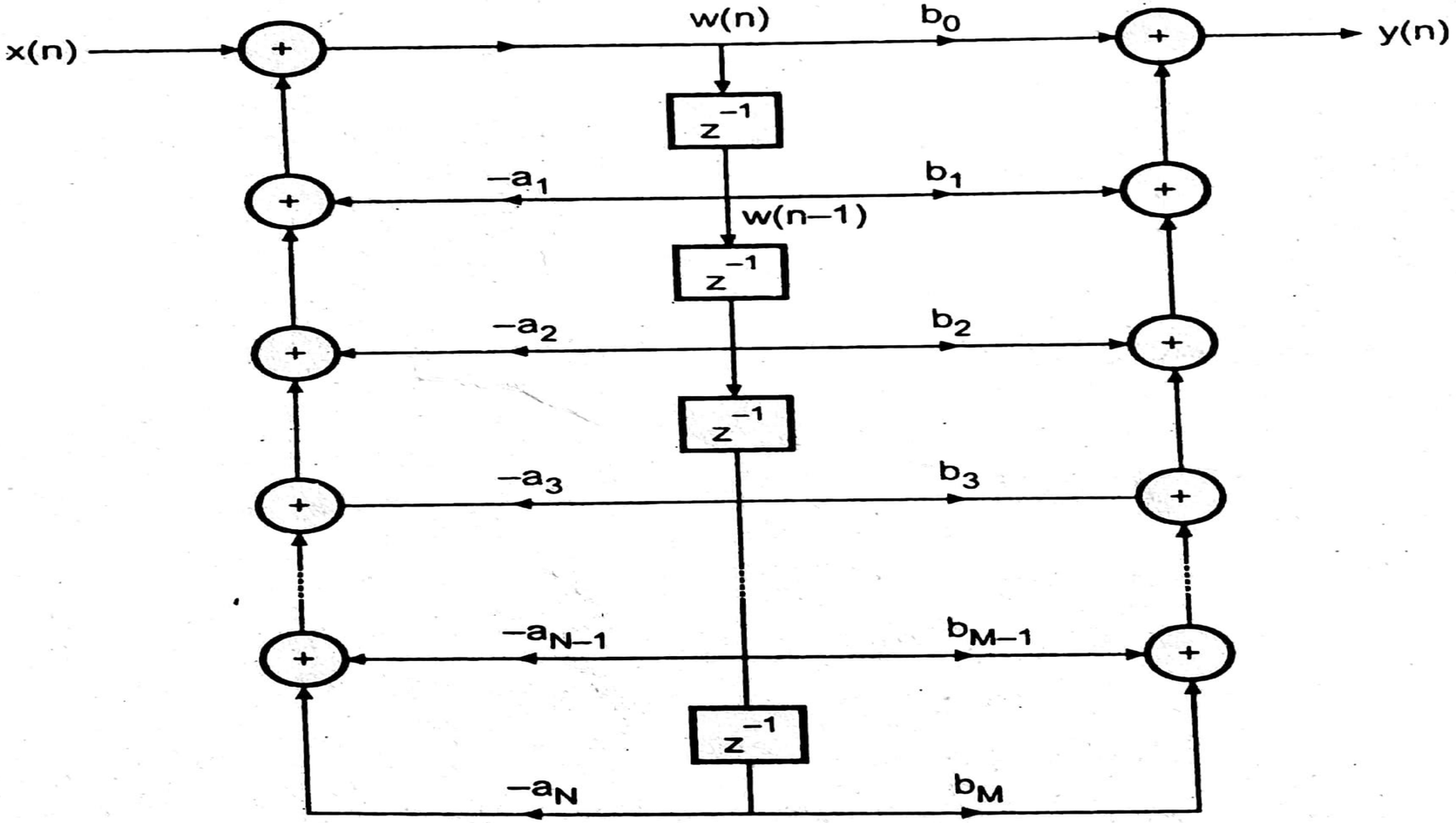
$$H(z) = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k z^{-k}}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{N} a_k z^{-k}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} \Rightarrow \frac{Y(z)}{W(z)} \cdot \frac{W(z)}{X(z)} \Rightarrow \frac{W(z)}{X(z)} \cdot \frac{Y(z)}{W(z)}$$

$$H_1(z) = \frac{W(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{1}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{N} a_k z^{-k}}$$

