

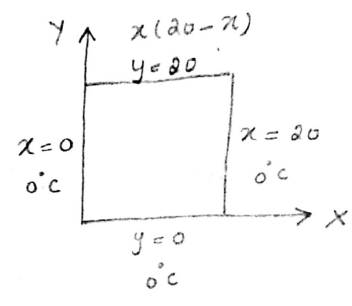


DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

(45)

TYPE I : SQUARE PLATES : Temperature given in horizontal edge :

- ① A square plate is bounded by the lines $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x = 20$ and $y = 20$. Its faces are insulated. The temperature along the upper horizontal edge is given by $u(x, 20) = x(20 - x)$, $0 < x < 20$ while the other ~~two~~ three edges are kept at 0°C . Find the steady state temperature distribution in the plate.



Solution :

Step 1 :

The two dimensional heat equation is,

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

Step 2 :

The boundary conditions are,

- (i) $u(0, y) = 0$, $0 < y < 20$
- (ii) $u(20, y) = 0$, $0 < y < 20$
- (iii) $u(x, 0) = 0$, $0 < x < 20$
- (iv) $u(x, 20) = x(20 - x)$, $0 < x < 20$

Step 3 :

The correct solution is,

$$u(x, y) = (c_1 \cos px + c_2 \sin px) (c_3 e^{py} + c_4 e^{-py}) \quad \rightarrow (1)$$

Step 4 : Applying condition (i) in (1),

$$u(0, y) = c_1 (c_3 e^{py} + c_4 e^{-py}) = 0$$

Here $c_3 e^{py} + c_4 e^{-py} \neq 0$ [\because It is defined for all y]

$$\therefore \boxed{c_1 = 0}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow u(x, y) = c_2 \sin px (c_3 e^{py} + c_4 e^{-py}) \quad \rightarrow (2)$$



Step 5 : Applying condition (ii) in (2),

$$u(20, y) = c_2 \sin 20p (c_3 e^{py} + c_4 e^{-py}) = 0$$

Here $c_3 e^{py} + c_4 e^{-py} \neq 0$ [\because It is defined for all y]

$c_2 \neq 0$ [\because $c_1 = 0$ we get a trivial solution]

$$\therefore \sin 20p = 0$$

$$\sin 20p = \sin n\pi$$

$$20p = n\pi$$

$$p = \frac{n\pi}{20}$$

Subs the value of p in (2),

$$u(x, y) = c_2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \left[c_3 e^{\frac{n\pi y}{20}} + c_4 e^{-\frac{n\pi y}{20}} \right]$$

Step 6 :

Applying condition (iii) in (3),

$$u(x, 0) = c_2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) (c_3 + c_4) = 0$$

Here $c_2 \neq 0$ [\because $c_1 = 0$ we get a trivial solution]

$\sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \neq 0$ [\because It is defined for all x]

$$\therefore c_3 + c_4 = 0$$

$$c_4 = -c_3$$

$$(3) \Rightarrow u(x, y) = c_2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \left[c_3 e^{\frac{n\pi y}{20}} - c_3 e^{-\frac{n\pi y}{20}} \right]$$

$$= c_2 c_3 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \left[e^{\frac{n\pi y}{20}} - e^{-\frac{n\pi y}{20}} \right]$$

$$= c_2 c_3 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \left[2 \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi y}{20}\right) \right]$$

$$\therefore u(x, y) = C_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi y}{20}\right) \text{ where}$$

$$C_n = 2c_2 c_3$$



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Step 7: The most general solution is

$$u(x,y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi y}{20}\right) \rightarrow (4)$$

Step 8: Applying condition (iv) in (4),

$$u(x,20) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh(n\pi) = x(20-x) \rightarrow (5)$$

Step 9: To find c_n :

Expand $f(x) = x(20-x)$ as a half range Fourier sine series in $(0,20)$.

$$\therefore f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \rightarrow (6)$$

$$\text{Where } b_n = \frac{2}{20} \int_0^{20} f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) dx$$

$$\text{From (5) \& (6), } b_n = c_n \sinh(n\pi)$$

$$\therefore c_n = \frac{1}{\sinh(n\pi)} \cdot \frac{1}{10} \int_0^{20} (20x - x^2) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{20} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{10 \sinh(n\pi)} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (20x - x^2) \left(-\frac{\cos \frac{n\pi x}{20}}{n\pi/20} \right) \Big|_0^{20} \\ + (20 - 2x) \frac{\sin \frac{n\pi x}{20}}{(n\pi/20)^2} - 2 \frac{\cos \frac{n\pi x}{20}}{(n\pi/20)^3} \Big|_0^{20} \end{array} \right.$$

$$= \frac{1}{10 \sinh n\pi} \left(\frac{-2 \times 20^3}{n^3 \pi^3} \right) [\cos n\pi - 1]$$

$$c_n = \frac{800}{\sinh n\pi} \times \frac{1}{n^3 \pi^3} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$\begin{array}{l} u = 20x - x^2 \\ u' = 20 - 2x \\ u'' = -2 \\ v = \sin \frac{n\pi x}{20} \\ v_1 = -\frac{\cos \frac{n\pi x}{20}}{n\pi/20} \\ v_2 = -\frac{\sin \frac{n\pi x}{20}}{(n\pi/20)^2} \\ v_3 = \frac{\cos \frac{n\pi x}{20}}{(n\pi/20)^3} \end{array}$$

Step 10: Subs the value of c_n in (4),

$$u(x,y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{800 [1 - (-1)^n]}{n^3 \pi^3 \sinh(n\pi)} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi y}{20}\right)$$