



(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

Unit 3-Differential Calculus

Envelope

Type 1:

Prod the envelope of
$$y = mx + \frac{a}{m}$$
, m belong the parameter.

Solon:

 $y = mx + \frac{a}{m}$
 $my = m^3x + a$
 $m^2x - my + a = 0$ which is the quadratic eqn.

At $x^2 + Bx + C = 0 \Rightarrow B^2 - 4AC = 0$

Now, $A = x$, $B = -y$, $C = a$
 $\therefore y^2 - 4ax = 0$ which is the envelope.

And the envelope of $y = mx + \sqrt{a^2m^2 - b^2}$, m is the following on bothstress,

$$(y - mx) = \sqrt{a^2m^2 - b^2}$$

Squeeting on bothstress,

$$(y - mx)^2 = a^2m^2 - b^2$$
 $y^2 + m^2x^2 - amxy = a^2m^2 + b^2$
 $y^2 + m^2x^2 - amxy = a^2m^2 + b^2 = 0$

Here $B = x^2 - a^2$, $B = -axy$, $C = y^2 + b^2$

Now $B^2 + B = 0$

$$4x^2y^2 - 4(x^2 - a^2)$$
 $(y^2 + b^2) = 0$

$$4x^2y^2 - 4(x^2 - a^2)$$
 $(y^3 + b^2) = 0$

$$4x^2y^2 - 4(x^2 - a^2)$$
 $(y^3 + b^2) = 0$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 + a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 + a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 + a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 + a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 + a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 + a^2y^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 - x^2b^2 - a^2b^2 = 0$$





(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

Unit 3-Differential Calculus

Envelope

2 100C + - 1000 F = 1

Type a:

II. Find the envelope of $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$ subject to at b = c, where c 9s a constant.

Givn.
$$\frac{\alpha}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1 \rightarrow (1)$$

$$a+b=c \rightarrow (2)$$

Differentiate (1) co. r. to 'a'

$$2\left[-\frac{1}{a^2}\right] + y\left[-\frac{1}{b^2}\right] \frac{db}{da} = 0$$

$$-\frac{\chi}{a^2} - \frac{y}{b^2} \frac{db}{da} = 0$$

$$-\frac{y}{b^{2}}\frac{db}{da} = \frac{x}{a^{2}}$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -\frac{xb^{2}}{ya^{2}} \longrightarrow (3)$$

Differentiate (a) w.r. to a

$$1 + \frac{db}{da} = 0$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -1 \longrightarrow (4)$$

from (3) and (4),

$$-\frac{xb^2}{ya^2} = -1$$

$$\frac{2c}{a^2} = \frac{9}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{x}{a} = \frac{y/b}{b} = \frac{x}{a+b} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{x}{a^2} = \frac{1}{c} \text{ and } \frac{y}{b^2} = \frac{1}{c}$$



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

Unit 3-Differential Calculus

Envelope

$$a^{2} = xc$$

$$a = (xc)^{1/2} | b^{2} = yc$$

$$3 \cdot (xc)^{1/2} + (yc)^{1/2} = c$$

$$c^{1/2} | x^{1/2} + y^{1/2} | = c$$

$$x^{1/2} + y^{1/2} = c^{1/2}$$

$$3 \cdot (xc)^{1/2} + (yc)^{1/2} = c$$

$$x^{1/2} + y^{1/2} = c^{1/2}$$

$$3 \cdot (xc)^{1/2} + (yc)^{1/2} = c$$

$$x^{1/2} + y^{1/2} = c^{1/2}$$

$$3 \cdot (xc)^{1/2} + (yc)^{1/2} = c$$

$$x^{1/2} + y^{1/2} = c^{1/2}$$

$$3 \cdot (xc)^{1/2} + (yc)^{1/2} = c$$

$$a^{1/2} + b^{1/2} =$$





(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

Unit 3-Differential Calculus

Envelope

$$\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{n+1}} = \frac{y}{b^{n+1}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{n+1}} = \frac{y}{b^{n+1}} = \frac{y}{a^{n+1}b^{n}} = \frac{1}{a^{n+1}b^{n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{a^{n}} \qquad \frac{y}{b^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{a^{n}}$$