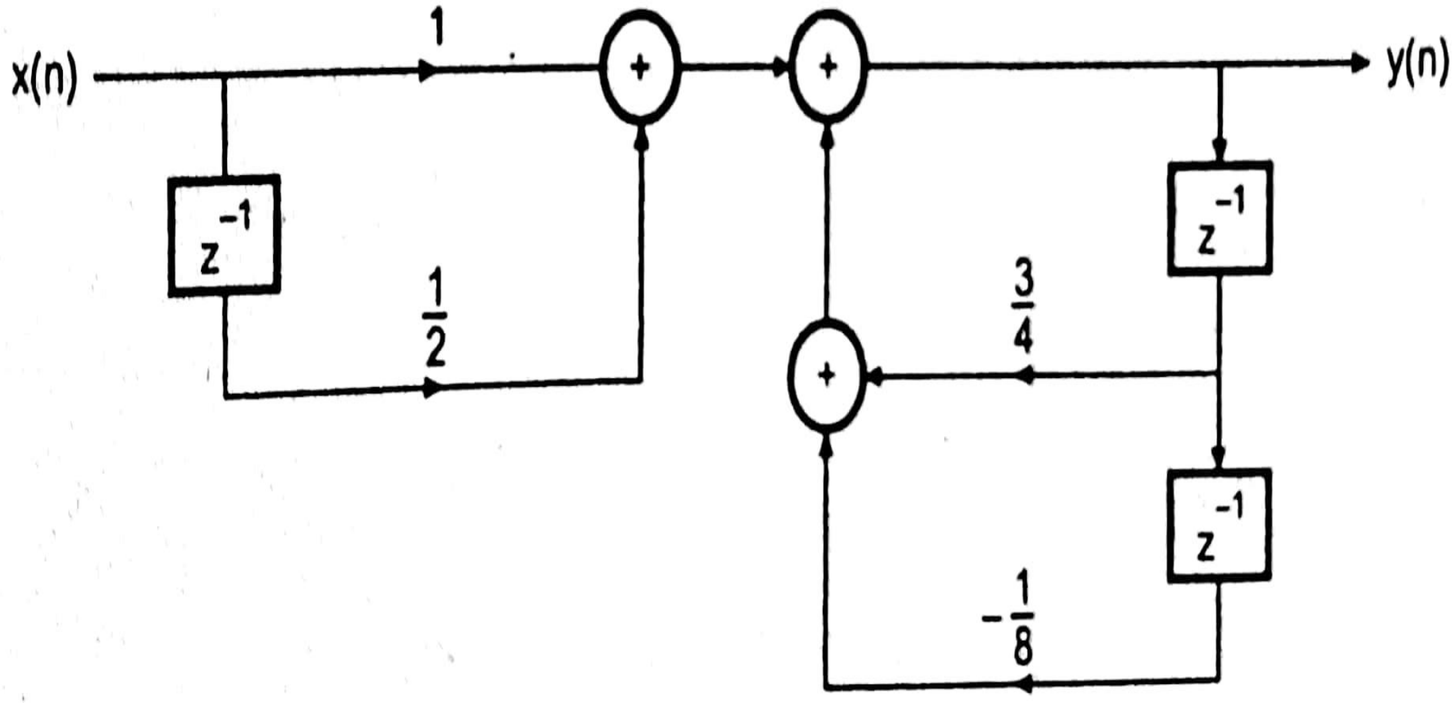
$$H_2(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{W(z)} = \sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k z^{-k}$$

