



**SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY, COIMBATORE-35**

**(AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION)**



**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

**19CST202-DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

## **UNIT-III**

### **Database Design**

**Topic: BCNF**

#### **Boyce Codd normal form (BCNF)**

- BCNF is the advance version of 3NF. It is stricter than 3NF.
- A table is in BCNF if every functional dependency  $X \rightarrow Y$ , X is the super key of the table.
- For BCNF, the table should be in 3NF, and for every FD, LHS is super key.

**Example:** Let's assume there is a company where employees work in more than one department.

**EMPLOYEE table:**

<b>EMP_ID</b>	<b>EMP_COUNTRY</b>	<b>EMP_DEPT</b>	<b>DEPT_TYPE</b>	<b>EMP_DEPT_NO</b>
264	India	Designing	D394	283
264	India	Testing	D394	300
364	UK	Stores	D283	232
364	UK	Developing	D283	549

**In the above table Functional dependencies are as follows:**

1. EMP\_ID → EMP\_COUNTRY
2. EMP\_DEPT → {DEPT\_TYPE, EMP\_DEPT\_NO}

**Candidate key: {EMP-ID, EMP-DEPT}**

The table is not in BCNF because neither EMP\_DEPT nor EMP\_ID alone are keys.

To convert the given table into BCNF, we decompose it into three tables:

**EMP\_COUNTRY table:**

EMP_ID	EMP_COUNTRY
264	India
264	India

**EMP\_DEPT table:**

EMP_DEPT	DEPT_TYPE	EMP_DEPT_NO
Designing	D394	283
Testing	D394	300
Stores	D283	232
Developing	D283	549

**EMP\_DEPT\_MAPPING table:**

EMP_ID	EMP_DEPT
D394	283
D394	300
D283	232

D283

549

**Functional dependencies:**

1. EMP\_ID → EMP\_COUNTRY
2. EMP\_DEPT → {DEPT\_TYPE, EMP\_DEPT\_NO}