



# **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

**An Autonomous Institution**

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade  
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

## **DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

**COURSE NAME : 19ECB201-ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS**

**II YEAR /III SEMESTER**

**Unit 4- OSCILLATORS & MULTIVIBRATOR CIRCUITS**

**Topic 3 : Colpitts Oscillator**

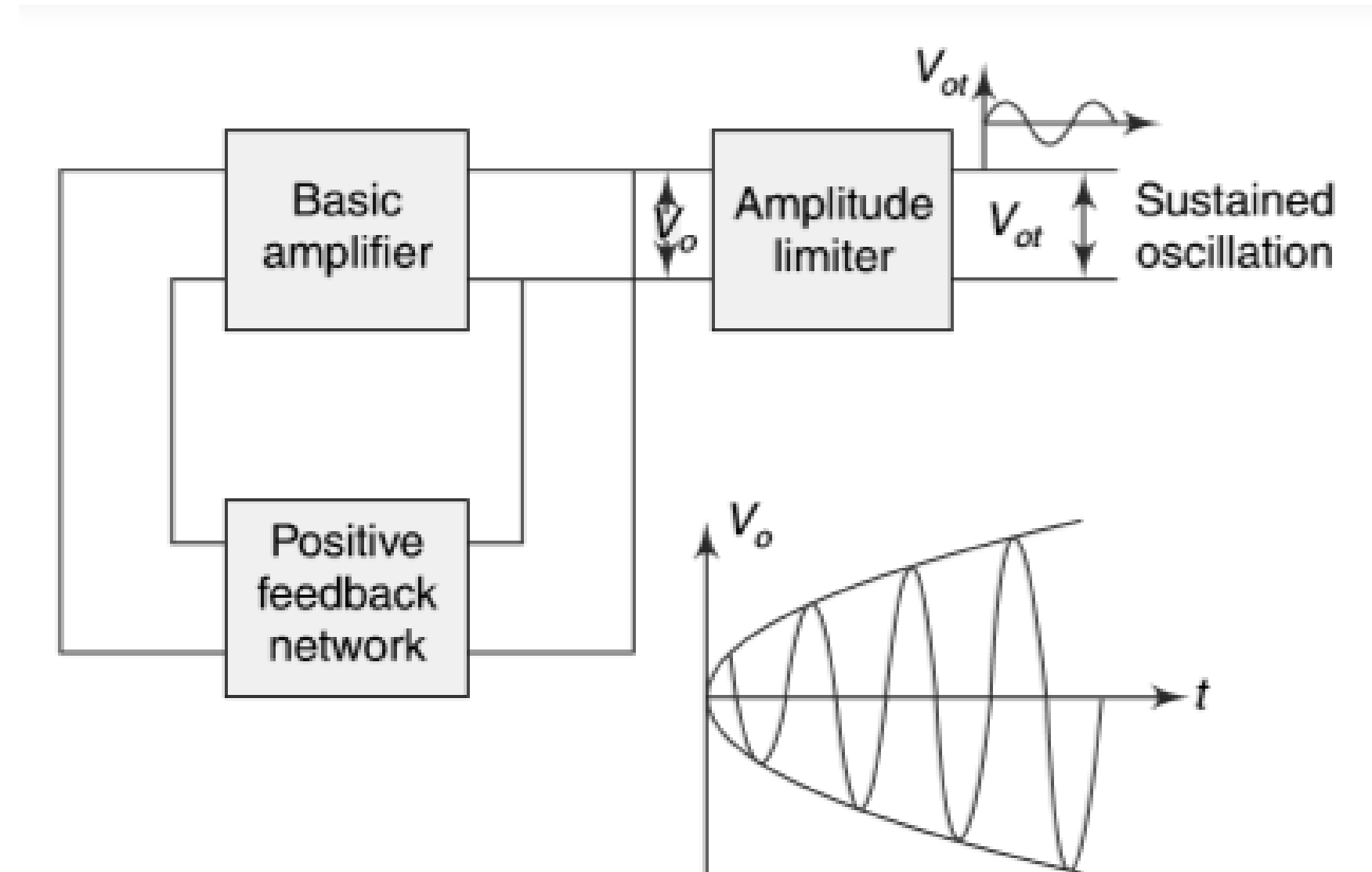




# Need for Oscillators



- Communication Systems
- Control signals





# Colpitts Oscillator Circuit



- NPN transistor
- Conditions for oscillations
- Positive Feedback

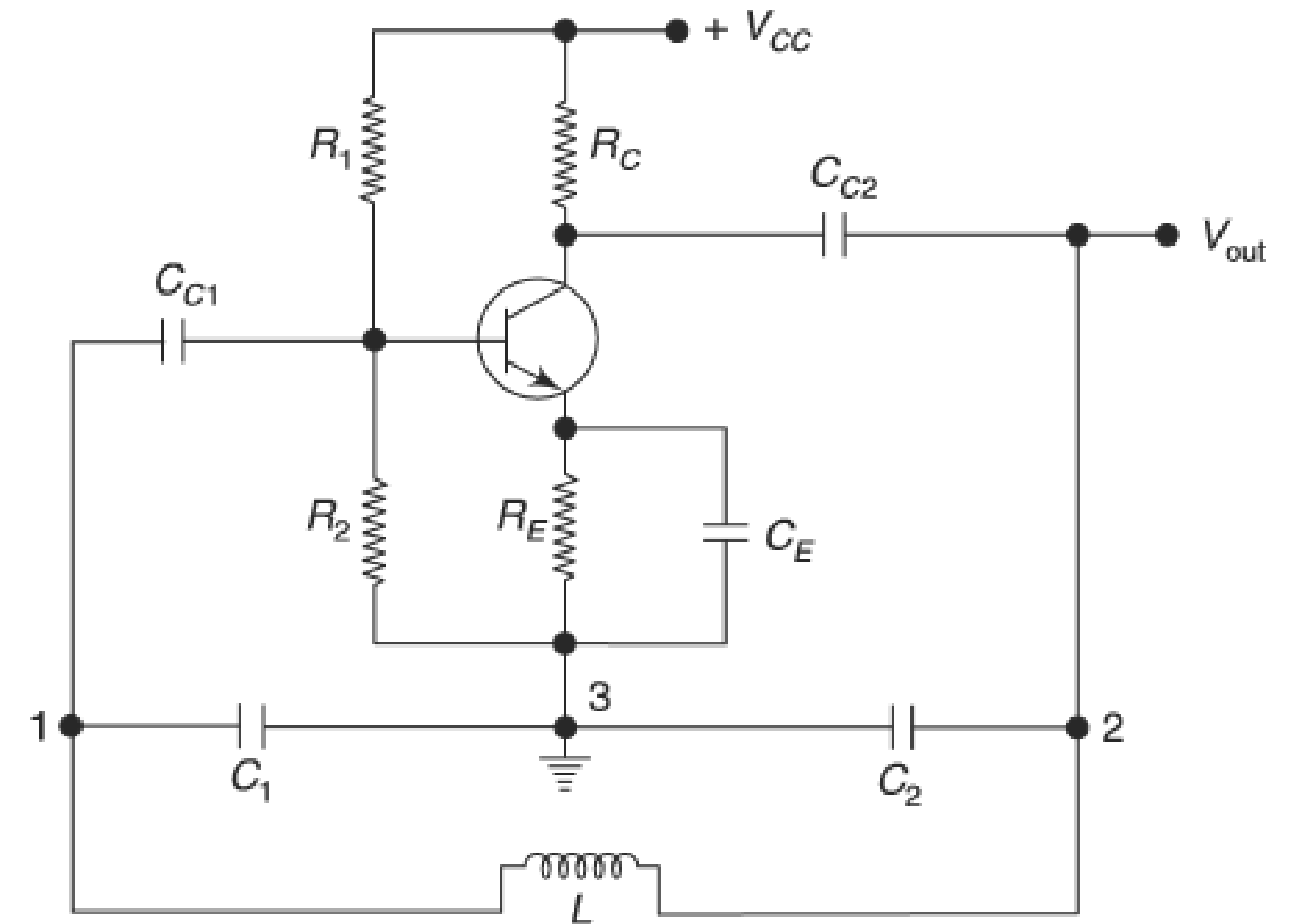


Fig. 15-5 Colpitts oscillator