# DIRECT FORM II



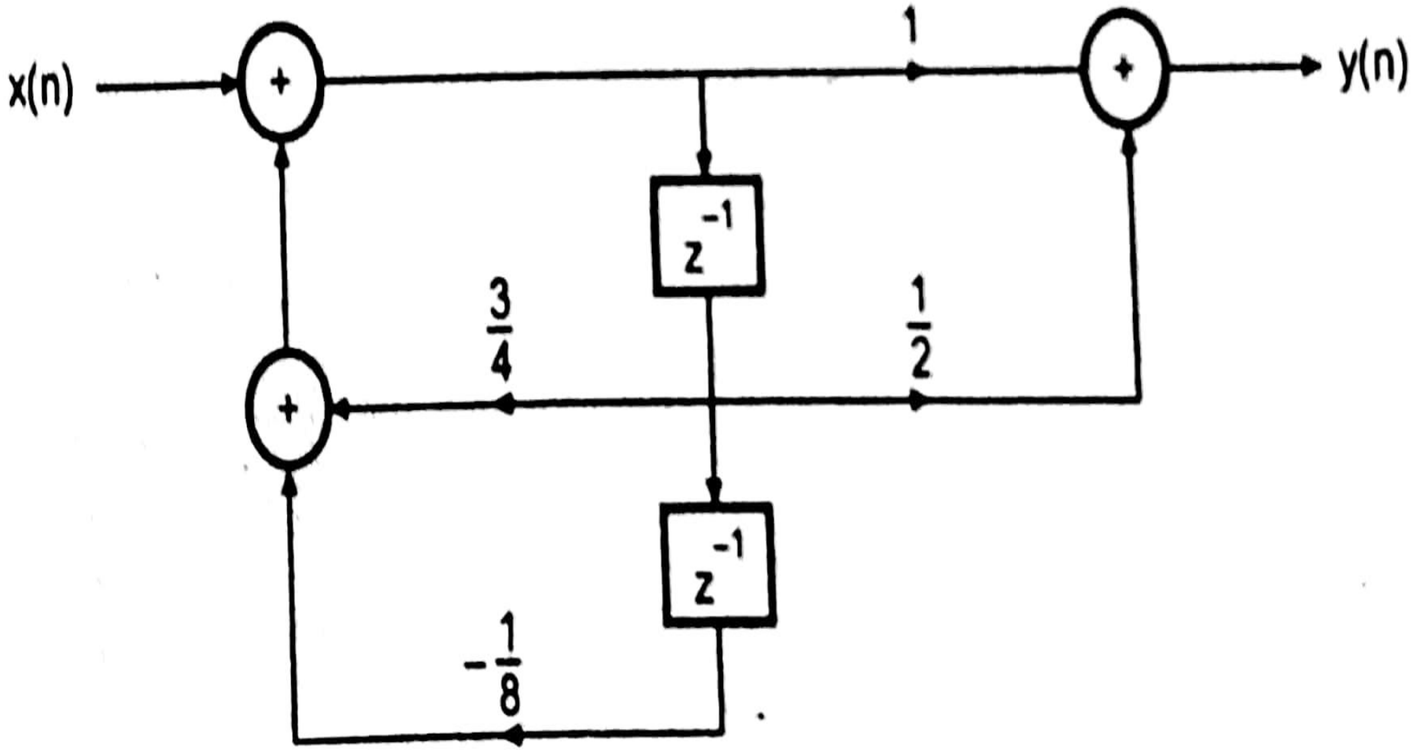
# DIRECT FORM I

$$y(n) = 3/4\ y(n-1) - 1/8\ y(n-2) + x(n) + 1/2\ x(n-1)$$



# DIRECT FORM II

$$y(n) = 3/4\ y(n-1) - 1/8\ y(n-2) + x(n) + 1/2\ x(n-1)$$



# DIRECT FORM I & II

Consider System function : Direct form I & II

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{1 - 0.75z^{-1} + 0.125z^{-2}}$$

