

### **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY An Autonomous Institution Coimbatore-35**

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# **DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING 19ECB212 – DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING**

II YEAR/ IV SEMESTER

**UNIT 1 – DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM** 

**TOPIC – FFT – DECIMATION IN FREQUENCY** 





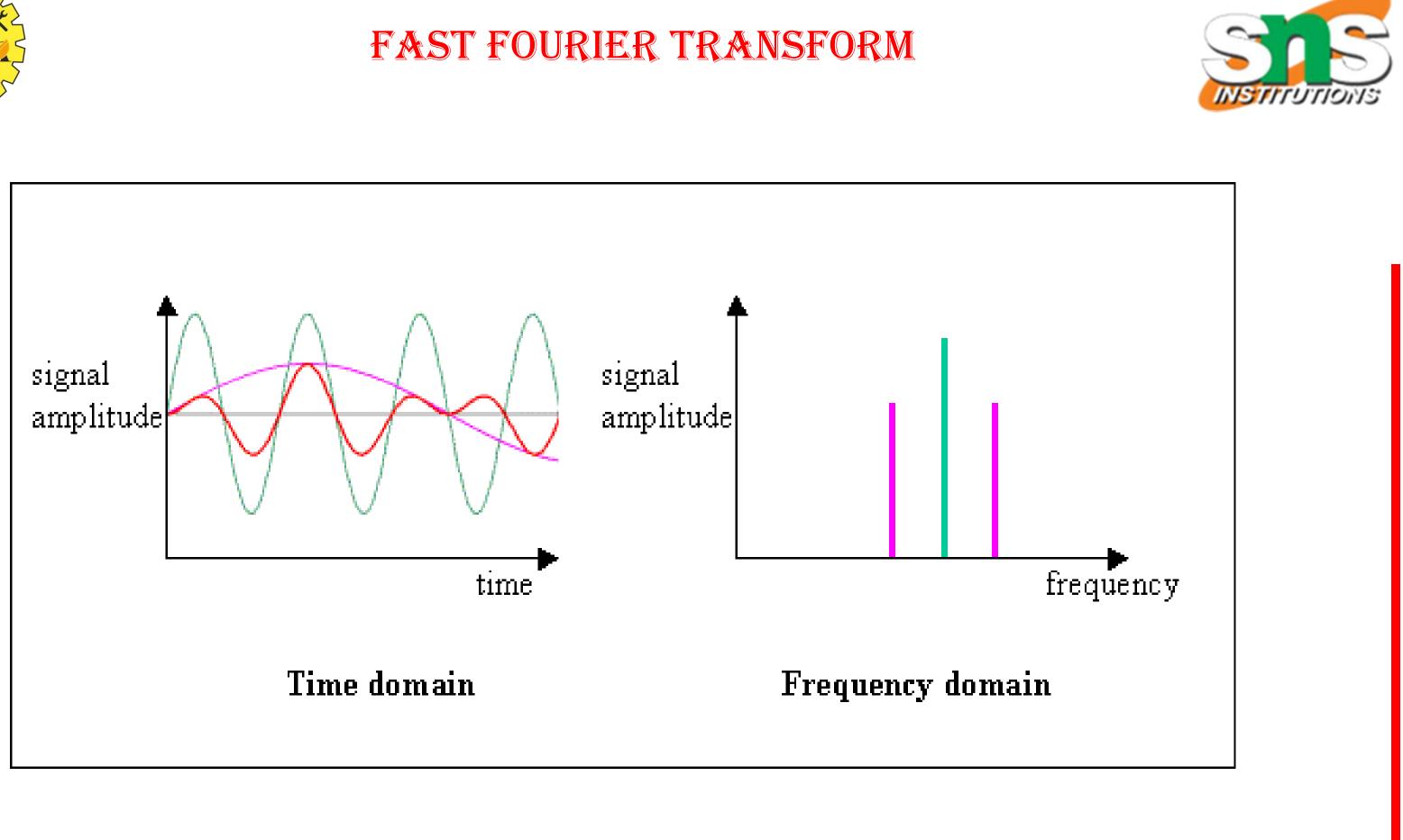
### FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM

- The Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) is a family of algorithms that  $\bullet$ calculates efficiently the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT)
- The DFT is also a sequence, X[k] lacksquare
- This efficiency of the FFT is at a maximum when the length of the ulletsequence is a power of 2, i.e.,  $N=2^{p}$ , with p is a positive integer
- The complexity of FFT algorithms is  $O(Nlog_2N)$ . ullet







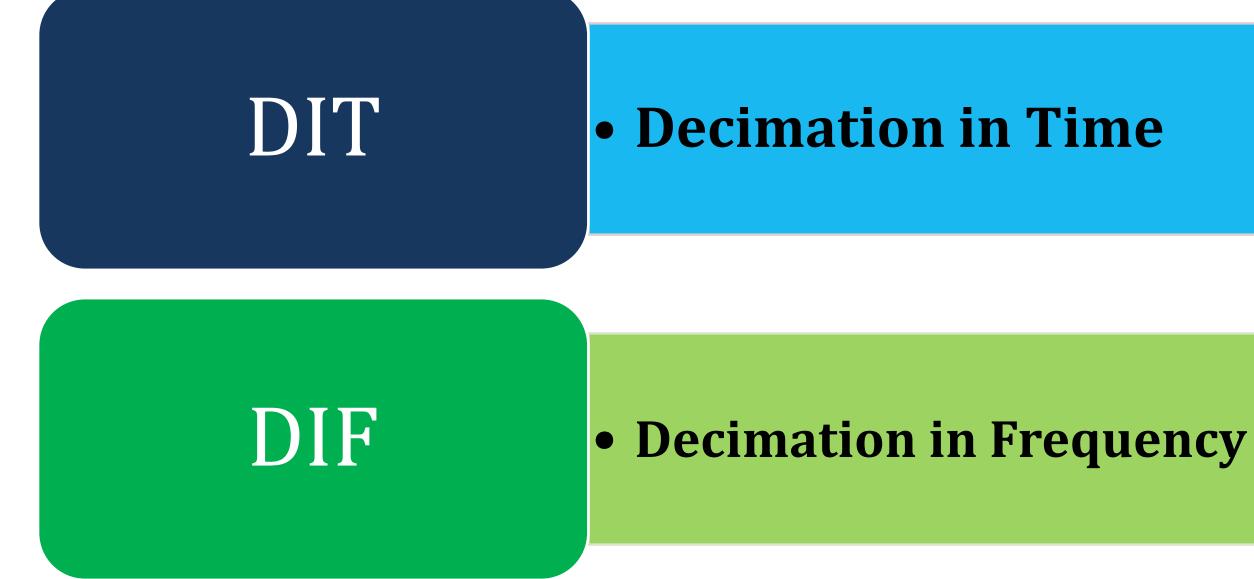


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### METHODS OF FFT



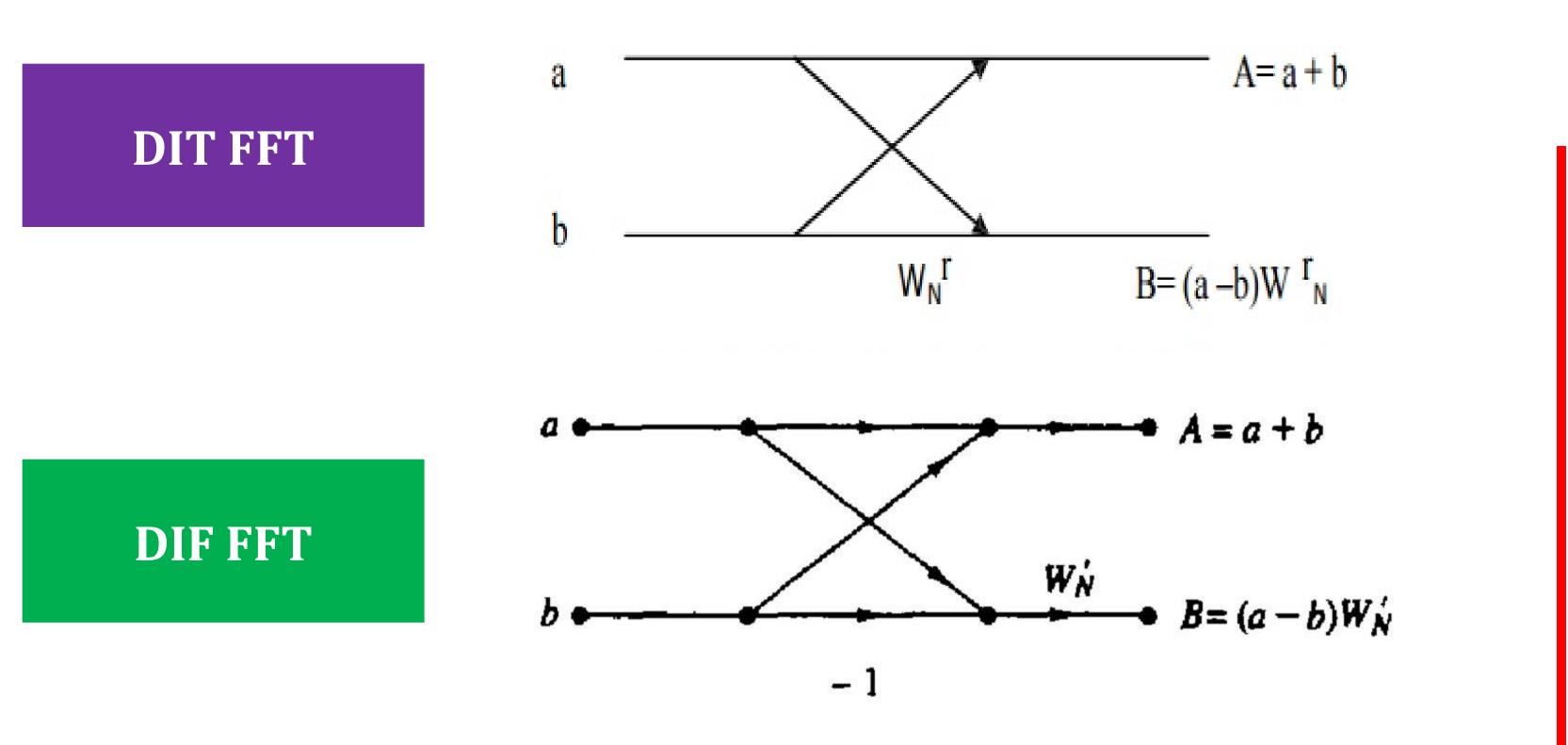
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RADIX 2 DIT & DIF FFT



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### INPUT SEQUENCE ORDER

Original	Binary Form	Reversed Form	Final
0	000	000	0
1	001	100	4
2	010	010	2
3	011	110	6
4	100	001	1
5	101	101	5
6	110	011	3
7	111	111	7







### **COMPLEX MULTIPLICATIONS**

- Each inner product requires N complex multiplications
- There are N inner products
- *Hence we require* N<sup>2</sup> *multiplications*
- However, the first row and first column are all 1s, and should not be counted as multiplications
- *There are 2N –1 such instances*
- Hence, the number of complex multiplications is  $N^2-2N+1$ , i.e.,  $(N-1)^2$