# Mechanism of Start of Oscillation



**Empathy**

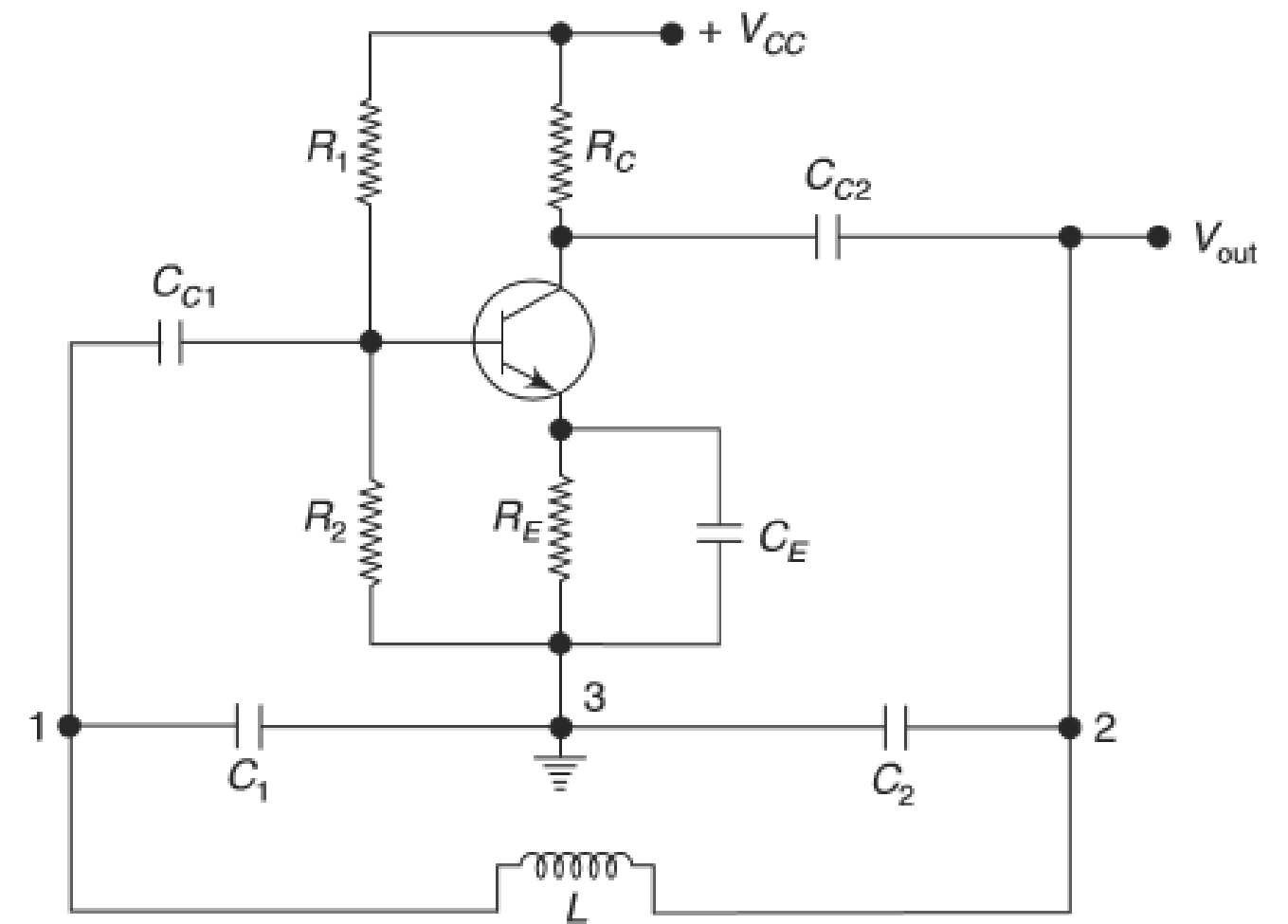


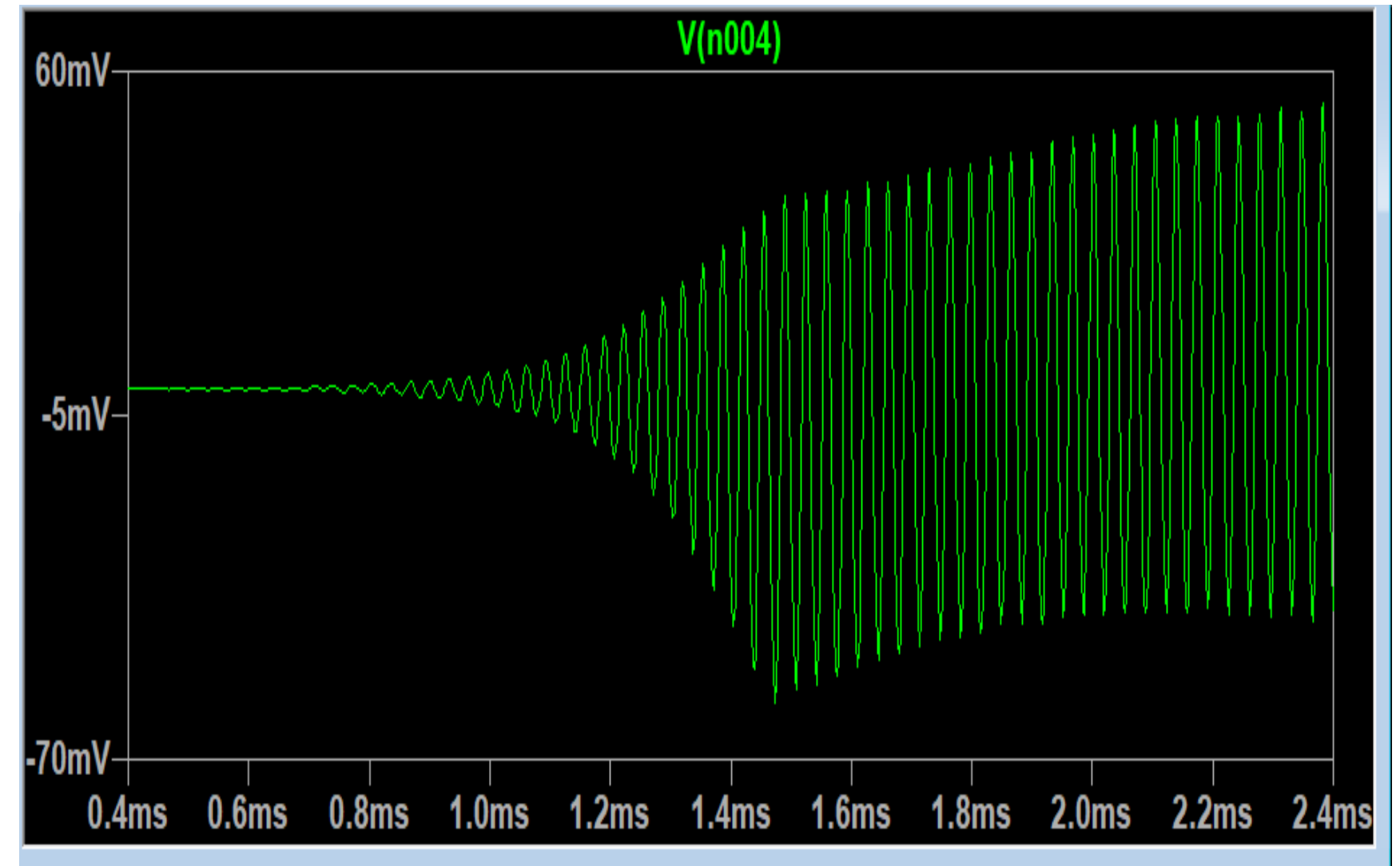
Fig. 15.5 Colpitts oscillator



# Stabilization of Amplitude



## Amplitude Limiting





# Frequency of Oscillation

$$Z_1 = \frac{1}{j\omega C_1} = -\frac{j}{\omega C_1}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{1}{j\omega C_2} = -\frac{j}{\omega C_2}$$