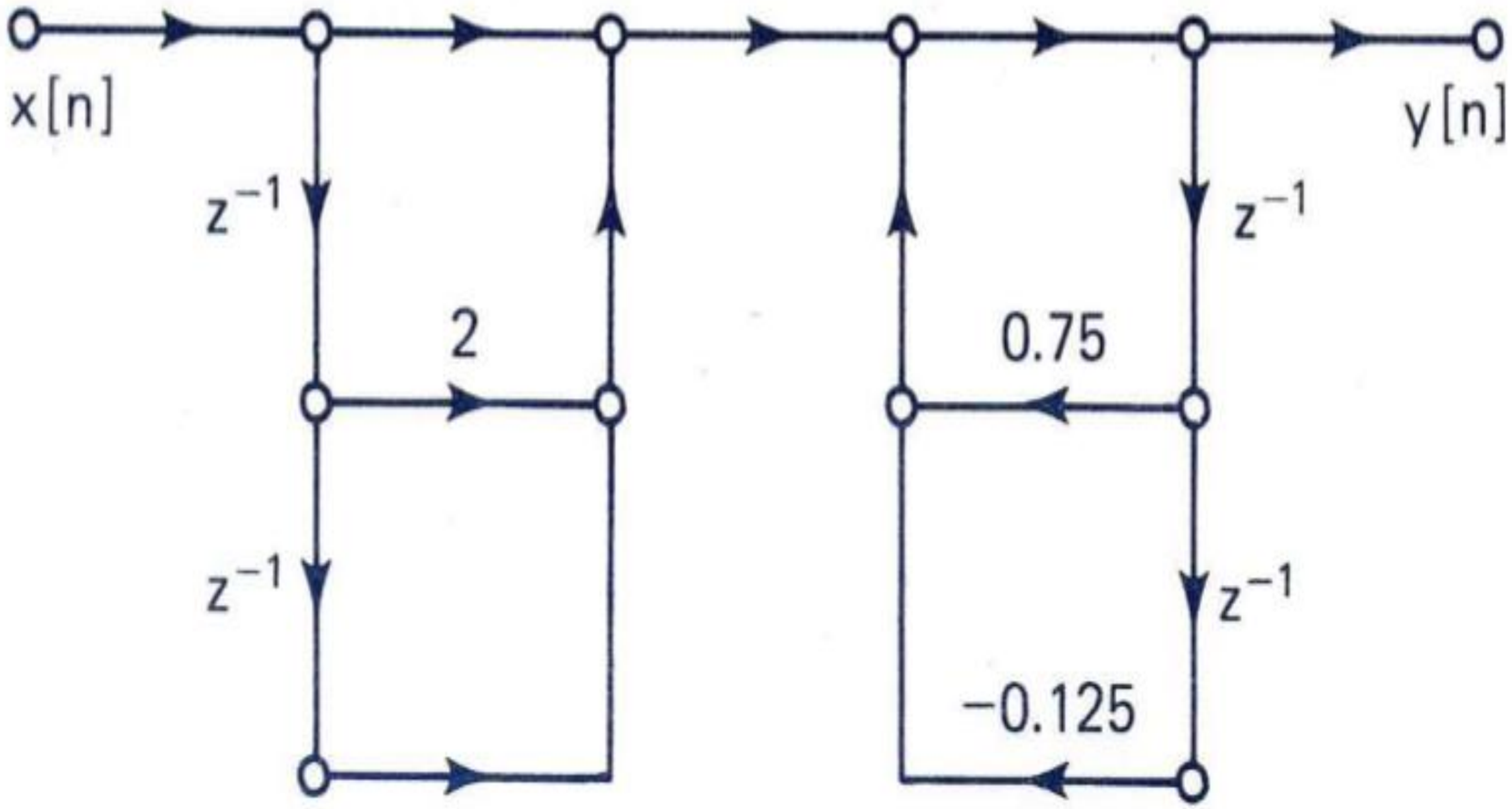
$$H(z) = \frac{y(z)}{x(z)} = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{1 - 0.75z^{-1} + 0.125z^{-2}}$$