### **COMPLEX & DDITIONS**

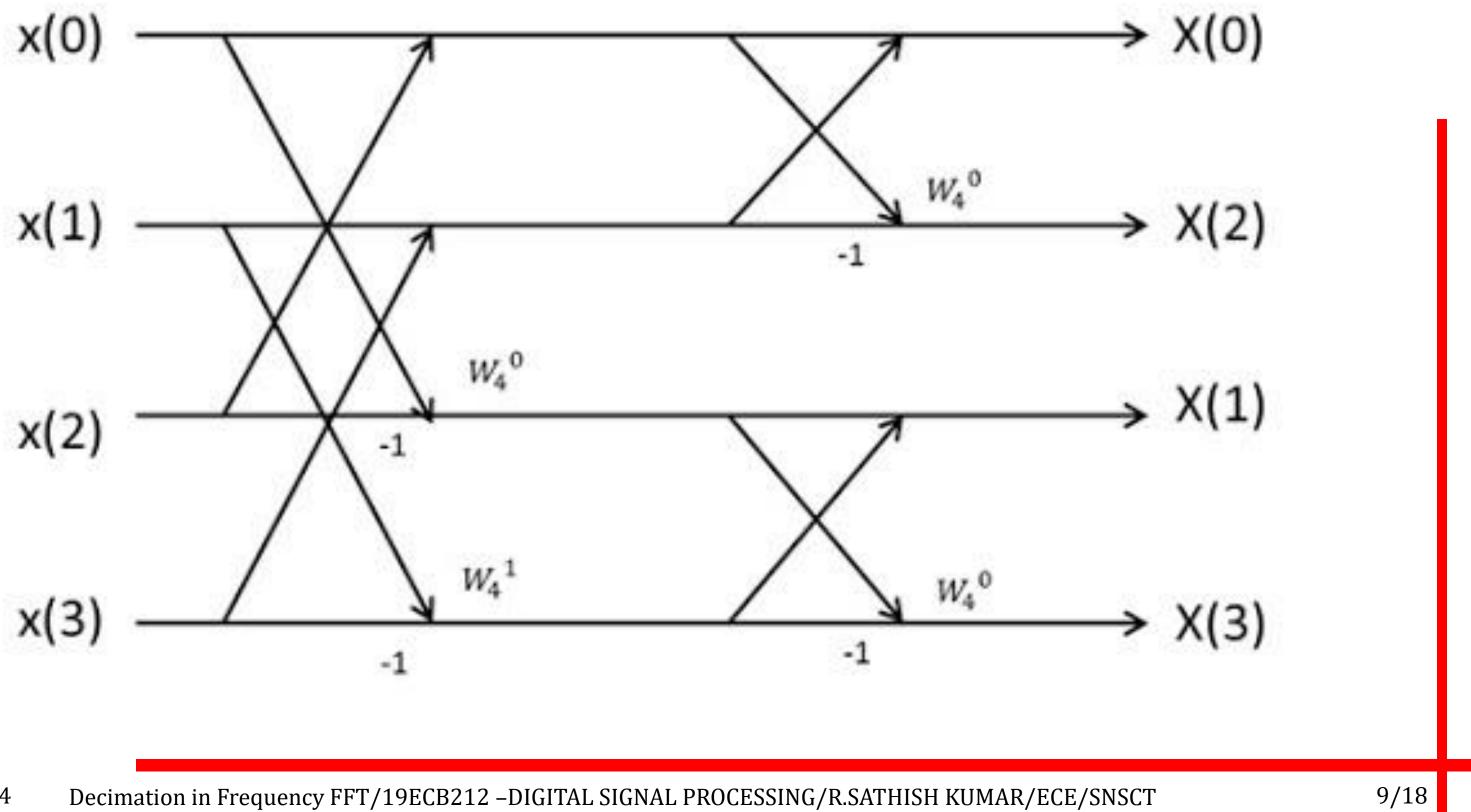
- Each inner product requires N –1 complex additions
- There are N inner products
- *Hence we require N(N 1) complex additions*
- No. of complex multiplications:  $(N-1)^2$
- No. of complex additions: N(N -1)