$$Z_3 = j\omega L$$

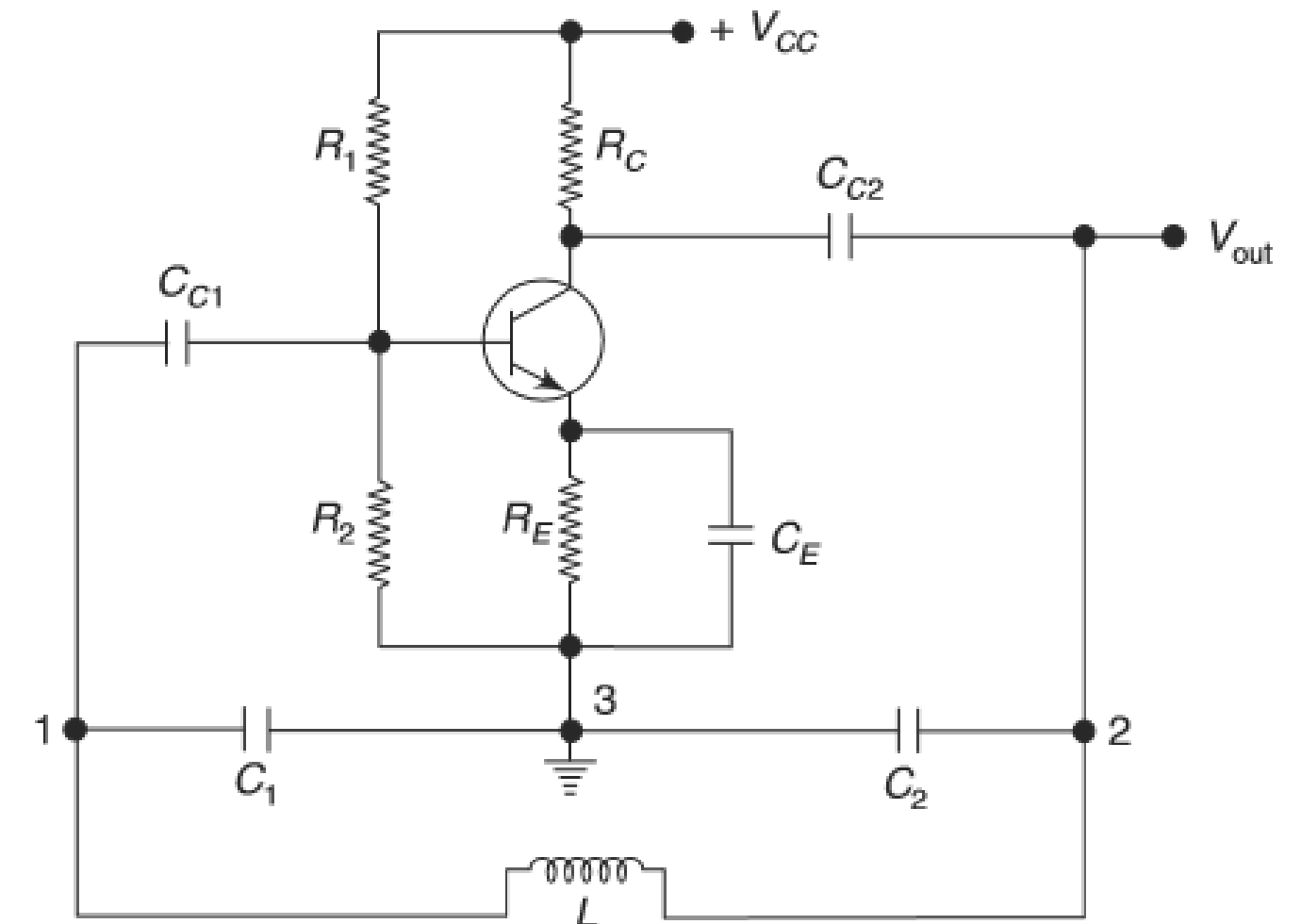


Fig. 15-5 Colpitts oscillator



# Frequency of Oscillation

## General Equation of Oscillation

$$h_{ie}(Z_1 + Z_2 + Z_3) + Z_1Z_2(1 + h_{fe}) + Z_1Z_3 = 0$$

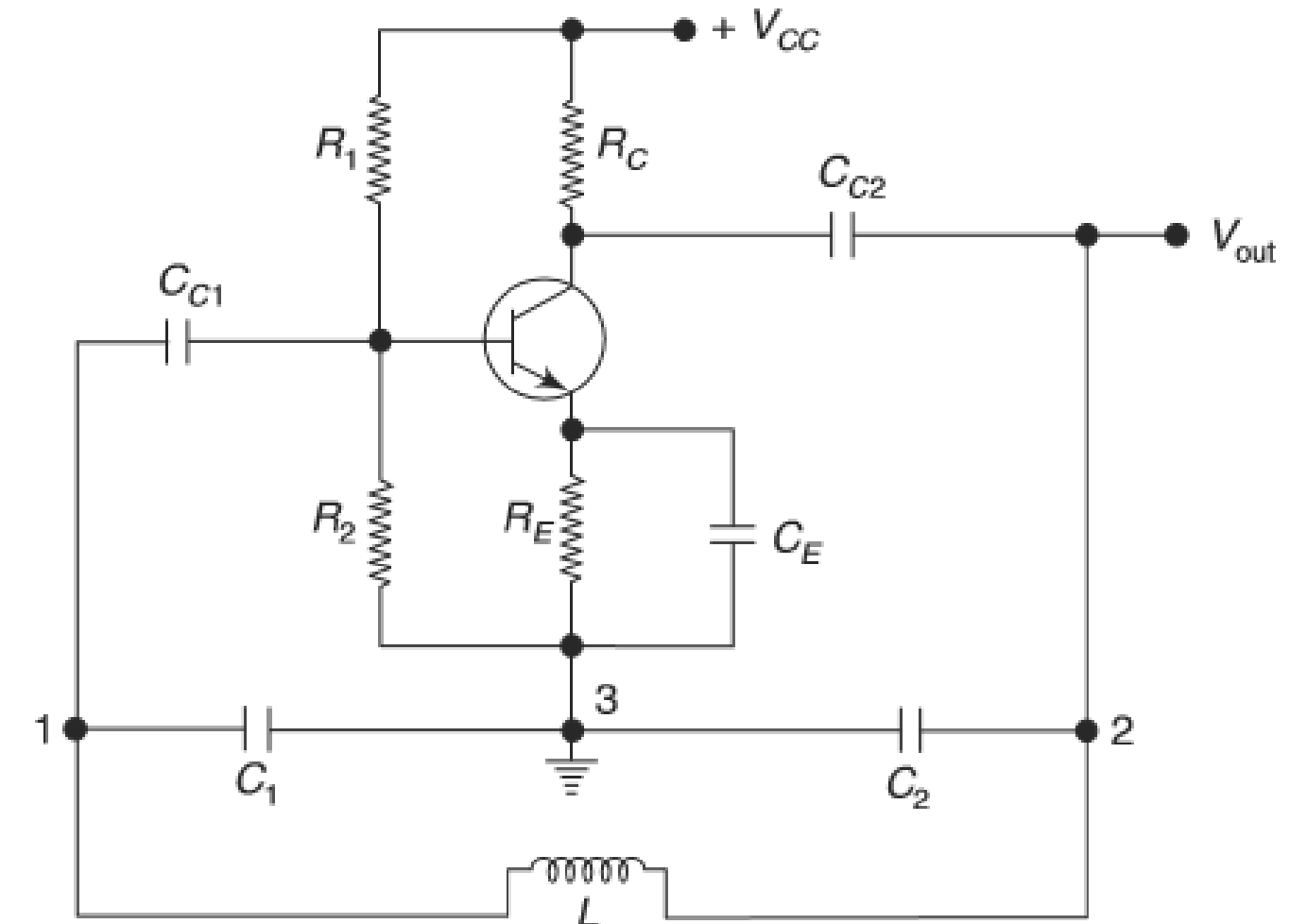


Fig. 15-5 Colpitts oscillator



# Frequency of Oscillation



$$-jh_{ie} \left( \frac{1}{\omega C_1} + \frac{1}{\omega C_2} - \omega L \right) + \left( \frac{1 + h_{fe}}{\omega^2 C_1 C_2} - \frac{L}{C_1} \right) = 0$$