$$x(z) + 2z^{-1}x(z) + z^{-2}x(z) = y(z) - 0.75z^{-1}y(z) + 0.125z^{-2}y(z)$$

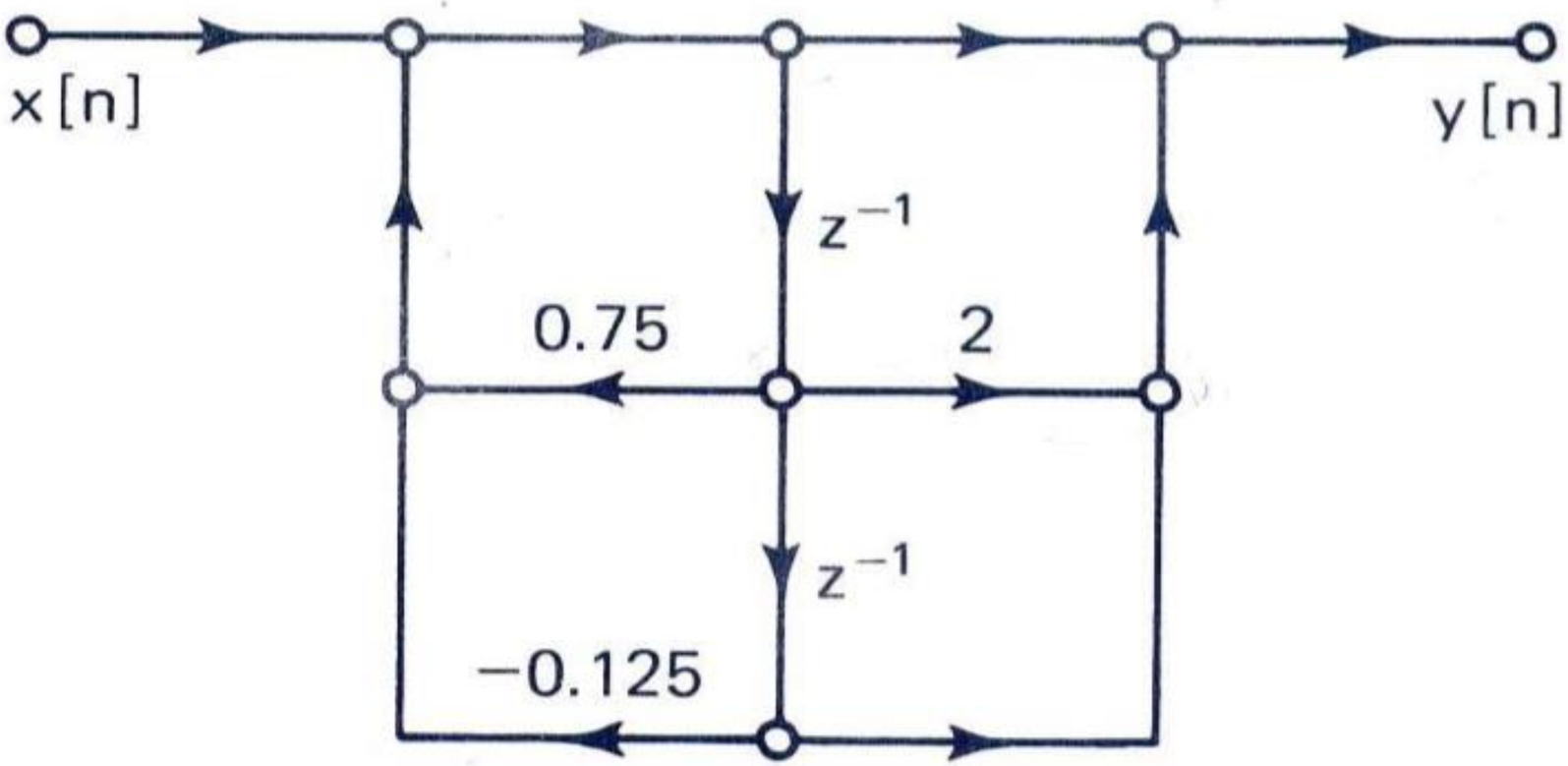
$$x(n) + 2x(n-1) + x(n-2) = y(n) - 0.75y(n-1) + 0.125y(n-2)$$

$$y(n) = x(n) + 2x(n-1) + x(n-2) + 0.75y(n-1) - 0.125y(n-2)$$

# DIRECT FORM I



# DIRECT FORM II



# CASCADE & PARALLEL FORM

Cascade form :-

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{1 - 0.75z^{-1} + 0.125z^{-2}}$$

