

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution)

COIMBATORE-35

Accredited by NBA-AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with A+ Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

UNIT 2

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Modelling of Power System Components

19EET302 – Power System 1 III year / V Semester









INTRODUCTION

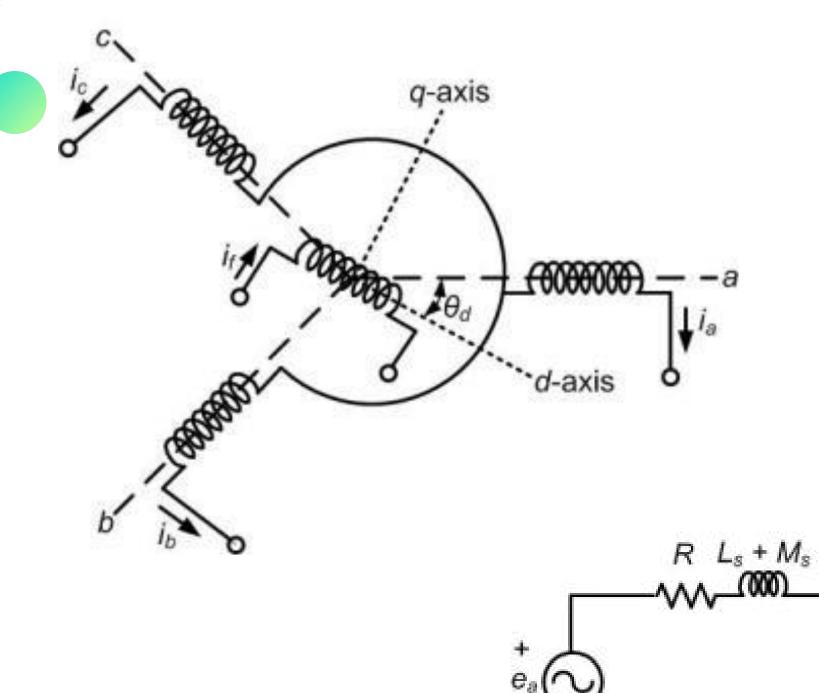
modelling of power system components

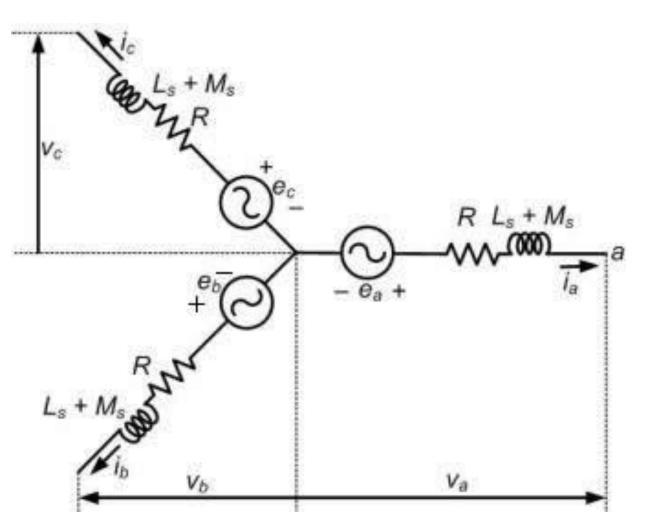
- o Generator models
- o Transformer model
- o Transmission system model
- o Load representation



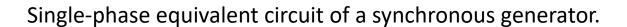
Synchronous Machine Model







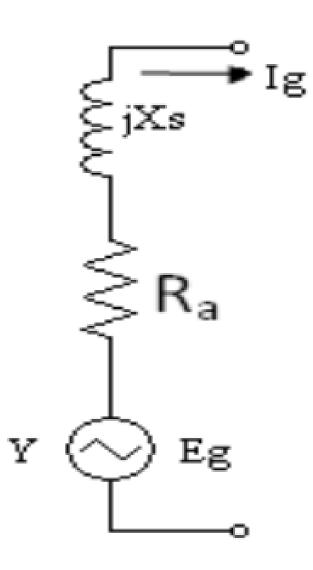
Three-phase equivalent circuit of a synchronous generator.