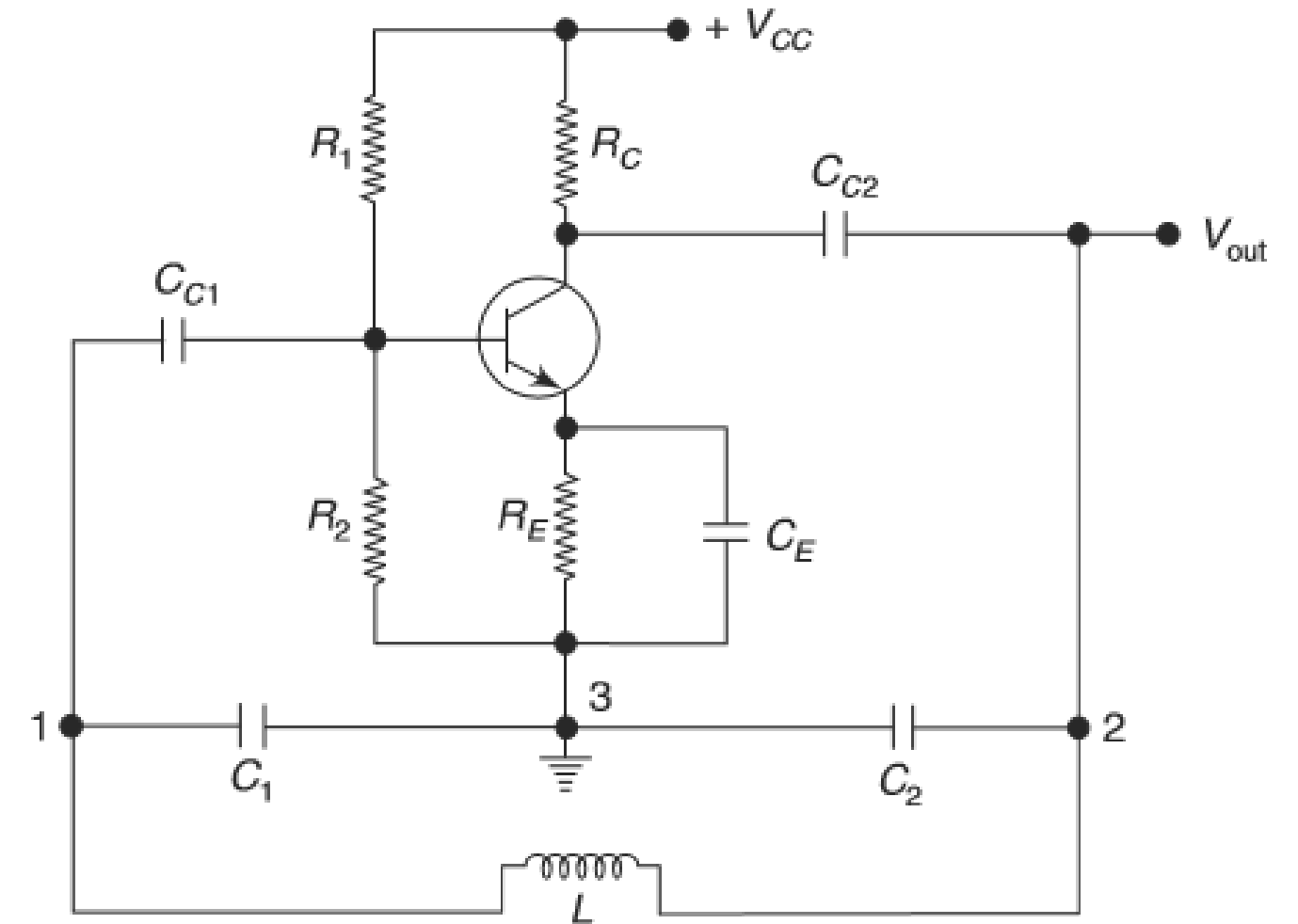


Fig. 15-5 Colpitts oscillator





# Frequency of Oscillation



$$f_o = \frac{\omega_o}{2\pi}$$

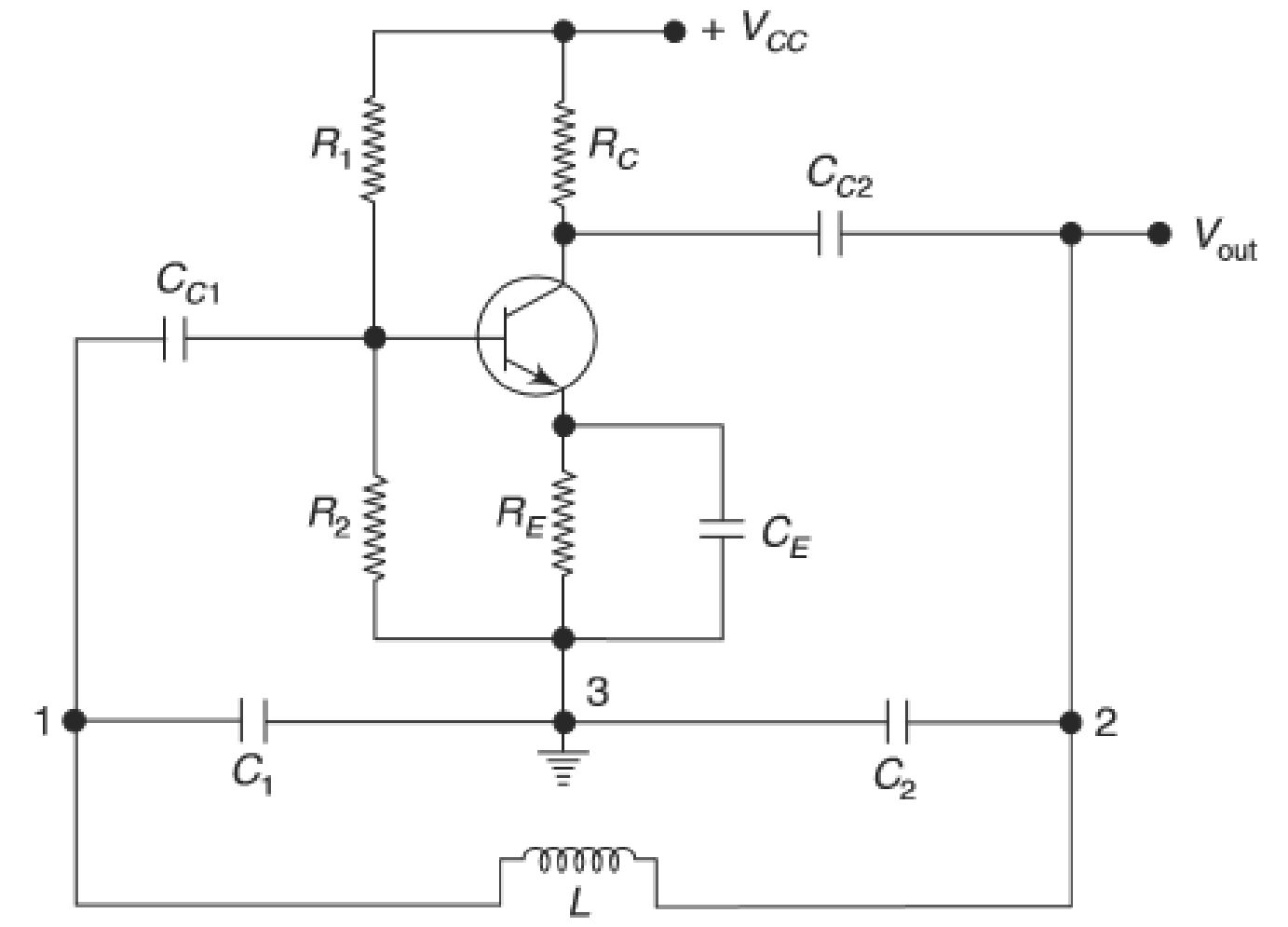


Fig. 15-5 Colpitts oscillator



# Frequency of Oscillation



For calculating the frequency of oscillation