$$= \frac{(1+z^{-1})(1+z^{-1})}{(1-0.5z^{-1})(1-0.25z^{-1})}$$

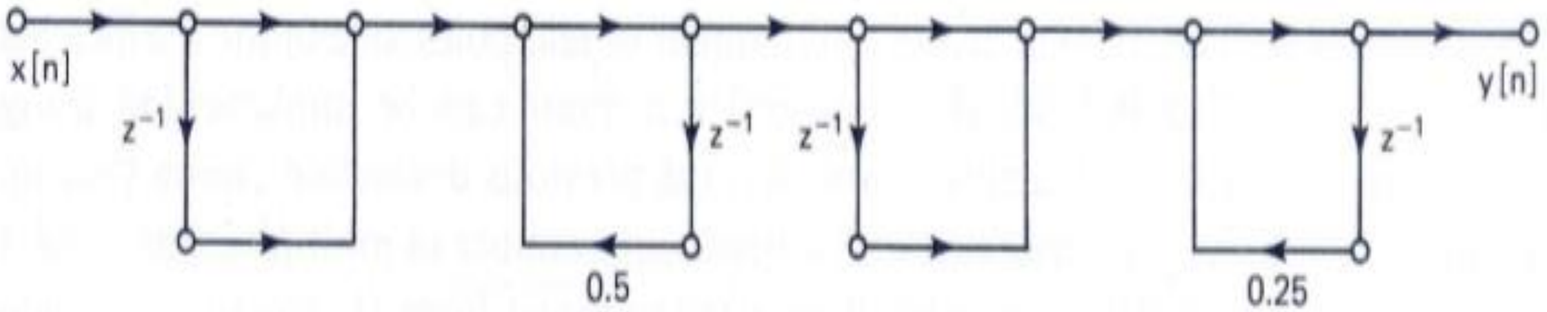
Parallel form :-

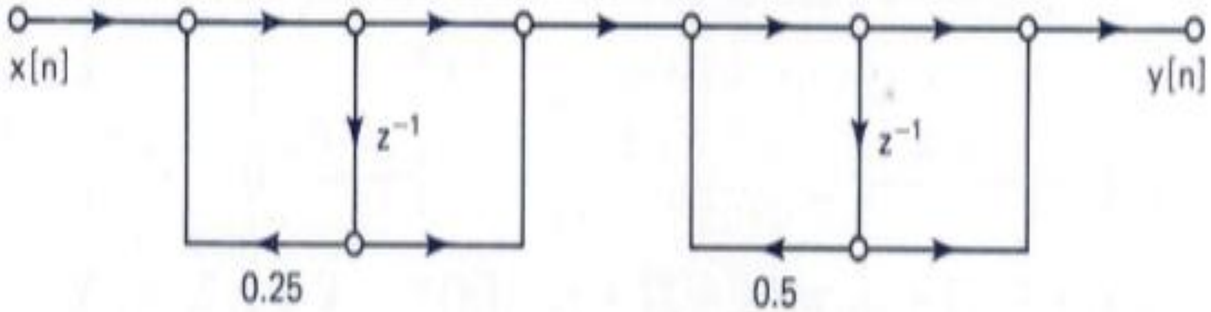
$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{1 - 0.75z^{-1} + 0.125z^{-2}}$$

