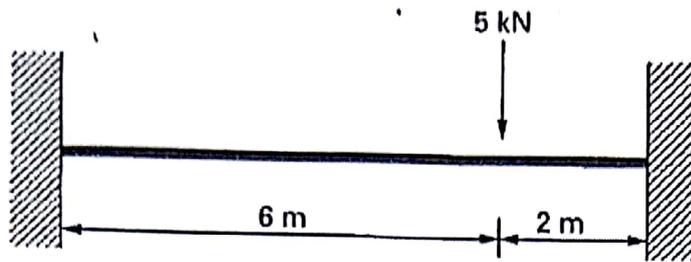




Calculate the deflection under the load in the statically indeterminate beam in figure.1., and predict the shear force and bending moment distributions.



$E = 200 \times 10^3 \text{ MPa}$
 $I = 4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$

$200 \times 10^3 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$

$1 \text{ Pa} = 10^{-6} \text{ N/mm}^2$

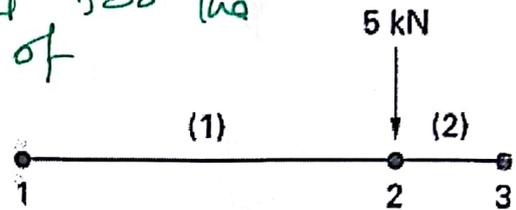
$1 \text{ MPa} = 1 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$1 \text{ Ksi} = 6.895 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$1 \text{ bar} = 0.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Figure .1.

The finite element model for the beam need only consist of two elements.



Stiffness matrix for Element (1)

$$k^{(1)} = \frac{EI}{L^3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6L & -12 & 6L \\ 6L & 4L^2 & -6L & 2L^2 \\ -12 & -6L & 12 & -6L \\ 6L & 2L^2 & -6L & 4L^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{200 \times 10^3 \times 10^6 \times 4 \times 10^{-6}}{(6)^3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6(6) & -12 & 6(6) \\ 6(6) & 4(6)^2 & -6(6) & 2(6)^2 \\ -12 & -6(6) & 12 & -6(6) \\ 6(6) & 2(6)^2 & -6(6) & 4(6)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{0.8 \times 10^{+6}}{216} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 36 & -12 & 36 \\ 36 & 144 & -36 & 72 \\ -12 & -36 & 12 & -36 \\ 36 & 72 & -36 & 144 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$= 10^{-6} \begin{bmatrix} 0.044 & 0.133 & -0.044 & 0.133 \\ 0.133 & 0.533 & -0.133 & 0.266 \\ -0.044 & -0.133 & 0.044 & -0.133 \\ 0.133 & 0.266 & -0.133 & 0.533 \end{bmatrix}$$

Stiffness matrix for element (2)

$$= \frac{0.8 \times 10^{+6}}{2^3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6(2) & -12 & 6(2) \\ 6(2) & 4(2)^2 & -6(2) & 2(2)^2 \\ -12 & -6(2) & 12 & -6(2) \\ 6(2) & 2(2)^2 & -6(2) & 4(2)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 10^{+6} \times \left[\frac{1}{10} \right] \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 12 & -12 & 12 \\ 12 & 16 & -12 & 8 \\ -12 & -12 & 12 & -12 \\ 12 & 8 & -12 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 10^{+6} \begin{bmatrix} 1.2 & 1.2 & -1.2 & 1.2 \\ 1.2 & 1.6 & -1.2 & 0.8 \\ -1.2 & -1.2 & 1.2 & -1.2 \\ 1.2 & 0.8 & -1.2 & 1.6 \end{bmatrix}$$



Including the load of $5kN$ applied at node 2, the final set of system equation is then $[K][U] = [F]$

$$10^6 \begin{bmatrix} 0.044 & 0.133 & -0.044 & 0.133 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.133 & 0.533 & -0.133 & 0.266 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ -0.044 & -0.133 & 1.244 & 1.067 & -1.2 & 1.2 \\ 0.133 & 0.266 & 1.067 & 2.133 & -1.2 & 0.8 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & -1.2 & -1.2 & 1.2 & -1.2 \\ 0.0 & 0.6 & 1.2 & 0.8 & -1.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} \cancel{V_1} \rightarrow 0 \\ \cancel{\theta_1} \rightarrow 0 \\ V_2 \\ \theta_2 \\ \cancel{V_3} \rightarrow 0 \\ \cancel{\theta_3} \rightarrow 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -5 \times 10^3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

However, before the equation can be solved, the constant conditions must be applied, namely $V_1 = \theta_1 = V_3 = \theta_3 = 0$

These result in reduced set of equation of $10^6 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1.244 & 1.067 \\ 1.067 & 2.133 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} V_2 \\ \theta_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \times 10^3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$1.244 \times 10^{16} V_2 + 1.067 \times 10^{16} \theta_2 = -5 \times 10^3 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$1.067 \times 10^{16} V_2 + 2.133 \times 10^{16} \theta_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Solve

$$V_2 = 0.007037 \text{ m} \quad \theta_2 = +0.00352 \text{ rad}$$

	V_1	θ_1	V_2	θ_2	V_3	θ_3
F_1	44,444.4	133,333.2	-44,444.4	133,333.2	0	0
M_1	133,333.2	533,332.8	-133,333.2	266,666.4	0	0
F_2	-44,444.4	-133,333.2	44,444.4	-133,333.2	1200,000	1200,000
M_2	133,333.2	266,666.4	-133,333.2	1600,000	-1200,000	800,000
F_3	0	0	-1200,000	-1200,000	1200,000	-1200,000
M_3	0	0	1200,000	800,000	-1200,000	1600,000

-5000
 $0 = 1244,444.4 V_2 + 1066,666.8 \theta_2$
 $0 = 1066,666.8 V_2 + 2133,332.8 \theta_2$

~~$V_2 = +0.007031$~~
 ~~$\theta_2 = +0.00352$~~
 $V_2 = -0.007031$
 $\theta_2 = 3.5156 \times 10^{-3}$ rad

~~$F_1 = 779.9$~~
 ~~$M_1 = 1874.966$~~

$F_1 = 779.9$ N
 $M_1 = 1874.966$
 $F_3 = 4218.444$ N
 $M_3 = -5624,696$ N·m

$M_A = \frac{F_1 b^2}{L^2} = 1875$
 $M_B = \frac{P a^2 b}{L^2} = 5625$