Equate the imaginary part of the basic equation to zero

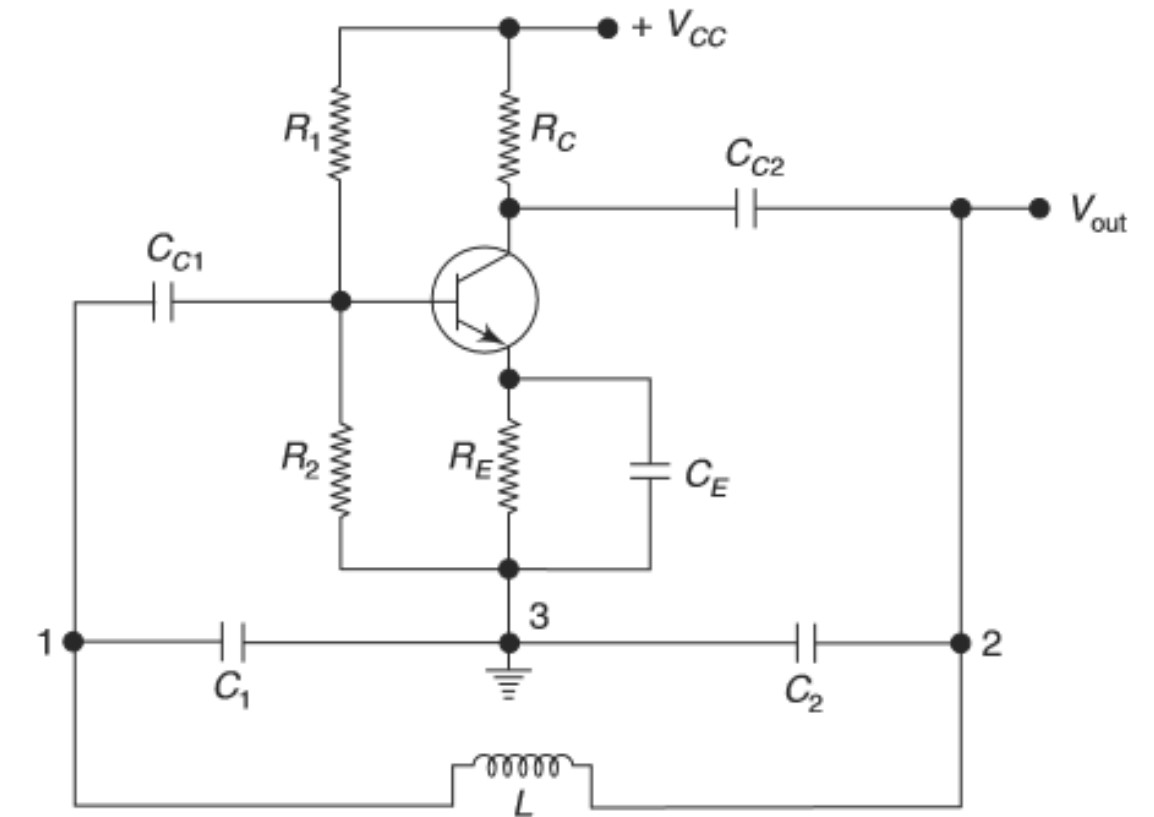


Fig. 15-5 Colpitts oscillator



# Frequency of Oscillation



$$f_o = \frac{\omega_o}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{C_1 + C_2}{LC_1C_2}}$$

