



DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

UNIT - IV FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

JACOBIANS

If $u = f(x, y)$ & $v = g(x, y)$ be the two cts. functions of x & y then the functional determinant

$$|J| = \frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \end{vmatrix} \text{ is called}$$

Jacobians of u and v with respect to x & y .

Three functions & three variables

$$|J| = \frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \end{vmatrix}$$

Properties :

1) If u, v are functions of x & y and x, y are functions of r & s then

$$\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(r, s)} = \frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} \cdot \frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, s)}$$

2) If u & v are functions of x & y then

$$\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} \cdot \frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} = 1$$



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3) If u, v, w are functionally dependent functions which are depends on x, y, z then

$$\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)} = 0$$

① If $u = \frac{y^2}{x}$, $v = \frac{x^2}{y}$ Find $\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)}$.

Soln: $u = \frac{y^2}{x}$; $v = \frac{x^2}{y}$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -\frac{y^2}{x^2} ; \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \frac{2x}{y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{2y}{x} ; \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = -\frac{x^2}{y^2}$$

$$|J| = \frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -\frac{y^2}{x^2} & \frac{2y}{x} \\ \frac{2x}{y} & -\frac{x^2}{y^2} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{y^2}{x^2} \times -\frac{x^2}{y^2} - \frac{2y}{x} \times \frac{2x}{y}$$

$$= 1 - 4$$

$$= -3$$



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② If $u = \frac{yz}{x}$, $v = \frac{zx}{y}$, $w = \frac{xy}{z}$ Find $\frac{\partial(u,v,w)}{\partial(x,y,z)}$

$$u = \frac{yz}{x} \quad ; \quad v = \frac{zx}{y} \quad ; \quad w = \frac{xy}{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -\frac{yz}{x^2} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \frac{z}{y} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = \frac{y}{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{z}{x} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = -\frac{zx}{y^2} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = \frac{x}{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = \frac{y}{x} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} = \frac{x}{y} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = -\frac{xy}{z^2}$$

$$|J| = \frac{\partial(u,v,w)}{\partial(x,y,z)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -\frac{yz}{x^2} & \frac{z}{x} & \frac{y}{z} \\ \frac{z}{y} & -\frac{zx}{y^2} & \frac{x}{z} \\ \frac{y}{z} & \frac{x}{y} & -\frac{xy}{z^2} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{yz}{x^2} \left[-\frac{zx}{y^2} \times -\frac{xy}{z^2} - \frac{x}{y} \times \frac{x}{z} \right] - \frac{z}{x} \left[-\frac{xy}{z^2} \times \frac{z}{y} - \frac{x}{y} \times \frac{y}{z} \right] +$$

$$\frac{y}{z} \left[\frac{z}{y} \times \frac{x}{z} - \frac{y}{z} \times -\frac{zx}{y^2} \right]$$

$$= 4$$



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③ If $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$ find $\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(r,\theta)}$

Soln:

$$x = r \cos \theta \quad ; \quad y = r \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial r} = \cos \theta \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} = \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} = -r \sin \theta \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} = r \cos \theta$$

$$|J| = \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(r,\theta)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \cos \theta & -r \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & r \cos \theta \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= r \cos^2 \theta + r \sin^2 \theta = r$$

⑦ If $x = uv$, $y = \frac{u+v}{u-v}$ find $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$

Soln:

WKT $\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} \times \frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = 1$

$$\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} + \frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = 1$$

$$J \cdot J' = 1$$

$$|J| = \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} \end{vmatrix}$$



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$$\begin{aligned}x &= uv & ; & \quad y = \frac{u+v}{u-v} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} &= v & \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} &= \frac{(u-v) - (u+v)}{(u-v)^2} = \frac{-2v}{(u-v)^2} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} &= u & \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} &= \frac{(u-v) - (u+v)(-1)}{(u-v)^2} = \frac{2u}{(u-v)^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore |J| = \frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} = \begin{vmatrix} v & u \\ \frac{-2v}{(u-v)^2} & \frac{2u}{(u-v)^2} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{2uv}{(u-v)^2} + \frac{2uv}{(u-v)^2} = \frac{4uv}{(u-v)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} \times \frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} &= \frac{1}{\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)}} = \frac{1}{\frac{4uv}{(u-v)^2}} \\ &= \frac{(u-v)^2}{4uv}\end{aligned}$$

Q) If $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$ find $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)}$



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If $u = 2xy$, $v = x^2 - y^2$ and $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$.

find $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(r,\theta)}$

Soln: $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(r,\theta)} = \frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} \cdot \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(r,\theta)}$

Eqn: $u = 2xy$ $v = x^2 - y^2$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2y$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = 2x$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2x$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = -2y$$

$$\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = \begin{vmatrix} 2y & 2x \\ 2x & -2y \end{vmatrix} = -4y^2 - 4x^2$$

Eqn: $x = r \cos \theta$ $y = r \sin \theta$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial r} = \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial r} = \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} = -r \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} = r \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(r,\theta)} = \begin{vmatrix} \cos \theta & -r \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & r \cos \theta \end{vmatrix} = r \cos^2 \theta + r \sin^2 \theta = r$$



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$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} &= (-4y^2 - 4x^2) \times r \\ &= -4(x^2 + y^2) \times r \\ &= -4r^2 \times r \\ &= -4r^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta \\ x^2 + y^2 &= r^2 \cos^2 \theta + r^2 \sin^2 \theta \\ &= r^2 \end{aligned}$$

10) S.T. the functions $u = \frac{x}{y}$ & $v = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$ are functionally dependent and find the relationship btwn. them.

Soln: $u = \frac{x}{y}$; $v = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{x}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \frac{x-y - (x+y)(-1)}{(x-y)^2} = \frac{-2y}{(x-y)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = \frac{x-y - (x+y)(-1)}{(x-y)^2} = \frac{2x}{(x-y)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{y} & -\frac{x}{y^2} \\ -\frac{2y}{(x-y)^2} & \frac{2x}{(x-y)^2} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 0$$

\therefore the giv. functions are functionally dependent



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Ex: $u = \frac{x}{y}$, $v = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$.

$$v = \frac{\left[\frac{x}{y} + 1\right]y}{\left[\frac{x}{y} - 1\right]y} = \frac{u+1}{u-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow v = \frac{u+1}{u-1}$$

11) Ex: The functions $u = 2x - y + 3z$, $v = 2x - y - z$, $w = 2x - y + z$ are functionally dependent. Find relationship between them.

Ans: functionally dependent.

Relationship: $u + v = 2w$.

12) Ex: If $u = xy + yz + zx$, $v = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ & $w = x + y + z$ determine whether a functional relation between x, y, z are dependent & find relationship between them.

Ans: $2u + v = w^2$ (relationship)