### **4 POINT DECIMATION IN FREQUENCY FFT**



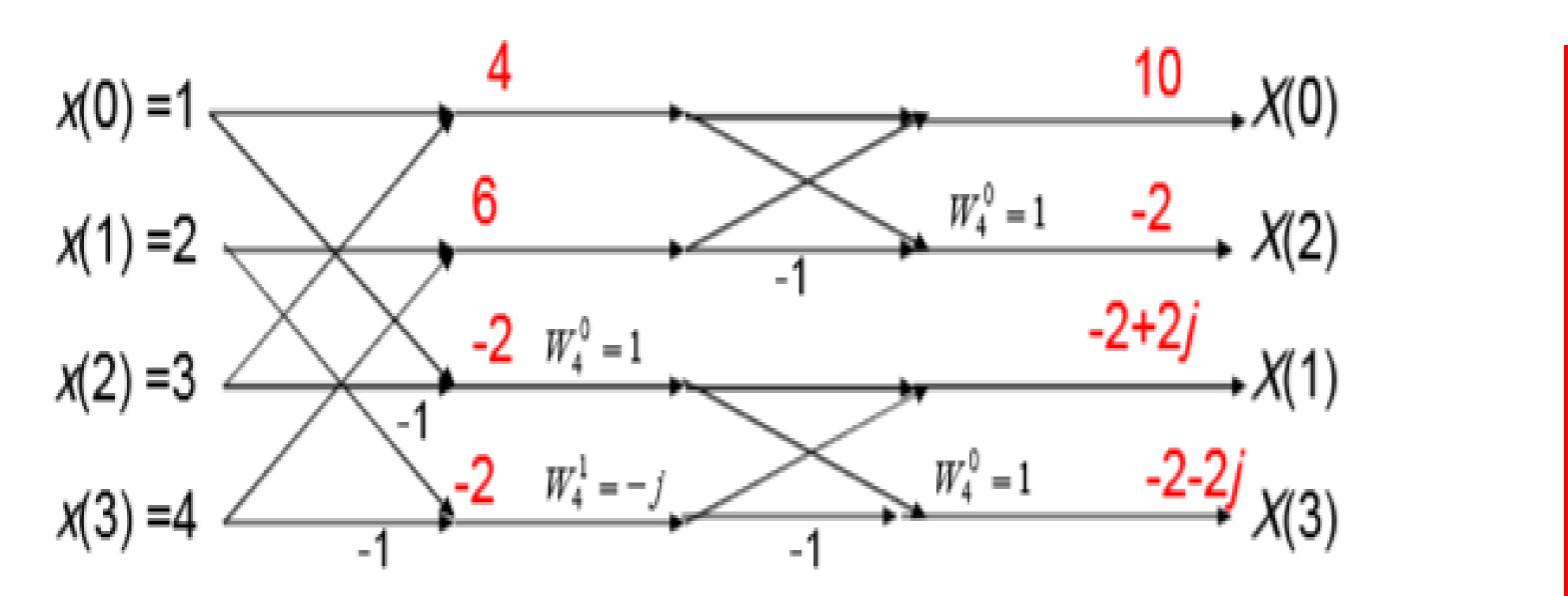
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**DECIMATION IN FREQUENCY** 

## Given x(n)={1,2,3,4}, find X[k] using 4 Point DIF FFT algorithm



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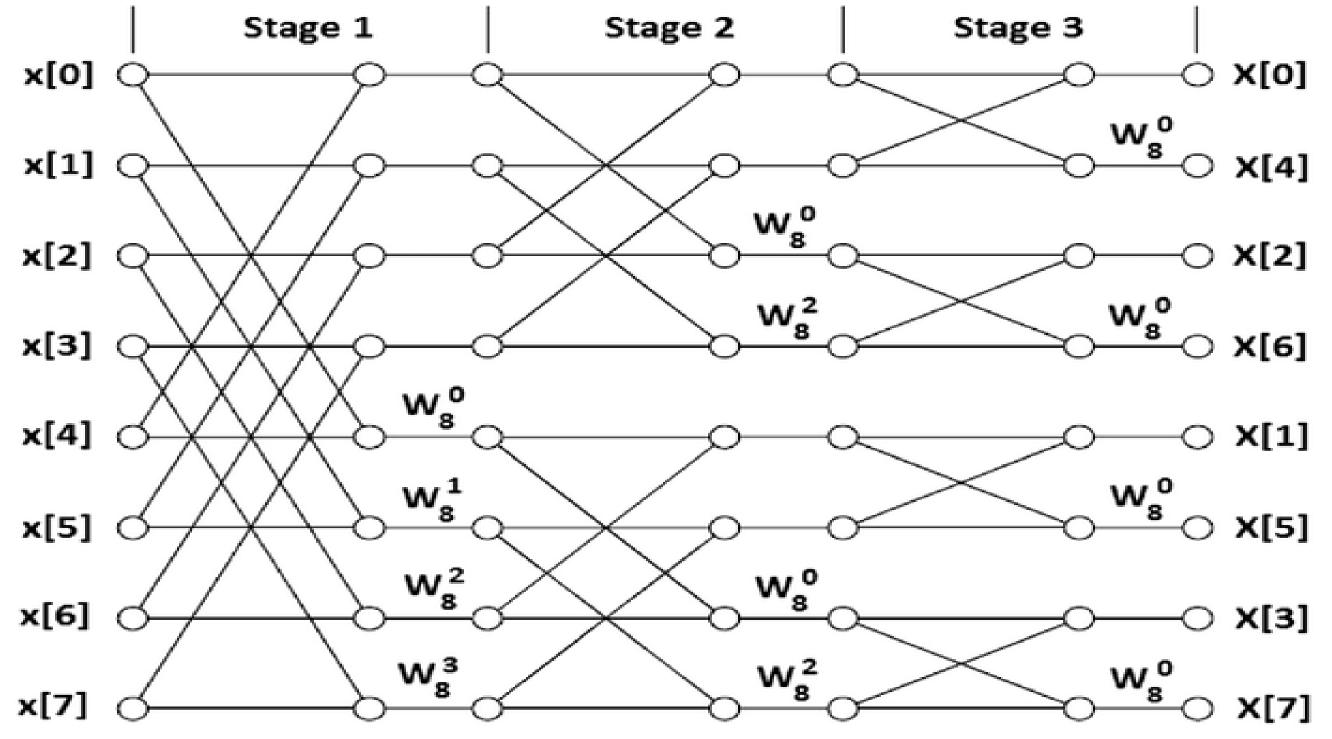
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### **S POINT DECIMATION IN FREQUENCY FFT**



