Regression

Regression is a mathematical measure of the avg. relationship b/w two or more variables.

Lines of Regression:

1]. The line of regression of y on x:

$$y - \bar{y} = b_{yx}(x - \bar{x})$$

where $b_{yx} = \dfrac{\Sigma (x-\bar{x})(y-\bar{y})}{\Sigma (x-\bar{x})^2}$ (or) $b_{yx} = r\dfrac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x}$

2]. The line of regression of x on y:

$$x - \bar{x} = b_{xy}(y - \bar{y})$$

where $b_{xy} = \dfrac{\Sigma (x-\bar{x})(y-\bar{y})}{\Sigma (y-\bar{y})^2}$ (or) $b_{xy} = r\dfrac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_y}$

Regression co-efficient:

i). Regression co-efficient of y on x

$$b_{yx} = r\frac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x}$$

ii) Regression co-efficient of x on y

$$b_{xy} = r\frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_y}$$

Correlation coefficient:

$$r = \pm\sqrt{b_{xy} \cdot b_{yx}}$$

Angle b/w two lines of regression

$$\tan\theta = \left(\frac{1-r^2}{r}\right)\left(\frac{\sigma_x \cdot \sigma_y}{\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2}\right)$$

1. From the following data, find
   i). two regression eqns.
   ii). the co-efficient of correlation b/w the marks in economics and statistics.
   iii). the most likely marks in statistics when marks in economics are 30.

Marks in Economics :	25	28	35	32	31	36	29	38	34	32
Marks in Statistics :	43	46	49	41	36	32	31	30	33	39

Soln.

Here $\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma x}{n} = \frac{320}{10} = 32$

$\bar{y} = \frac{\Sigma y}{n} = \frac{380}{10} = 38$

x	y	$x-\bar{x}$ $x-32$	$y-\bar{y}$ $y-38$	$(x-\bar{x})^2$	$(y-\bar{y})^2$	$(x-\bar{x})(y-\bar{y})$
25	43	−7	5	49	25	−35
28	46	−4	8	16	64	−32
35	49	3	11	9	121	33
32	41	0	3	0	9	0
31	36	−1	−2	1	4	2
36	32	4	−6	16	36	−24
29	31	−3	−7	9	49	21
38	30	6	−8	36	64	−48
34	33	2	−5	4	25	−10
32	39	0	1	0	1	0
$\Sigma x=$ 320	$\Sigma y=$ 380	$\Sigma(x-\bar{x})=$ 0	$\Sigma(y-\bar{y})$ 0	$\Sigma(x-\bar{x})^2$ 140	$\Sigma(y-\bar{y})^2$ 398	$\Sigma(x-\bar{x})(y-$ −93

$$b_{yx} = \frac{\Sigma(x-\bar{x})(y-\bar{y})}{\Sigma(x-\bar{x})^2} = \frac{-93}{140} = -0.664$$

$$b_{xy} = \frac{\Sigma(x-\bar{x})(y-\bar{y})}{\Sigma(y-\bar{y})^2} = \frac{-93}{398} = -0.2336$$

i). Eqn. of line of regression of y on x is,

$$y-\bar{y} = b_{yx}(x-\bar{x})$$

$$y-38 = (-0.664)(x-32)$$

$$= -0.664x + 21.248$$

$$y = -0.664x + 21.248 + 38$$

$$y = -0.664x + 59.248$$

ii) Eqn. of line of regression of x on y is,

$$x-\bar{x} = b_{xy}(y-\bar{y})$$

$$x-32 = (-0.2336)(y-38)$$

$$x = 32 - 0.2336y + 8.8768$$

$$x = -0.2336y + 40.8768$$

ii). $r = \pm\sqrt{b_{xy} \cdot b_{yx}} = \pm\sqrt{(-0.233)(-0.664)}$

$$= \pm\sqrt{0.15478}$$

$$r = \pm 0.3934$$

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9. Two lines of regression are, $8x - 10y + 66 = 0$; $40x - 18y - 214 = 0$. The variance of x is 9. Find

i). The mean values of x and y.

ii). The correlation coefficient b/w x and y.

Soln.

Given $8x - 10y + 66 = 0$

$40x - 18y - 214 = 0$

Since both the lines of regression passes through $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$.

$$8\bar{x} - 10\bar{y} + 66 = 0 \quad \rightarrow (1)$$

$$40\bar{x} - 18\bar{y} - 214 = 0 \quad \rightarrow (2)$$

$(1) \times 5 \Rightarrow \quad 40\bar{x} - 50\bar{y} + 330 = 0$

$(2) \Rightarrow \quad 40\bar{x} - 18\bar{y} - 214 = 0$

$(-) \quad (+) \quad (+)$

$$-32\bar{y} + 544 = 0$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{544}{32}$$

$$\bar{y} = 17$$

Subs $\bar{y} = 17$ in (1),

$$8\bar{x} - 10(17) = -66$$

$8\bar{x} = -66 + 170 = 104$

$\bar{x} = 13$

Mean values of x and y are

$\bar{x} = 13$ and $\bar{y} = 17$.

ii) from $8x - 10y + 66 = 0$

$-10y = -8x - 66$

$y = \frac{8x + 66}{10}$

$y = \frac{8}{10}x + \frac{66}{10}$, which is the line of regression of y on x.

$\therefore b_{yx} = \frac{8}{10}$

and $40x - 18y - 214 = 0$

$40x = 18y + 214$

$x = \frac{18}{40}y + \frac{214}{40}$, which is the line of regression of x on y.

$\therefore b_{xy} = \frac{18}{40}$

$\therefore$ correlation coefficient :

$r = \pm\sqrt{b_{xy} \cdot b_{yx}}$

$= \pm\sqrt{\frac{18}{40}\left(\frac{8}{10}\right)}$

$= \pm\sqrt{0.36}$

$r = \pm 0.6$

$r = 0.6$ ✗

Since both the regression coefficients are +ve, r must be +ve