BELT DRIVE



A belt is a looped strip of flexible material, used to mechanically link two or more rotating shafts.

They may be used as:

- a source of motion, 1.
- to efficiently transmit power, 2.
- 3. or to track relative movement.

Belts are looped over pulleys.

In a two pulley system,

- 4. the belt can either drive the pulleys in the same direction,
- or the belt may be crossed, so that the direction of the shafts is opposite. 5.





OPEN BELT DRIVE









PROBLEM (2 MARKS)

Q1:

Following are the details of a crossed belt drive. Calculate the length of the belt?

Diameter of the driver : Diameter of the follower Center distance of the drive Speed of the driver : Angle of contact : Determine the length of the belt. 200 mm : 400 mm : 2m 400 rpm 197.3

Solution:

D1 = 200 mm D2= 400 mm C = 2m N1 = 400 rpm Length of the belt = L =2C+ Π / 2 (D1+ D2) + (D1+ D2) / 4C = (2x2) + Π / 2 (0.2+ 0.4) + (0.2+ 0.4) / 4x2 = 4.99 m





Belts on a Yanmar 2GM20 marine diesel engine









CROSSED BELT DRIVE







TYPES OF BELT DRIVES





FLAT BELT DRIVE









VBELT DRIVE









TIMING BELT DRIVE





BELTS/MD/ABOOBUCKER PARVEZ Y/AGRI/SNSCT







WHEN SHOULD MEUSE BELT DRIVES?







Advantages of belt drive

- They are simple. They are economical.
- Parallel shafts are not required. 2.
- **Overload** and jam protection are provided. 3.
- Noise and vibration are damped out. Machinery life is prolonged 4. because load fluctuations are cushioned (shock-absorbed).
- They are lubrication-free. They require only low maintenance. 5.
- They are highly efficient (90–98%, usually 95%). Some 6. misalignment is tolerable.
- They are very economical when shafts are separated by large 7. distances.





Disadvantages of belt drive

- The angular-velocity ratio is not necessarily constant or equal to the 1. ratio of pulley diameters, because of belt slip and stretch.
- Heat buildup occurs. Speed is limited to usually 7000 feet per minute 2. (35 meters per second). Power transmission is limited to 370 kilowatts (500 horsepówer).
- 3.
- Operating temperatures are usually restricted to -31 to 185°F (-35) 4. to 85°C).
- Some adjustment of center distance or use of an idler pulley is 5. necessary for wear and stretch compensation.
- A means of disassembly must be provided to install endless belts. 6.







CHAIN DRIVES Roller chain and sprocket









References

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