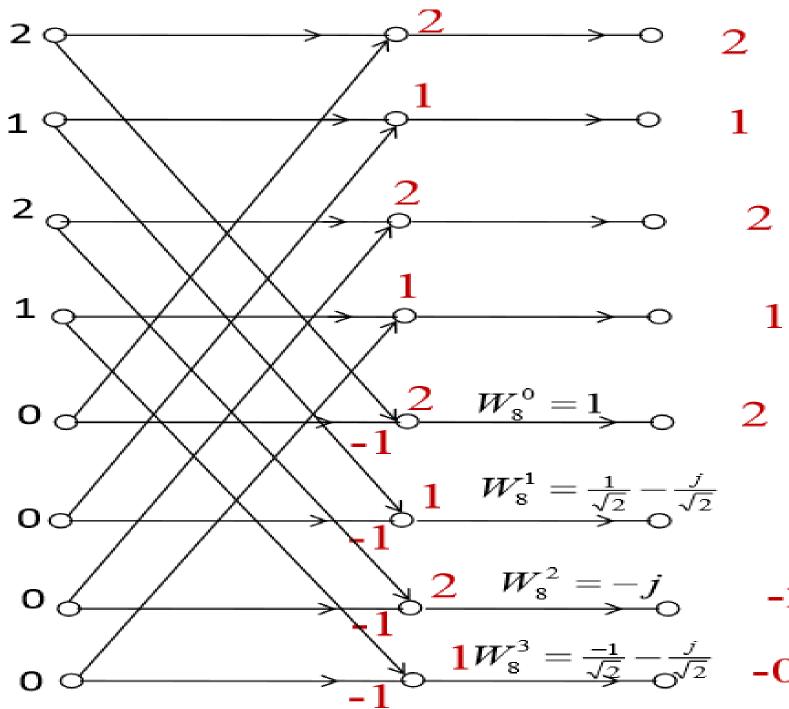
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### DECIMATION IN FREQUENCY - STAGE 1

