

## SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution

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# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

#### 19ECB211 - MICROCONTROLLER PROGRAMMING & INTERFACING

II YEAR IV SEM

UNIT V- ADVANCED MICROCONTROLLERS

TOPIC 1 – MSP430X22X2 Device Architecture



## **Advanced Microcontrollers**



- ➤ A Micro controller is a small computer on a single integrated and architecture circuit.
- ➤In Modern terminology, it's called Microcontroller because they have an execution time in the order of microseconds.
- ➤ While, the speed of <u>Microcontroller Programming</u> have increased over the years, but the name stuck.
- As much as, for the controller part, a microcontroller consists of a microprocessor unit, RAM, ROM, and some extra peripherals.



# **Types of Microcontrollers**



- ➤ PIC Microcontrollers
- >ARM Microcontrollers
- **>**8051 Microcontrollers
- >AVR Microcontrollers
- ➤ MSP Microcontrollers

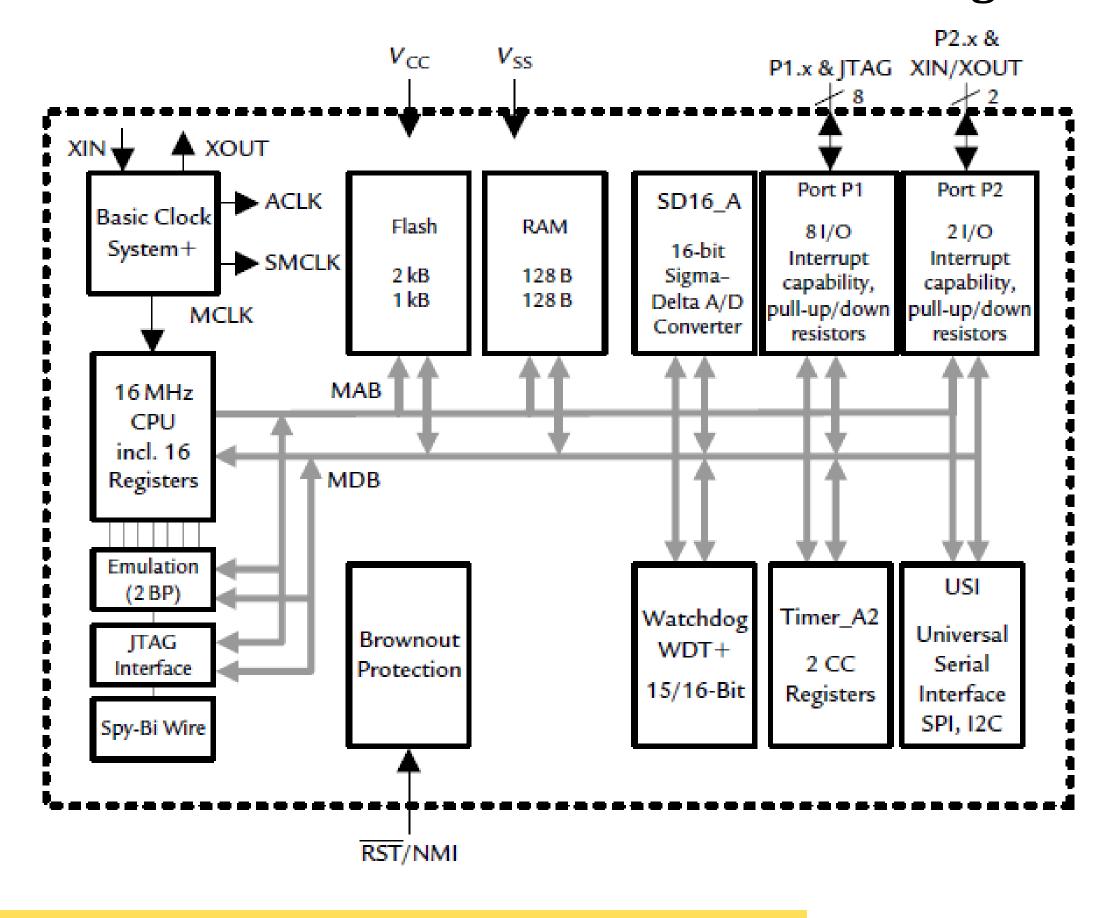
#### **MSP Microcontroller**

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- MSP stands for Mixed Signal Processor family from Texas Instruments
- ➤ It's the Built around a 16 -bit CPU, the MSP is designed for low cost and respectively, low power dissipation embedded statements.
- ➤ 16-bit data bus, and seven addressing modes and the decreased instructions set, which allows a shorter, denser programming code for fast performance.
- The Range of Microcontroller is an IC chip that executes programs for controlling other device or machines.
- ➤ It is a micro-device which is used for control of other device machines that's why it's called Microcontrollers Programming.

