

CONSTRAINED MAXIMA MINIMA

Maxima and minima by Lagrange's Multiplier Method.
Procedure

Step 1: Write $f(x, y, z)$ and $g(x, y, z)$

Step 2: Find $F = f + \lambda g$

Step 3: Find
$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \lambda} = 0 \rightarrow$ Find values of x, y, z

Step 4: Substitute the value of x, y, z in $f(x, y, z)$

① Find the maximum value of x, y, z subject to the condition $x + y + z = a$

$$f(x, y, z) = xyz$$

$$g(x, y, z) = x + y + z - a$$

$$F = f + \lambda g$$

$$F = xyz + \lambda(x + y + z - a) \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = yz + \lambda x$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = xz + \lambda y$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = xy + \lambda z$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \lambda} = x + y + z - a$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} yz + \lambda &= 0 \\ -\lambda &= yz \rightarrow \textcircled{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} xz + \lambda &= 0 \\ -\lambda &= xz \rightarrow \textcircled{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} xy + \lambda &= 0 \\ -\lambda &= xy \rightarrow \textcircled{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \lambda} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$x + y + z - a = 0$$

$$x + y + z = a \rightarrow \textcircled{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ \& } \textcircled{3}$$

$$yz = xz$$

$$\boxed{y = x}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \text{ \& } \textcircled{4}$$

$$xz = xy$$

$$\boxed{z = y}$$

$$\boxed{x = y = z}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \Rightarrow$$

$$x + x + x = a$$

$$3x = a$$

$$x = a/3, y = a/3, z = a/3$$

Maximum value $\frac{0}{n}$

$$f = xyz = a/3 \cdot a/3 \cdot a/3 = \frac{a^3}{27}$$

Q. A rectangular box open at the top is to have a volume of 32 cc. Find the dimension of the box requiring the least material for the construction.

Sol

$$f(x, y, z) = xyz$$

Let x, y, z be the length, breadth & height of the box, the surface area of the box should be least.

The surface area $S = xy + 2yz + 2zx$. subject to $xyz = 32$

The auxiliary fn is $F = f + \lambda g$

$$F = (xy + 2yz + 2zx) + \lambda (xyz - 32) \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = y + 2z + \lambda yz$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = x + 2z + \lambda z x$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 2x + 2y + \lambda xy$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \lambda} = xyz - 32$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$y + 2z + \lambda yz = 0$$

$$-\lambda yz = y + 2z$$

$$-\lambda = \frac{1}{z} + \frac{2}{y} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 0 \Rightarrow x + 2z + \lambda z x = 0$$

$$-\lambda z x = x + 2z$$

$$-\lambda = \frac{x+2z}{z} = \frac{x}{z} + \frac{2}{z} \rightarrow \textcircled{3}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 0 \Rightarrow 2x + 2y + \lambda xy = 0$$

$$-\lambda xy = \frac{2}{y} + \frac{2}{x} \rightarrow \textcircled{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \lambda} = 0 \Rightarrow xyz - 32 = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ \& } \textcircled{3} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{z} + \frac{2}{y} = \frac{x}{z} + \frac{2}{z}$$

$$2x = 2y$$

$$x = y$$

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ \& } \textcircled{4} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{z} + \frac{2}{x} = \frac{2}{y} + \frac{2}{x}$$

$$x = y = 2z$$

$$y = 2z$$

$$\textcircled{5} \Rightarrow$$

$$(x) (x) (x/2) = 32$$

$$x^3 = 64$$

$$\therefore x = 4, y = 4, z = 2$$

\(\therefore\) Least material for the construction is

$$f = 16 + 2(4)(2) + 2(2)(4)$$

$$= 16 + 16 + 16 = 48$$

Find the minimum value of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ subject to the condition $x + y + z = 3a$

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$

$$g(x, y, z) = x + y + z - 3a$$

$$F = f + \lambda g$$

$$= x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + \lambda(x + y + z - 3a)$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = 2x + \lambda \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 2y + \lambda \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 2z + \lambda$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = 0, \quad 2x + \lambda = 0 \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 0, \quad 2y + \lambda = 0 \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 0, \quad 2z + \lambda = 0$$

$$-\lambda = 2x \rightarrow \textcircled{2} \quad -\lambda = 2y \rightarrow \textcircled{3} \quad -\lambda = 2z \rightarrow \textcircled{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \lambda} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\partial F}{\partial \lambda} = x + y + z - 3a, \quad x + y + z - 3a = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{5}$$

From $\textcircled{2}$ & $\textcircled{3}$ $2x = 2y \Rightarrow x = y \Rightarrow x = y = z$

From $\textcircled{3}$ & $\textcircled{4}$ $2y = 2z \Rightarrow y = z$

From $\textcircled{5}$ $x + x + x = 3a$
 $x = a \Rightarrow y = a, z = a$

Minimum value is $f = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$
 $= a^2 + a^2 + a^2 = 3a^2$

The temperature T at any point in space is $T = 100xyz^2$
 Find the highest temperature on the surface of unit sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$