Find 8-point DFT of a sequence  $x(n) = \{2, 1, 2, 1\}$  using DIF FFT algorithm



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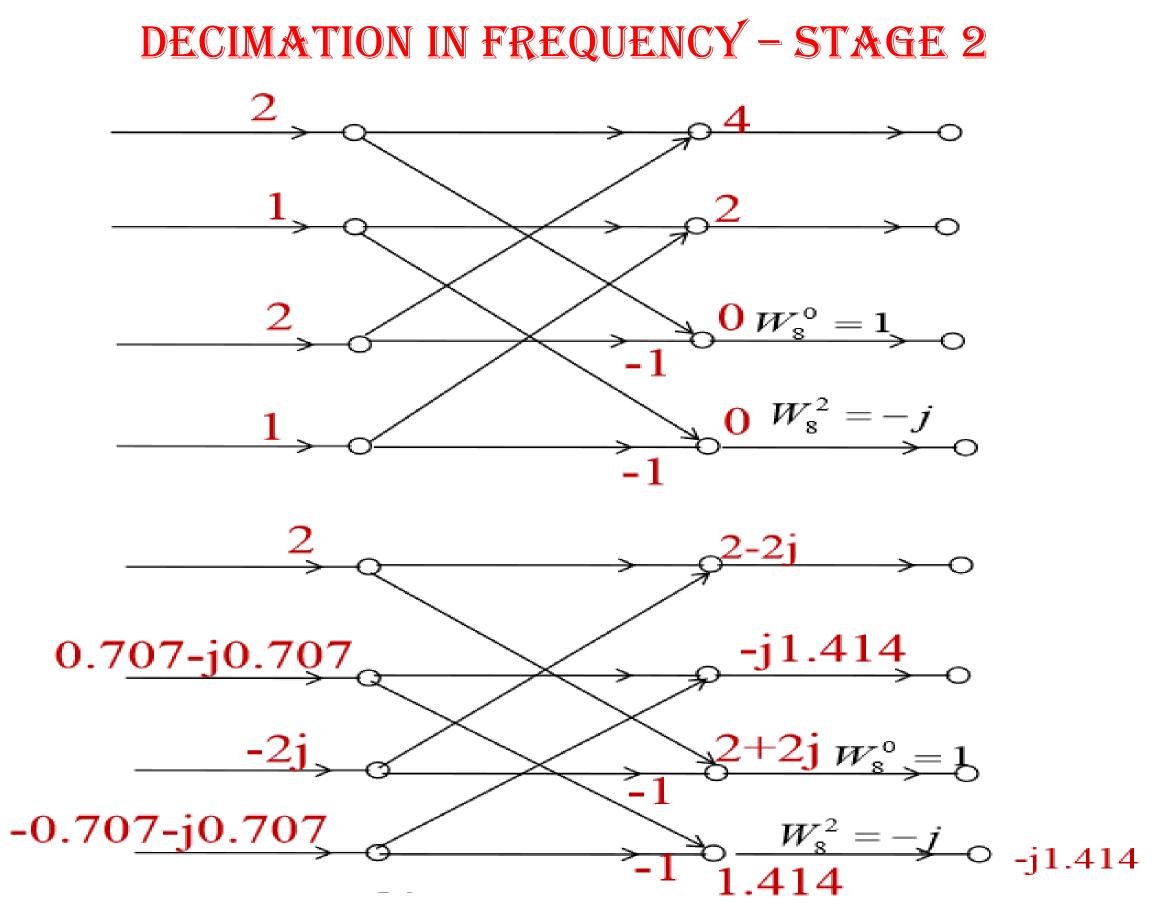
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# 0.707-j0.707 -2j -0.707-j0.707