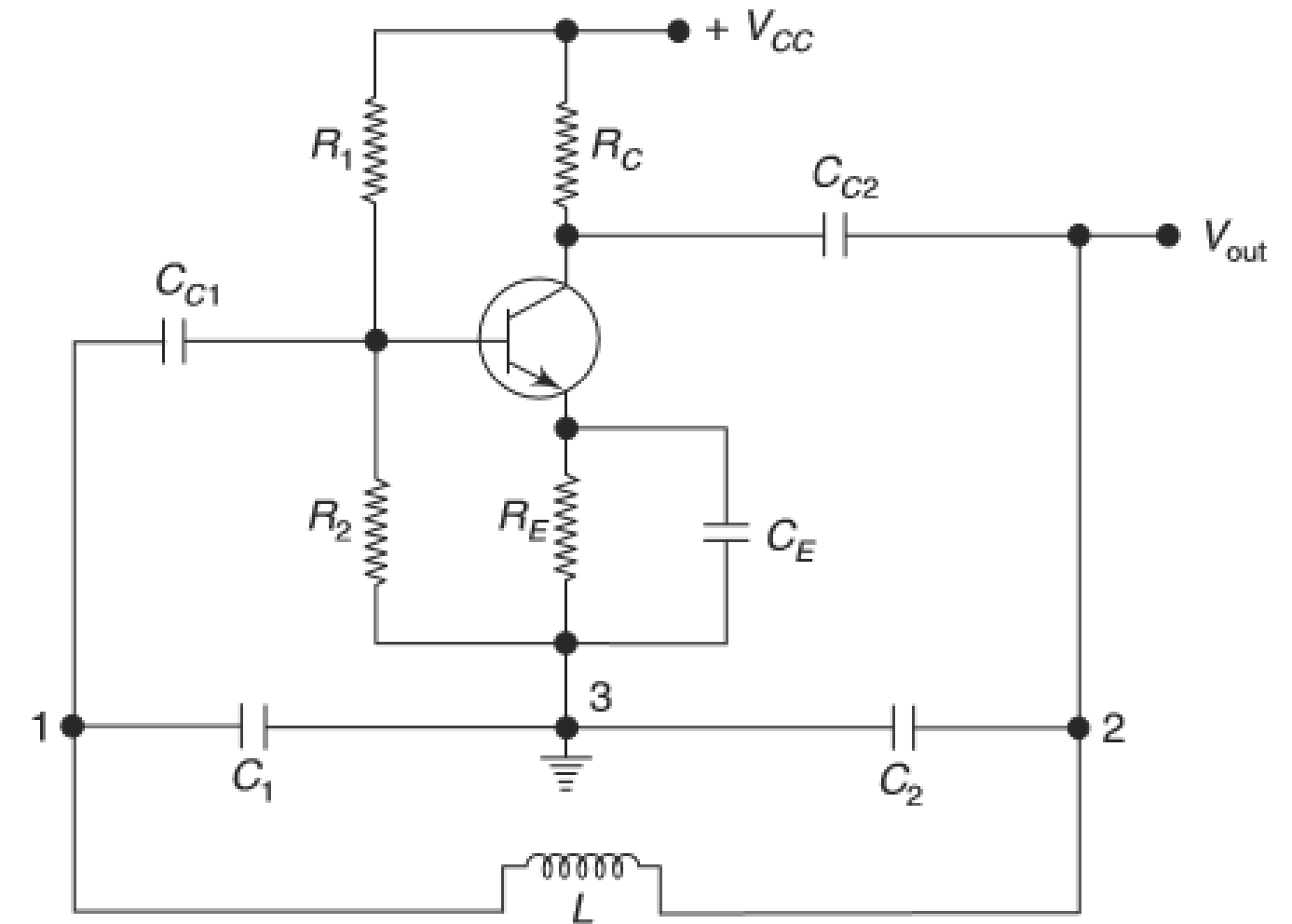


Fig. 15.5 Colpitts oscillator



# Conditions for Maintenance of Oscillation



For obtaining the conditions for maintenance of oscillation equate the real part of the basic equation to zero