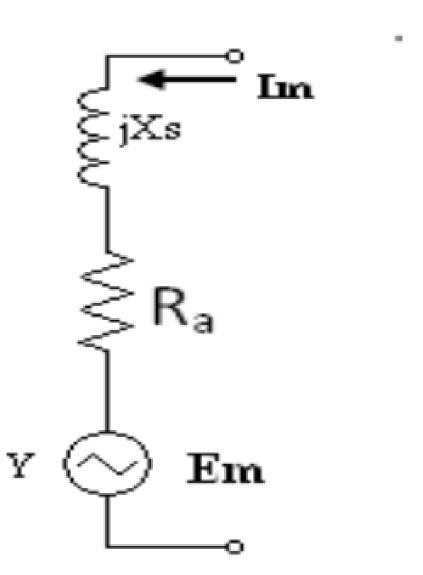


Synchronous Machine Model





1Φ equivalent circuit of generator

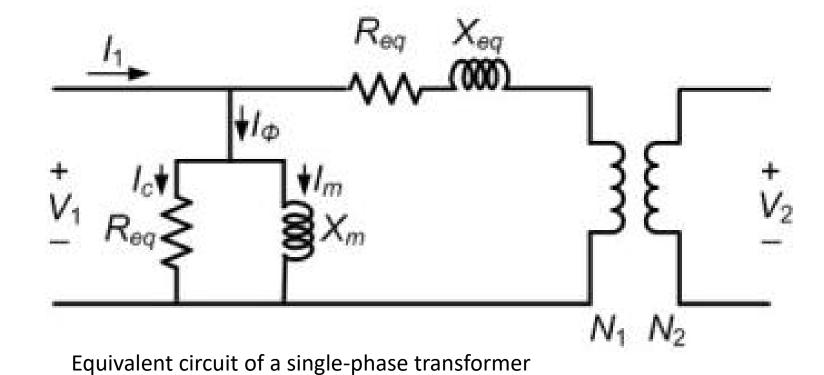


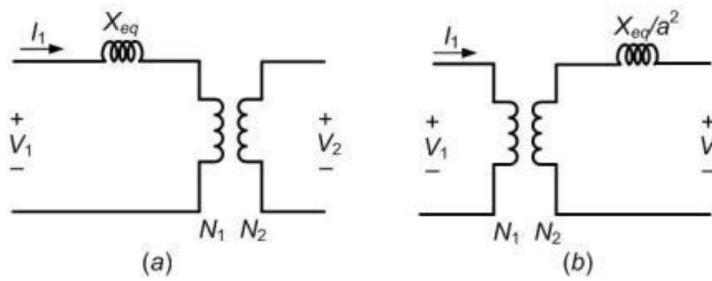
10 equivalent circuit of synchronous motor



Transformer Model







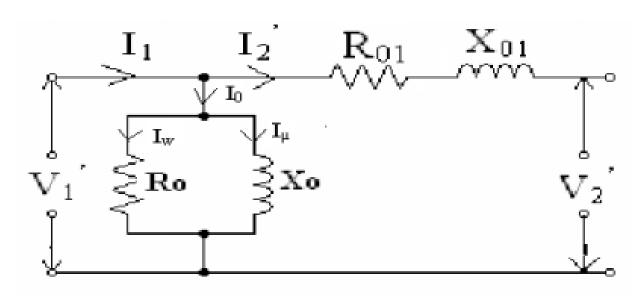
Simplified equivalent circuit of a single-phase transformer: (a) when referred to the primary side and (b) when referred to the secondary side.