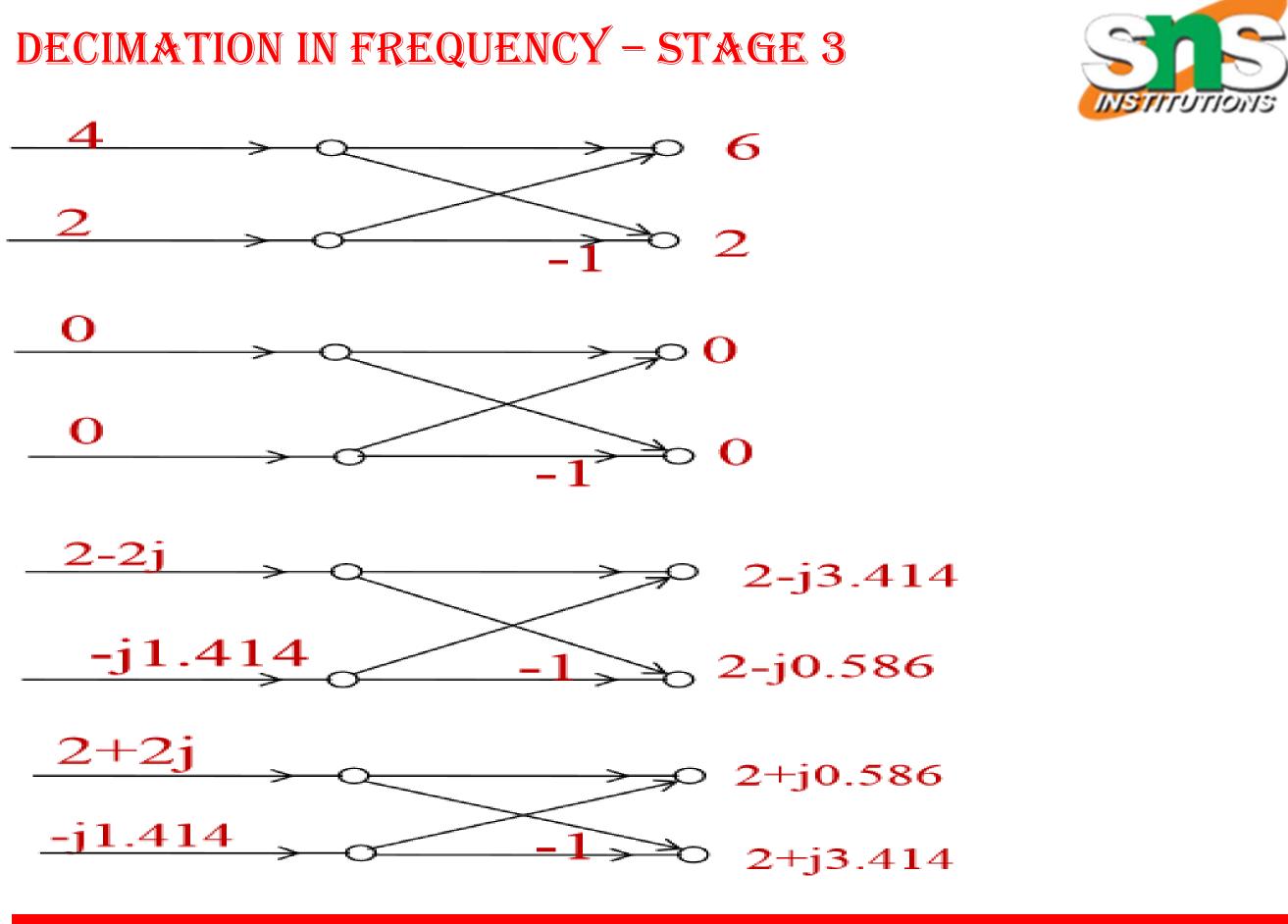


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### DIFFERENCE B/W DIT & DIF FFT

S.No.	<b>Decimation in Time FFT</b>	Decim
1	DITFFT algorithms are based upon decomposition of the input sequence into smaller and smaller sub sequences.	
2	In this input sequence x(n) is splitted into even and odd numbered samples	In this considered odd numb
3	Splitting operation is done on time domain sequence.	Splitting frequency
4	In DIT FFT input sequence is in bit reversed order while the output sequence is in natural order.	





### nation in Frequency FFT

algorithms are based upon osition of the output sequence ller and smaller sub sequences.

output sequence X(k) is ed to be splitted into even and bered samples

operation is done on y domain sequence.

T, input sequence is in natural nd DFT should be read in bit order.



### **APPLICATIONS OF FAST FOURIER** TRANSFORM

- The Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) is most widely used in Signal **Processing Algorithms**
- Spectrum Analysis Used for analysing and detecting Signals lacksquare
- Coding: Audio and Speech Signals are often coded in the frequency lacksquaredomain using FFT Variants(MP3,...)
- Another recent application is in a modulation scheme called digital • radio (audio) broadcasting
- Background noise reduction for mobile telephony, Speech and audio  $\bullet$ signals is implemented in the frequency domain using FFTs







### ASSESSMENT

- **Define Fast Fourier Transform** 1.
- In Decimation in Frequency, Input is given to ------ order and Output is 2. generated as ----- order.
- Define Radix 2 DIF FFT. 3.
- List the applications of FFT. 4.
- 5. Determine DIF of  $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
- What is difference between DIT and DIF FFT. 6.







# THANK YOU

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