



UNIT I

MATHEMATICAL MODELLING OF SYSTEMS

16EE206 / CONTROL SYSTEMS / Dr.R.KARTHICK



INTRODUCTION



- The control systems can be represented with a set of mathematical equations known as mathematical model. These models are useful for analysis and design of control systems.
- The following mathematical models are mostly used.
 - Differential equation model
 - Transfer function model
 - State space model





- Transfer function model is an s-domain mathematical model of control systems.
- The Transfer function of a Linear Time Invariant (LTI) system is defined as the ratio of Laplace transform of output and Laplace transform of input by assuming all the initial conditions are zero.

$$\frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} \xrightarrow{Y(s)}$$





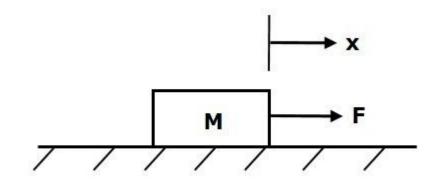
- Mechanical systems mainly consists of three main elements namely mass, dashpot and spring.
- If a force is applied to a translational mechanical system, then it is opposed by opposing forces due to mass, elasticity and friction of the system.
- Since the applied force and the opposing forces are in opposite directions, the algebraic sum of the forces acting on the system is zero



MECHNICAL SYSTEM



• Mass:



 $F_m \propto a$

$$F_m = M_a = M \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2}$$
$$F = F_m = M \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2}$$

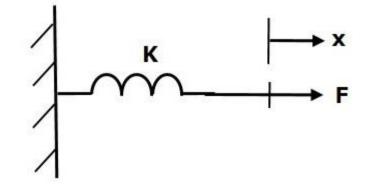
Where, **F** is the applied force $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{m}}$ is the opposing force due to mass **M** is mass **a** is acceleration **x** is displacement



MECHNICAL SYSTEM



• Spring:



 $F \propto x$

$$F_{k} = Kx$$
$$F = F_{k} = Kx$$

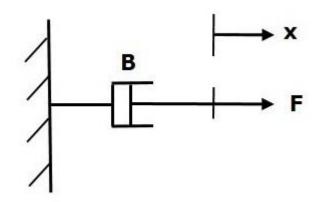
Where, **F** is the applied force $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{k}}$ is the opposing force due to elasticity of spring **K** is spring constant **x** is displacement

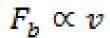


MECHNICAL SYSTEM



• Dashpot:





 $F_{b} = Bv = B\frac{dx}{dt}$ $F = F_{b} = B\frac{dx}{dt}$

Where, F_b is the opposing force due to friction of dashpot **B** is the frictional coefficient **v** is velocity **x** is displacement



ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



• The basic elements of electrical system are **resistor**, **inductor and capacitor**.

