

# SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution

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**DEPARTMENT OF MCA** 

23CAT604 - PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

I YEAR I SEM

**UNIT 3 – ORGANISATION** 

TOPIC 5— Delegations of Authority and Responsibility



# **DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY**



- All activities are not performed by one person
- Authority is only delegated, not responsibilities.
- It is an art of management science.
- Delegation is the process of sharing power and work





## PROCESS OF DELEGATION



#### It involves:

- Determining the results expected from a position
- Assigning task to the position
- Delegation authority for accomplishing these tasks
- Holding the person in that position responsible for accomplishment of tasks





# Principles Of Delegation Of Authority



- Principle of parity of authority and responsibility
- Principle of absoluteness of responsibility
- Principle of unity of command
- Principle of functional definition of authority and responsibility
- > The scalar chain





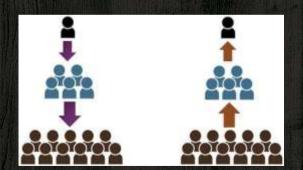


#### Why Delegate?

What to Delegate It takes a strong person and a good

- leader to effectively delegate tasks.
- Efficiency
- Development
- Saves Time

- Things subordinate can do better.
- Things subordinate needs to do for growth.
- Operational work
- Things for which you don't have time



#### Types of Delegation

- **Upward Delegation**
- **Downward Delegation** 
  - Sidewise Delegation







#### What not to Delegate

- What you yourself is not able to do
- Work your subordinates cannot perform effectively
- Management decisions
- Personal Accountability



#### When to Delegate

- Valuable timing to an employee
- Experience has more knowledge and experience related to the task then you
- Recurring and all employees should be prepared or trained
- Low priority or high priority tasks that require your immediate attention



# **ASSESSMENT-I**



Delegation is .....

Getting things done by others fixing of responsibility
Assigning the task unity of command



Which of these is the main purpose of employee assessment?

Making correct decisions

To effect promotions based on competence and performance

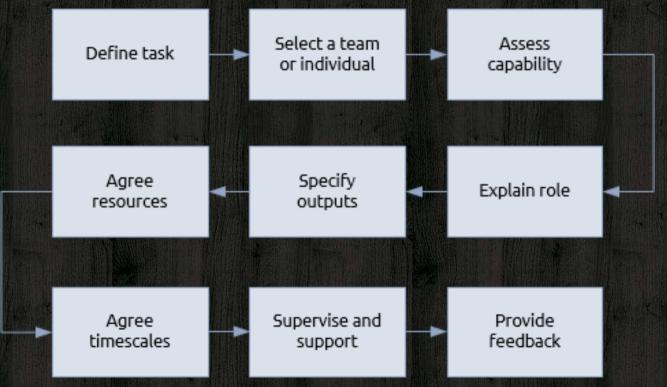
Establish job expectations

None of the above





# **Delegation Process**





# BENEFITS OF DELEGATION



#### Manager/Supervisor

- Reduced stress
- Improve time management
  - Increased trust



#### Employee

- Professional knowledge and skill development
- > Self esteem and confidence
- Sense of achievement



#### Organisational

- Increase Teamwork
- Increase productivity and efficiency



## RESPONSIBILITY



"Responsibility is defined as the obligation of a subordinate to whom a duty has been assigned to perform."

-Koontz Donnel

The obligation of an Individual to carry out assigned activities of the best of his or her ability."

-Terry and Franklin









- Responsibility is to assign duty to human beings only.
- Responsibility always flows upwards from juniors to seniors
- Responsibility is result of duty assigned
- Responsibility is the obligation to complete the job as per instructions
- Responsibility can never be delegated. It is the personal obligation and absolute also





### Difference between Authority and Responsibility



<b>Basic of distinction</b>	Authority	Responsibility
Meaning	The power or right of a superior to give order to others	It is an obligation to perform the assigned duty or order
Sources of origin	It emerges from a formal position in the organization	It emerges from superior subordinate relationship
Direction of flow	It flows downwards i.e. From top to bottom	It flows upwards i.e. From bottom level to top.
Purpose	Its purpose is to make decisions and get the decisions executed	Its purpose is to execute the duties assigned by the superior





# **ASSESSMENT-II**



..... is the obligation of a subordinate to properly perform the

assigned duty

authority

responsibility

accountability

Decentralisation

The responsibility flows

In all directions

Downwards

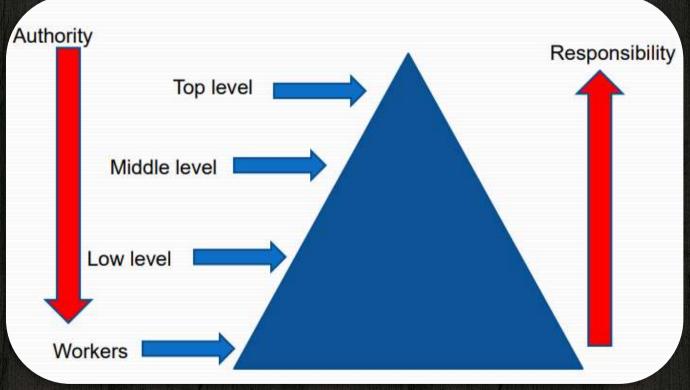
**Upwards** 

None of the above











### **ACCOUNTABILITY**



"accountability" is the obligation of an individual to report formally to his superior about the work he has done to discharge the responsibility.

- To make sure that the employees / subordinates perform their responsibilities in their expected manner, the accountability is created.
- ➤ It means subordinate will be answerable for the non – completion of the task.
- It is the 3rd & final step of delegation process





### Difference between Responsibility and Accountability



Basis of distinction	Responsibility	Accountability
Meaning	It is an obligation by an employee to perform certain duties or to make sure that they are completed	It is the obligation created by accepting duties and responsibilities from higher management.
NATURE	It flows downwards	It flows upwards
DELEGATION	It can be delegated but not entirely	It cannot be delegated.



# **ASSESSMENT-III**



Accountability means .......

Delegation

responsibility

Authority

Answerability

It helps the managers to ensure that their subordinate discharges his duties properly.

Responsibility
Authority
Accountability
All of the above





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