

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

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DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

COURSE NAME : 19AUT202 - HYBRID ELECTRIC & FUEL CELL VEHICLE

II YEAR /III SEMESTER

Unit 5- Fuel Cell Components for Automotive Applications

Topic : Fuel Cell Based Vehicle

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INTRODUCTION



 \succ In the world presently there is some scarcity for fossil fuels and in future there

will be no more fossil fuels.

➢In order to overcome this problem many research are going to replace fossil
fuel newgrod IC Engine

fuel powered IC Engine.

>One of the new advanced method is the use of fuel cells instead of IC Engine.

≻ Fuel cell plays a vital role in the field of an automobile.





HYDROGEN FUEL POWERED VEHICLE



>In hydrogen powered vehicle, the conventional IC engine is replaced by the fuel cell.

≻The vehicle run based on the electricity produced by the fuel cell.

> The starting of the vehicle is run by battery, after sometimes fuel cell takes charge.





HYDROGEN FUEL POWERED VEHICLE



 \succ <u>Fuel cell vehicles</u> (FCV) use <u>fuel cells</u> to power the vehicle's electric motor.

- Many FCVs use a fuel cell combined with a battery and super capacitor to efficiently start-up, power, and utilize the best energy source for constant and peak power
 In FCVs, the fuel cell uses oxygen from the air and compressed hydrogen. These vehicles only emit water and heat as byproducts.
- ➤The major reason for developing automotive fuel cell technology are their efficiency, low or zero emissions, and fuel production from local sources rather than imported sources.

The starting of the vehicle is run by battery, after sometimes fuel cell takes charge.
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HYDROGEN FUEL POWERED VEHICLE















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LAYOUT



Fuel cell vehicles with onboard processors present several issues:

- The vehicles do not have zero emissions.
- Reformed hydrogen is not pure, and therefore decreases the fuel cell's efficiency.
- Onboard reforming increases the complexity, size, weight, and cost of the entire system.
- The long-term effects of fuel impurities on the fuel cell stack.







Vehicle	Production
Toyota Mirai	2015 - present
Honda Clarity	2016 - present
Hyundai Tucson Fuel Cell	2014 - present





COMPONENTS



- ➢Battery
- ≻Fuel stack
- ≻Electric motor
- ➢Boost converter
- ≻Power control unit
- ≻Hydrogen Tank



CONSTRUCTION



> The hydrogen tank is placed at the rear of the vehicle and the hydrogen tank is connected to the fuel opening of the fuel cell.

➤The fuel cell produced electricity is send to the booster and from there it is send to the electric motor.

- ➢ Battery is connected for the purpose of initial running condition.
- ➢ Power control unit controls all the operation of the vehicle.
- \succ The charging is also done side by side.



WORKING



≻The initial running of the car is achieved by the use of battery.

≻After sometimes the fuel cell starts working for running a car .

➤The Hydrogen fuel is introduced to fuel cell, there the chemical reaction takes place and hence the electricity is produced.

≻The produced electricity is transferred to the electrical motor to the wheels.

➤The Boost converter is used in between the fuel cell and electric motor line to boost up the current.

≻The power control unit takes full control of the car working.



VERY LOW LOAD CONDITION



- > In very low load condition the car is operated by the use of battery.
- > The fuel cell remains stationary at the time of very low load condition.
- > The Starting of the vehicle is not possible to operate with the fuel cell.
- ≻The Charging of battery is not done in this stage.



LOW LOAD CONDITION



- ≻In low load condition the car is operated by the use of Fuel cell.
- > The Battery remains stationary at the time of very low load condition.
- ≻The vehicle is powered completely by fuel cell at low load condition.
- ≻The Charging of battery is done in this stage.



HIGH LOAD CONDITION



➢In high load condition the car is operated by the use of both fuel cell and battery.

- ➤The vehicle requires more power at high load condition so both the battery and fuel cell will power the energy.
- ≻The Charging of battery is not done in this stage.



ADVANTAGES



- ≻Fuel cells have a higher efficiency than diesel or gas engines.
- ≻Silent in Operation.
- ≻Fuel cells can eliminate pollution.
- ≻Fuel cells do not need conventional fuels such as oil or gas etc.



DISADVANTAGES



- ≻There is a chance of explosions.
- ➢On-board storage is a major issue, as hydrogen tank would currently be too large for a car.
- ➢It is a very flammable gas (think of the Hindenburg), which further adds to the on-board storage problems.



HYDROGEN POWERED VEHICLES



- ≻2007 Honda FCX Clarity hydrogen fuel cell
- ≻2010 Mercedes-Benz F-Cell
- ≻2014 Hyundai Tucson FCEV
- >2015 Toyota Mirai production version of the FCV concept car
- ≻2016 River simple Rasa
- ≻2016 Honda Clarity Fuel Cell



CONCLUSION



- ≻The use of fuel cell is a growing renewable source for automotive application.
- ≻The production of Hydrogen fuel car is increasing day by day in the world.
- ≻In India the use of hydrogen fuel car is in developing stage.
- ≻In future the use of fuel cell will increase more and more.



REFERENCE



>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LSxPkyZOU7E







THANK YOU !!!

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