## SNS College of Technology(Autonomous)

 Coimbatore-35

## UNIT 2 QUANTITATIVE ABILITY IV

T4: Divisibility

## Divisibility Rules: Chart

| Divisibility Rules Chart |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Divisibility by 1 | Every number is divisible by 1 . |
| Divisibility by 2 | When the last digit is $0,2,4,6$, or 8 |
| Divisibility by 3 | When the sum of digits is divisible by 3 |
| Divisibility by 4 | When the last two digits of any dividend are divisible by 4 (NOTE: Numbers having 00 as their last digits are also divisible by 4.) |
| Divisibility by 5 | When the last digit is either 0 or 5 |
| Divisibility by 6 | When the number is divisible by both 2 and 3 |
| Divisibility by 7 | When the last digit is subtracted twice from the remaining digits and gives the multiple of 7 |
| Divisibility by 8 | When the last three digits are divisible by 8(NOTE: Numbers having 000 as their last digits are also divisible by 8.) |
| Divisibility by 9 | When the sum of all digits is divisible by 9 |
| Divisibility by 10 | When the last digit is 0 |
| Divisibility by 11 | When the difference between the sums of the alternative digits is divisible by 11 |
| Divisibility by 12 | When a number is both divisible by 3 and 4 |
| Divisibility by 13 | Multiply 4 with the last digit and add this product to the remaining number. Continue till a two-digit number is found. If the 2 -digit number is divisible by 13 , the number is divisible by 13 . |

The divisibility rule for 3 asks you to find the sum of the digits. If the sum of the digits is a multiple of 3 , then the number is divisible by 3 .
$2572+5+7=14$.
14 is not a multiple of 3 .
257 is not divisible by 3 .
$3423+4+2=9$.
9 is a multiple of 3 .
342 is divisible by 3 .
To cast out 3's don't add any 3, 6 or 9's. $342 \ldots 4+2=6268$
... $2+8=10692 \ldots 2=2$

Apply the divisibility rule for 3 . If the number is divisible by 3 , write 3 . If the number is not divisible by 3 , enter $\varnothing$.