## MSP Microcontroller -Architecture Diagram



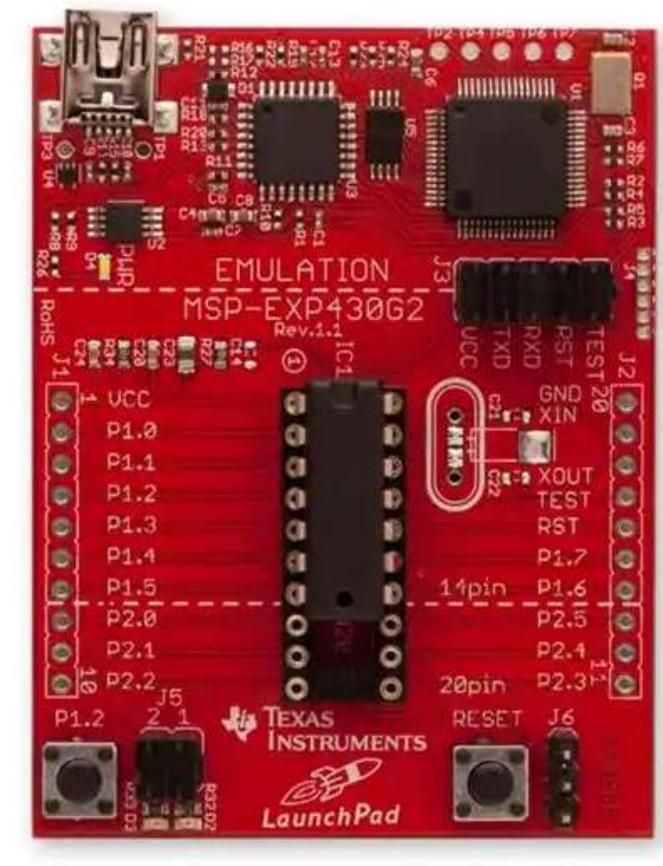






#### MSP430- Controller

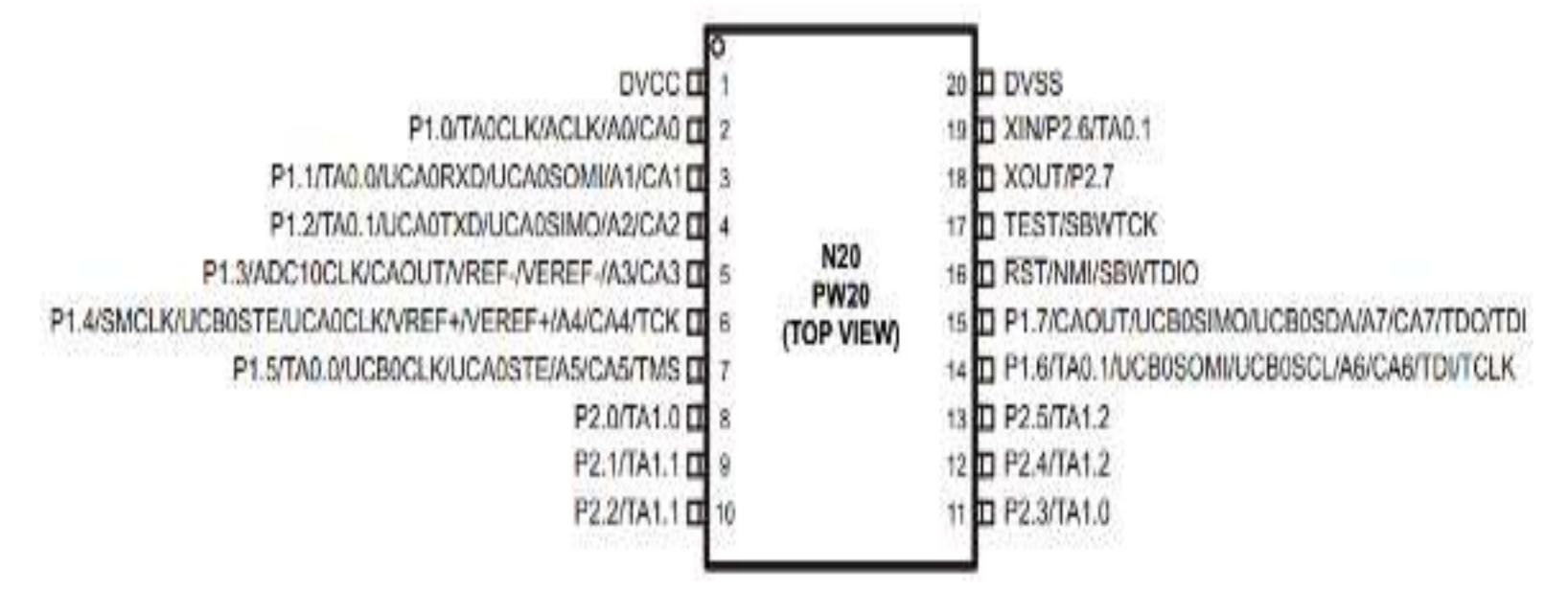






# MSP430X22X2-Pin Out Diagram







## Features of MSP430



## Features of MSP430

- A low power Microcontroller released by Texas Instruments in the late 1990s.
- A 16-bit RISC based mixed signal processing microcontroller.
- Large register file with 16 bits wide & can be used for either data or address.
- With a set of intelligent peripherals like I/O, Timers ADC, DAC, flexible clock and USCI
- low cost



- lowest power consumption
- Ultra low power optimization extends battery life
- multiple low power modes of operation



### Features of MSP430



- Extensive interrupt capability relieves need for polling
- Prioritized nested interrupts
- Seven source-addressing modes
- Four destination-addressing modes
- Only 27 core instructions and 24 Emulated Instruction
  - Fast hex-to-decimal conversion



### Features of MSP430



- MSP430 requires
  - 0.1 μ A for RAM data Retention,
  - 0.8 μ A for RTC mode operation
  - 250 μA for active mode operation.
  - 1 μA for standby mode
- Low operation voltage (from 1.8 V to 3.6 V).
- Zero-power Brown-Out -Reset (BOR)



# **MSP430** Pheripherals



- Watchdog timer
- > Real time clock
- Analog to Digital Converter
- Communication Interface
- ➤ Non volatile memory for data



# **Application of MSP430**



- Automation
- Medical Devices
- Data Loggers
- Analog and Digital Sensor Systems
- Connection to USB hosts



# References



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