

# FUEL CELL



# Definition

- > Fuel cell is a voltaic cell, which converts the chemical energy of the fuels directly into electricity without combustion.
- > It converts the energy of the fuel directly into electricity.
- > In these cells, the reactants, products and electrolytes pass through the cell.

# **Fuel + Oxygen ----> Oxidation products + Electricity**

**Ex:** Hydrogen –oxygen fuel cell, methyl alcohol-oxygen fuel cell

# HYDROGEN –OXYGEN FUEL CELL

#### Description

> It consists of two porous electrodes anode and cathode.

These porous electrodes are made of compressed carbon containing a small amount of catalyst (Pt, Pd, Ag).

➢ In between the two electrodes an electrolytic solution such as 25% KOH or NaOH is filled.

> The two electrodes are connected through the volt meter.

### Working

Hydrogen (the fuel) is bubbled through the anode compartment, where it is oxidised. The oxygen (oxidiser) is bubbled through the cathode compartment, where it is reduced.



### At anode

Hydrogen gas, passed through the anode, is oxidized with the liberation of electrons which then combine with hydroxide ions to form water.

$$H_{2} \rightarrow 2H^{+} + 2e^{-}$$
$$2H^{+} + 2OH^{-} \rightarrow 2H_{2}O$$





$$H_2+2OH^------ \rightarrow 2H_2O+2e^-$$

Multiply by 2 :  $2 H_2 + 4OH^- \rightarrow 4H_2O + 4e^-$ 

## At cathode:

The electrons, produced at the anode, pass through the external wire to the cathode where it is absorbed by oxygen and water to produced hydroxide ions.

 $O_2+4e-- \rightarrow 2O_2^ 2O_2^- + 2H_2O --- \rightarrow 4OH^ O_2+2H_2O--- \rightarrow 4OH^-$ 

#### **Overall reaction:**

At anode:  $2 H_2 + 4OH^- \rightarrow 4H_2O + 4e^-$ 

At cathode:  $O_2+ 2H_2O+ 4e^- \rightarrow 4OH^-$ 

 $2 H_2 + O_2 - - \rightarrow 2 H_2 O_-$ 

# The emf of the cell = 0.8 to 1.0 V

#### **Applications:**

1.  $H_2$ - $O_2$  fuel cells are used as auxiliary energy source in space vehicles, submarines (or) other military-vehicles.

2. In case of  $H_2$ – $O_2$  fuel cells, the product of water is proved to be a valuable source of fresh water by the astronauts.

### **FUEL BATTREY:**

When a large number of fuel cells are connected in series, it forms fuel battery.

### Advantages of fuel cells

- 1. Fuel cells are efficient (75%) and take less time for operation.
- 2. It is pollution free technique.
- 3. It produces electric current directly from the reaction of a fuel and an oxidizer.
- 4. It produces drinking water.

### **Disadvantages:**

- 1. Fuel cells cannot store electric energy as other cells do.
- 2. Electrodes are expensive and short lived.
- 3. Storage and handling of hydrogen gas is dangerous.