

## **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

Coimbatore-35 An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A++' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

#### **DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING**

#### **AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY & INFOTRONICS**

#### UNIT 3 – SAFETY EQUIPMENTS AND COMFORT SYSTEM

**TOPIC 13: ACTIVE SUSPENSION SYSTEM** 

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## PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- Vehicle Dynamics
- Introduction •
- Parameters •
- Components •
- Drawbacks •
- Sensors ullet







## VEHICLE DYNAMICS

- Longitudinal Dynamics Braking Acceleration
- Vertical Dynamics Ride Comfort
- Lateral Dynamics Stability Handling







### VEHICLE DYNAMICS











## INTRODUCTION



- ulletvehicle
- surface



An active suspension is a type of automotive suspension on a

It uses an onboard system to control the vertical movement of the vehicle's wheels relative to the chassis or vehicle body rather than the passive suspension provided by large springs where the movement is determined entirely by the road



#### PARAMETERS





#### COMPONETS











- A Computer or an electronic control unit (ECU)
- Sensors
- Actuator or Servo
- Adjustable shocks and springs

## **SENSORS & CONTROLLER**







## **ROLL ON CORNERS**











# ACTIVE SUSPENSION MIMICS THE FUNCTIONS OF THE HUMAN BODY

- The sensors are nerve ends
- The Electronic Control Unit represents our mind
- Wires connecting the whole thing are the central nervous system
- The servos and actuators resemble the muso-skelatel portion







#### EXAMPLE





#### • Mercedes CL coupe



### DRAWBACKS

- Need for a large external power source
- Complex control algorithms
- Complex closed-loop control systems.
- Requirement of fast-acting devices
- Increased cost







### REFERENCES

- George A. Peters, Barbara J. Peters, "Automotive Vehicle Safety" CRC Press, 2002  $\bullet$
- Richard Bishop, "Intelligent Vehicle Technology and Trends" Artech House, 2005 ullet



Thank you