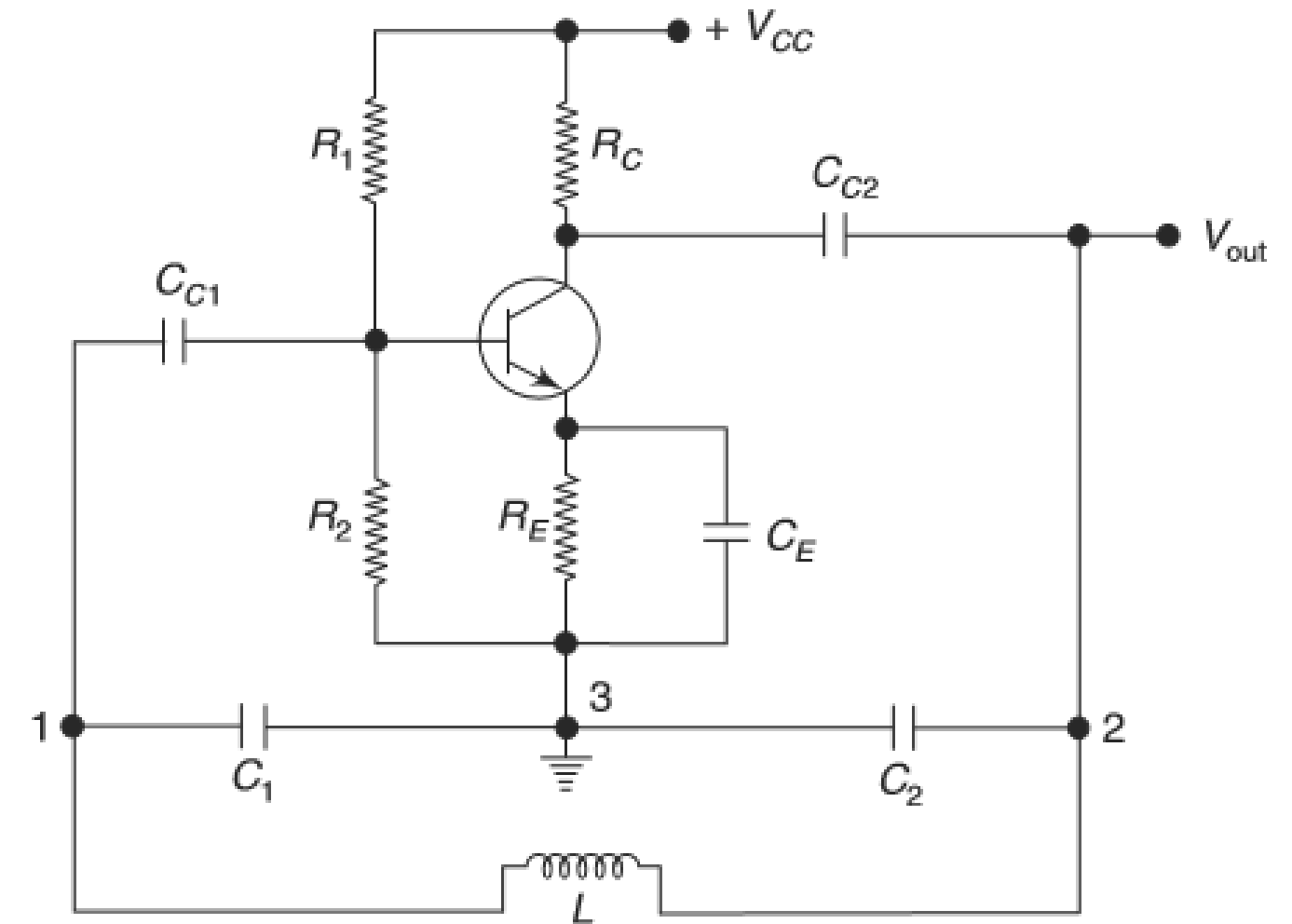


Fig. 15.5 Colpitts oscillator



# Conditions for Maintenance of Oscillation



$$h_{fe} = \frac{C_2}{C_1}$$

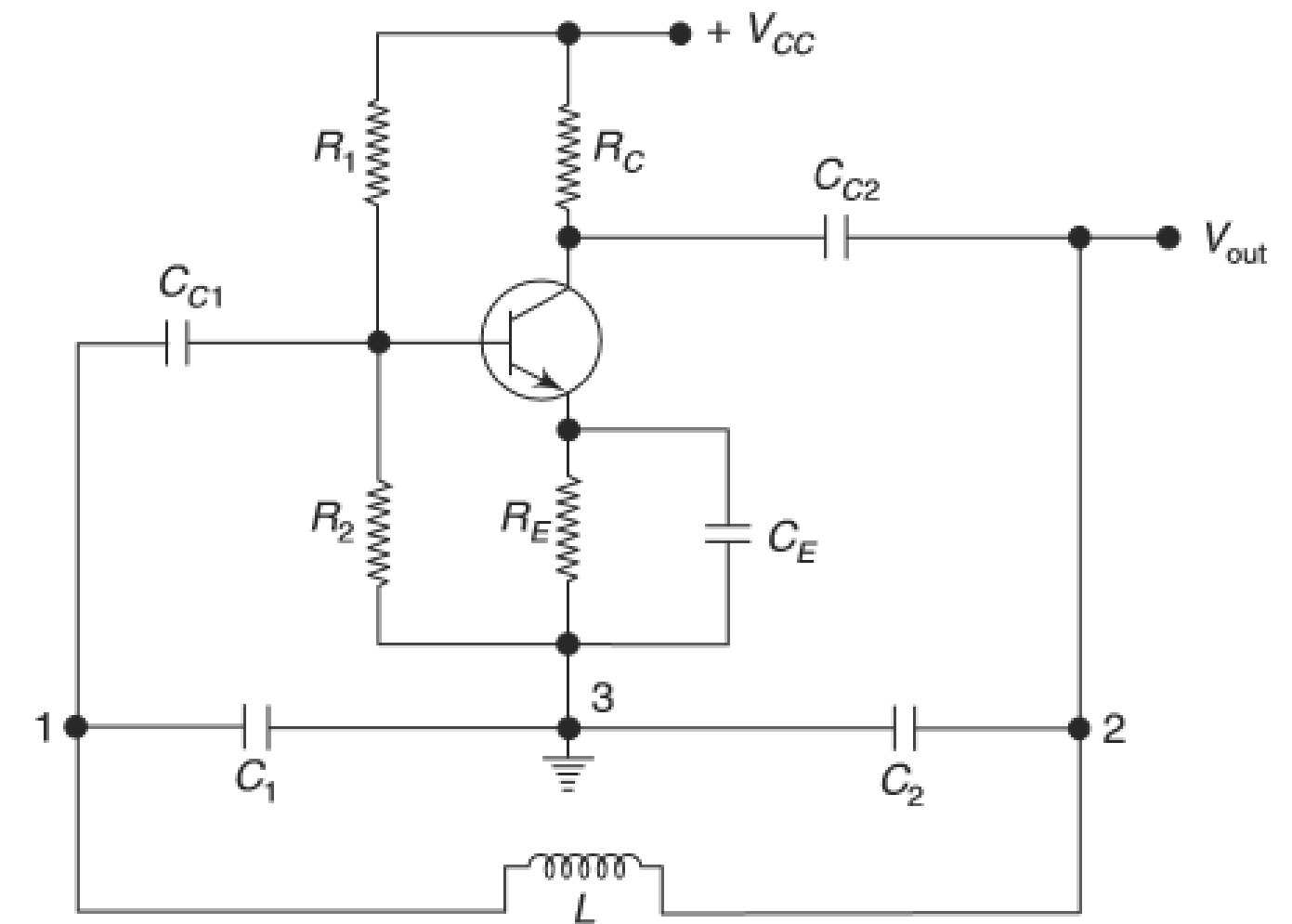


Fig. 15.5 Colpitts oscillator



# Assessment 1



In the Colpitts oscillator,  $C_1=0.02$  micro Farads and  $C_2=0.02$  micro Farads. If the frequency of oscillation is 10 KHz, find the value of the inductor?





# References



Electronic Devices and Circuits By Salivahanan

**Thank You**