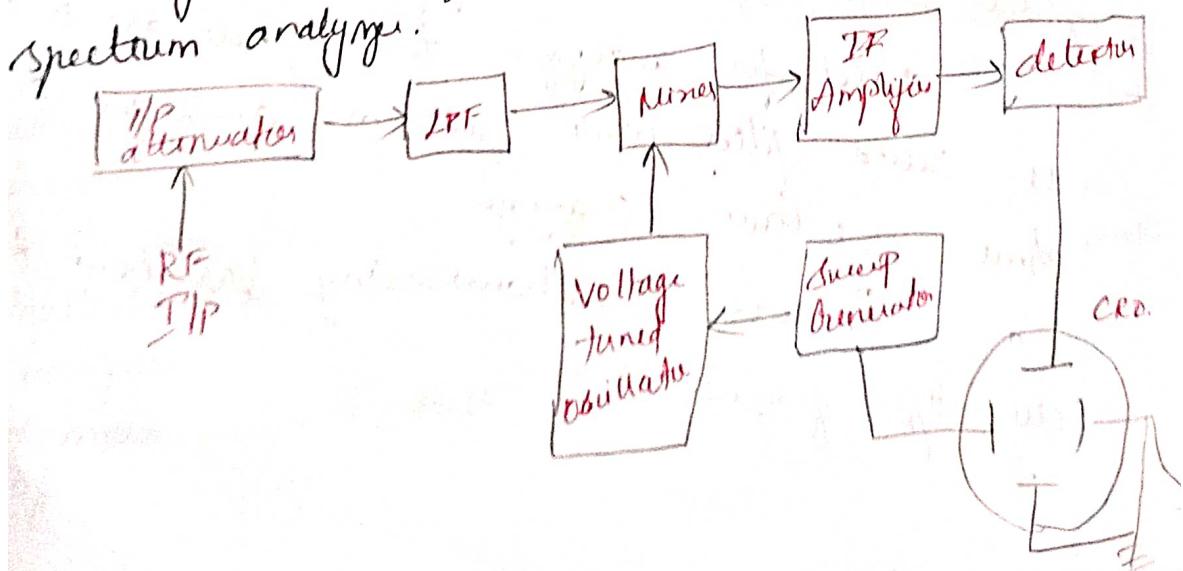


Working:-

- It has a set of band pass filters and each one is designed for allowing a specific band of frequency.
- The output of each band pass filter is given to a corresponding detector.
- All the detector outputs are connected to electronic switch.
- This switch allows the detector outputs sequentially to the vertical deflection plate of CRO.
- CRO displays frequency spectrum of AP signal on its CRT screen.

Superheterodyne spectrum analyzer:

The spectrum analyzer, used for analyzing the signals in RF range is called superheterodyne spectrum analyzer.



Working:

- RF signal, which is to be analyzed is applied to its attenuator. If the signal amplitude is too large, then it can be attenuated by an I/P attenuator.
- low pass filter - allows only the frequency components that are less than cut-off frequency.
- mixer gets the I/P from low pass filter and VCO (tuned oscillator). It produces an O/P which is the difference of frequencies of two signals that are applied to it.
- IF amplifier - amplifies the intermediate frequency signal. i.e., the O/P of mixer. The amplified IF signal is applied to detector.
- The O/P of detector is given to vertical deflector plate of CRO. CRO displays the frequency spectrum of RF signals on its CRT screen.