$$A^{n+1} = xc^{n} \qquad b^{n+1} = yc^{n}$$

$$A^{n+1} = xc^{n} \qquad b^{n+1} = yc^{n}$$

$$A^{n+1} = (xc^{n})^{n/m} \qquad b^{n} = (yc^{n})^{n/(n+1)}$$

$$A^{n} = (xc^{n})^{n/(n+1)} + (yc^{n})^{n/(n+1)} = c^{n}$$

$$A^{n/n+1} + y^{n/n+1} = c^{n}$$

$$A^{n/n+1} + y^{n/n+1} = c^{n-n^{2}/(n+1)}$$

$$A^{n/n+1} + y^{n/n+1} = c^{n/(n+1)}$$

$$A^{n} = (xc^{n})^{n/(n+1)} + (yc^{n})^{n/(n+1)} = c^{n}$$

$$A^{n/n+1} + y^{n/n+1} = c^{n/(n+1)}$$

$$A^{n} = (xc^{n})^{n/(n+1)} + (yc^{n})^{n/(n+1)} = c^{n}$$

$$A^{n/n+1} + y^{n/n+1} = c^{n/(n+1)}$$

$$A^{n/n+1} + y^{n/n+1} =$$



27

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

Unit 3-Differential Calculus

Envelope

$$\frac{-\frac{y^{3}}{b^{3}}}{\frac{db}{da}} = \frac{x^{3}}{a^{3}}$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -\frac{x^{2}b^{3}}{a^{3}y^{2}} \rightarrow 13$$

Differentiate (2) w. r. to a

$$1 + \frac{db}{da} = 0$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -1 \rightarrow (4)$$

From (3) & (4),
$$-\frac{x^{2}b^{3}}{a^{3}y^{2}} = -1$$

$$\frac{x^{3}}{a^{3}} = \frac{y^{3}}{b^{3}}$$

$$\frac{x^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{y^{3}}{b^{3}}$$

$$\frac{x^{2}}{a} = \frac{y^{3}}{b}$$

$$\frac{x^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{y^{3}}{b}$$

$$\frac{x^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{b^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{b^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{b^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{b^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{2}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{y^{3}}{a^{3}} = \frac{1}{c}$$





(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

Unit 3-Differential Calculus

Envelope

A. Find the envelope of
$$\frac{x^3}{a^2} + \frac{y^3}{b^2} = 1$$
 cubyect to $a^0 + b^0 = c^h$, $c^0 = c^h$ constant.

Solon.

Given: $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \rightarrow (1)$

$$a^h + b^h = c^h \rightarrow (2)$$

1996. (1) w. r. to 'a',
$$x^2(\frac{-x^2}{a^3}) + y^2(\frac{-x^2}{b^3}) \frac{db}{da} = 0$$

$$\frac{y^2}{b^3} \frac{da}{da} = \frac{x^2}{a^3}$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = \frac{-x^2}{b^3} \rightarrow (3)$$

1996. (2) w. r. to 'a',
$$na^{h-1} + nb^{h-1} \frac{db}{da} = 0$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -a^{h-1}$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -a^{h-1}$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -a^{h-1}$$

$$\frac{db}{da} = -\frac{a^{h-1}}{b^{h-1}} \rightarrow (4)$$

Fileon (3) % (4),
$$-\frac{x^3}{y^2} \frac{b^3}{a^3} = -\frac{a^{h-1}}{b^{h-1}}$$

$$\frac{x^3}{a^3} \frac{a^{h-1}}{b^n} = \frac{y^3}{b^{h-2}}$$

$$\frac{x^3}{a^h} = \frac{y^3}{b^h} = \frac{x^2}{a^2 + b^h} = \frac{1}{c^h}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^3}{a^{h+2}} = \frac{1}{c^h} = \frac{1}{c^h}$$





(An Autonomous Institution)
Coimbatore-641035.

Unit 3-Differential Calculus

Envelope

$$\frac{x}{a} = \frac{y}{b} = \frac{\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b}}{1+1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{x}{a} = \frac{1}{2} \qquad \left| \frac{y}{b} = \frac{1}{2} \right|$$

$$a = 2x \qquad b = 2y$$

$$Subs. (a) & (b) & (a),$$

$$(2x) & (2y) = c^{2}$$

$$Axy = c^{2}$$

see a since one of the second of the second of the second of

and providing providing the material of

cs Scanned with CamScanner

a trouble is been a

avVinArab bush "