



# SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore – 35  
An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with ‘A+’ Grade  
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

## DEPARTMENT OF AIML

### PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

#### I YEAR - I SEM

#### UNIT III – ARRAYS AND STRINGS

#### TOPIC – MATRIX OPERATIONS

##### **Matrix Addition**

```
mat1 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}
```

```
mat2 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}
```

```
mat1 + mat2 = {{2, 4}, {6, 8}}
```

##### **Matrix Subtraction**

```
mat1 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}
```

```
mat2 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}
```

```
mat1 - mat2 = {{0, 0}, {0, 0}}
```

##### **Matrix Multiplication**

```
mat1 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}
```

```
mat2 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}
```

```
mat1 * mat2 = {{7, 10}, {15, 22}}
```



## MATRIX ADDITION:

### ALGORITHM

1. Input the order of the matrix.
2. Input the matrix 1 elements.
3. Input the matrix 2 elements.
4. Repeat from  $i = 0$  to  $m$
5. Repeat from  $j = 0$  to  $n$
6.  $\text{mat3}[i][j] = \text{mat1}[i][j] + \text{mat2}[i][j]$
7. Print mat3.

### PROGRAM CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    //fill your code

    int m, n;
    scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);

    int i, j;
    int mat1[m][n], mat2[m][n], mat3[m][n];

    for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
            scanf("%d",&mat1[i][j]);
    }

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
            scanf("%d",&mat2[i][j]);
    }

    for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
            mat3[i][j] = mat1[i][j] + mat2[i][j];
    }

    for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
            printf("%d ", mat3[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```



```
for(i = 0; i < m; i++)  
{  
    for(j = 0; j < n; j++)  
    {  
        mat3[i][j] = mat1[i][j] + mat2[i][j];  
    }  
}  
  
for(i = 0; i < m; i++)  
{  
    for(j = 0; j < n; j++)  
        printf("%d ", mat3[i][j]);  
    printf("\n");  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
λ  OUTPUT  
  
2 2 (order of the matrix)  
  
1 2 3 4 (matrix 1 elements)  
  
2 3 4 5 (matrix 2 elements)  
  
3 5 (resultant matrix)  
  
7 9
```



## MATRIX SUBTRACTION:

### ALGORITHM

1. Input the order of the matrix.
2. Input the matrix 1 elements.
3. Input the matrix 2 elements.
4. Repeat from  $i = 0$  to  $m$
5. Repeat from  $j = 0$  to  $n$
6.  $\text{mat3}[i][j] = \text{mat1}[i][j] - \text{mat2}[i][j]$
7. Print mat3.

### PROGRAM CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int m, n;
    scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
    int i, j;
    int mat1[m][n], mat2[m][n], mat3[m][n];
    for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
            scanf("%d",&mat1[i][j]);
    }
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
            scanf("%d",&mat2[i][j]);
    }
```



```
for(i = 0; i < m; i++)  
{  
    for(j = 0; j < n; j++)  
    {  
        mat3[i][j] = mat1[i][j] - mat2[i][j];  
    }  
}
```

```
for(i = 0; i < m; i++)  
{  
    for(j = 0; j < n; j++)  
        printf("%d ", mat3[i][j]);  
    printf("\n");  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

## OUTPUT

```
OUTPUT  
  
2 2 (order of the matrix)  
  
5 6 7 8 (matrix 1 elements)  
  
1 2 3 4 (matrix 2 elements)  
  
4 4 (resultant matrix)  
  
4 4
```



## MATRIX MULTIPLICATION:

### ALGORITHM

1. Input the order of the matrix1 ( m \* n).
2. Input the order of matrix2 ( p \* q ).
3. Input the matrix 1 elements.
4. Input the matrix 2 elements.
5. Repeat from i = 0 to m
6. Repeat from j = 0 to q
7. repeat from k = 0 to p
8. sum=sum+ mat1[c][k] \* mat2[k][d];
9. mat3[c][d]=sum
10. Print mat3.

### PROGRAM CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int m, n, p, q, c, d, k, sum = 0;
    int mat1[10][10], mat2[10][10], mat3[10][10];

    printf("Enter number of rows and columns of mat1 matrix\n");
    scanf("%d%d", &m, &n);

    printf("Enter elements of matrix 1\n");

    for (c = 0; c < m; c++)
        for (d = 0; d < n; d++)
            scanf("%d", &mat1[c][d]);
```



```
printf("\nEnter number of rows and columns of mat2 matrix\n");
scanf("%d%d", &p, &q);
```

```
if (n != p)
```

```
printf("\nThe matrices can't be multiplied with each other.\n");
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
printf("\nEnter elements of matrix2\n");
```

```
for (c = 0; c < p; c++)
```

```
for (d = 0; d < q; d++)
```

```
scanf("%d", &mat2[c][d]);
```

```
for (c = 0; c < m; c++) {
```

```
for (d = 0; d < q; d++) {
```

```
for (k = 0; k < p; k++) {
```

```
sum = sum + mat1[c][k]*mat2[k][d];
```

```
}
```

```
mat3[c][d] = sum;
```

```
sum = 0;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\nProduct of the matrices:\n");
```

```
for (c = 0; c < m; c++) {
```



```
for (d = 0; d < q; d++)  
  
printf("%d\t", mat3[c][d]);  
  
printf("\n");  
}  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

## OUTPUT

```
OUTPUT  
  
Enter number of rows and columns of mat1 matrix  
2 2  
  
Enter elements of matrix 1  
2 3 4 5  
  
Enter number of rows and columns of mat2 matrix  
2 2  
  
Enter elements of matrix 2  
1 2 3 4  
  
Product of the matrices:  
11 16  
19 28
```