



Part B

1. Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -3 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.
2. Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
3. Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of $\begin{pmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$.
4. Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
5. Show that the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ satisfies its own characteristic equation. Find the inverse matrix.
6. Using Cayley – Hamilton Theorem find A^{-1} , if $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.
7. Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem and find A^{-1} and A^4 if $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
8. Use Cayley Hamilton theorem to find the value of the matrix $A^8 - 5A^7 + 7A^6 - 3A^5 + A^4 - 5A^3 + 8A^2 - 2A + I$ if $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
9. The Eigen vectors of a 3×3 real symmetric matrix A corresponding to the Eigen values 2,3,6 are $(1,0,-1)^T, (1,1,1)^T, (-1,2,-1)^T$ respectively. Find the matrix A.
10. Let the oldest age attained by the females in some population be 6 years. Divide the population into 3 age classes of 2 years each. Let the Leslie matrix be $L = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2.3 & 0.4 \\ 0.6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

- a) What is the number of females in each class after 2,4,6 years if each class initially consists of 500 females?
- b) For what initial distribution will the number of females in each class change by same proportion? What is the rate of change?