Transformer Model





$$K=\frac{E_2}{E_1}=\frac{N_2}{N_1}=\frac{I_1}{I_2}$$

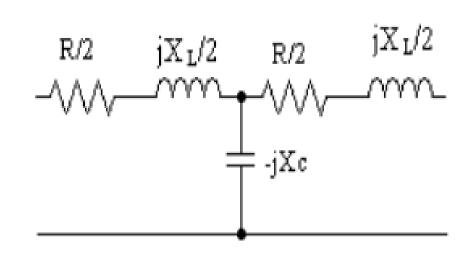
$$R_{01}=R_1+R_2^{'}=R_1+\frac{R_2}{K^2} \quad = \text{Equivalent resistance referred to 1}^\circ$$

$$X_{01}=X_1+X_2^{'}=X_1+\frac{X_2}{K^2} \quad = \text{Equivalent reactance referred to 1}^\circ$$

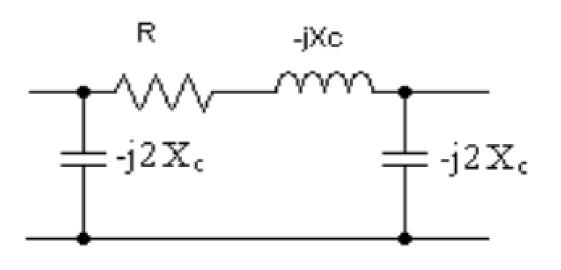




Transmission Line Model



T type



П type





Representation of Loads

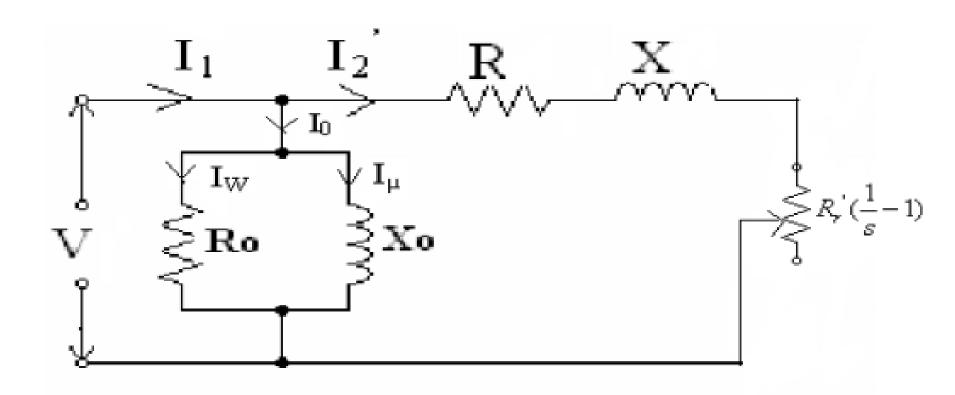
- o Constant Impedance Representation
- o Constant Power Representation
- o Constant Current Representation

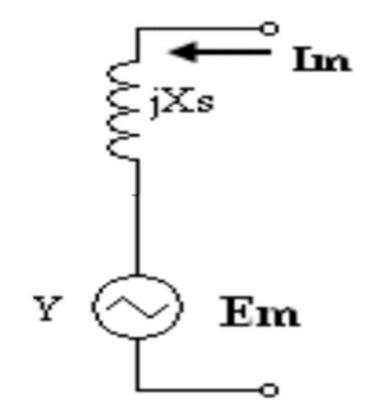




MODELLING OF INDUCTION MOTOR - Load



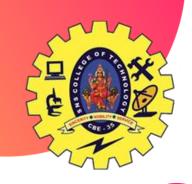




$$R_r \left(\frac{1}{s} - 1 \right)$$
 =Resistance representing load

$$R = R_S + R_T$$
 = Equivalent resistance referred to stator

$$X = X_S + X_r$$
 = Equivalent reactance referred to stator





Summary







KEEP LEARNING.. Thank u

SEE YOU IN NEXT CLASS