$$= 8 + \frac{-7 + 8z^{-1}}{1 - 0.75z^{-1} + 0.125z^{-2}}$$

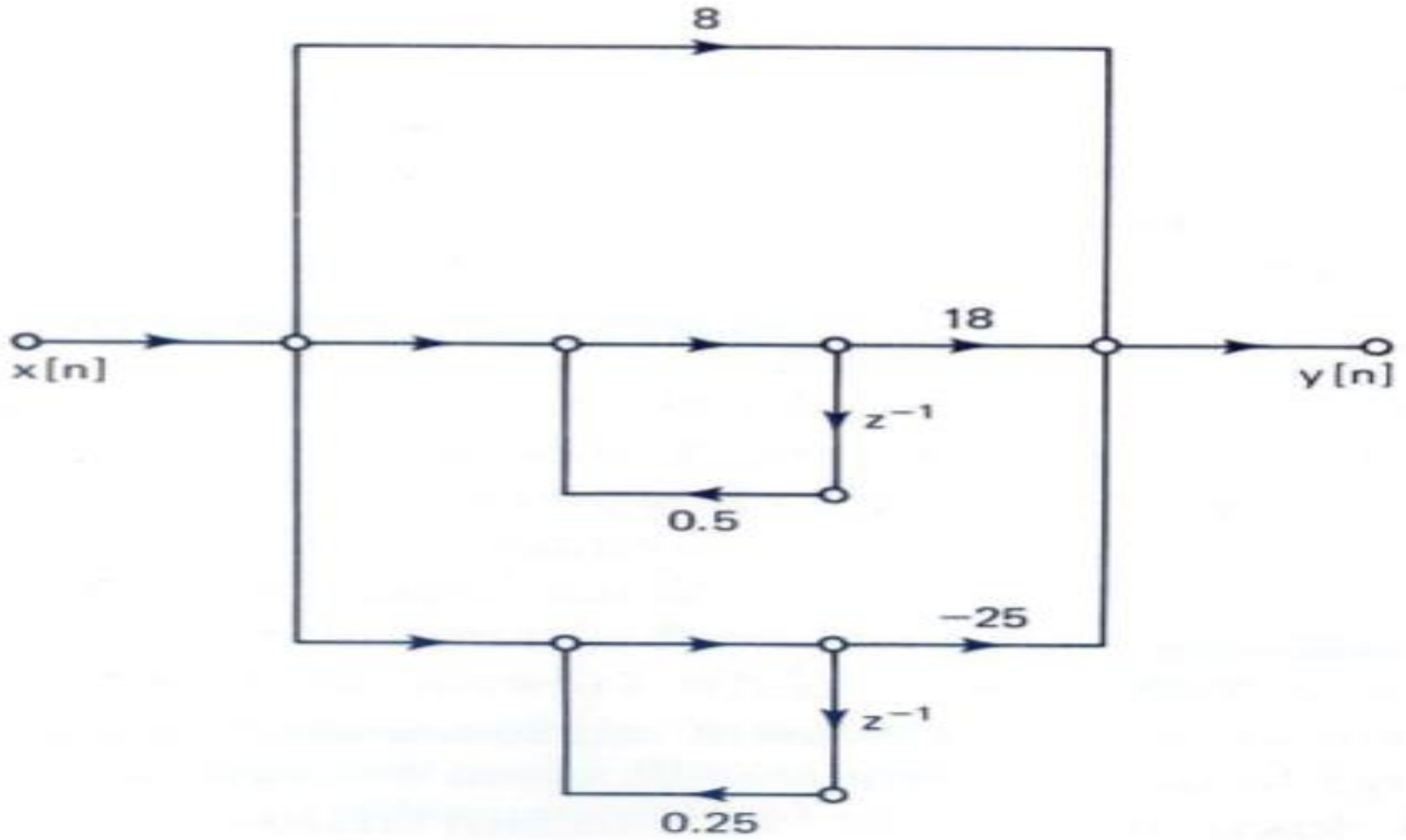
$$= 8 + \frac{18}{1-0.5z^{-1}} - \frac{25}{1-0.25z^{-1}}$$

# CASCADE FORM



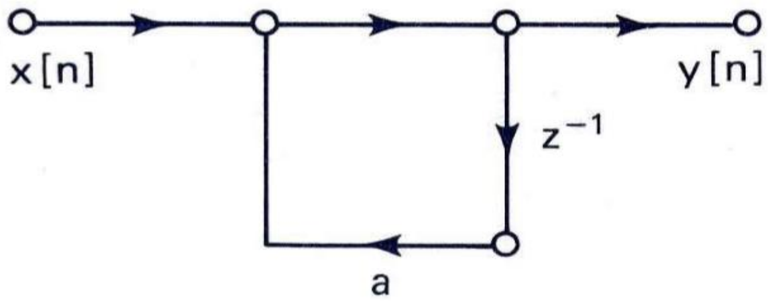



# PARALLEL FORM



# ASSESSMENT

1. Define block diagram.
2. Mention the structures to represent  block diagram.
3. The system transfer function of LTI DT system is ----------
4. List the summary of elementary blocks to represent discrete time systems.
5. Identify the difference equation:



# THANK YOU