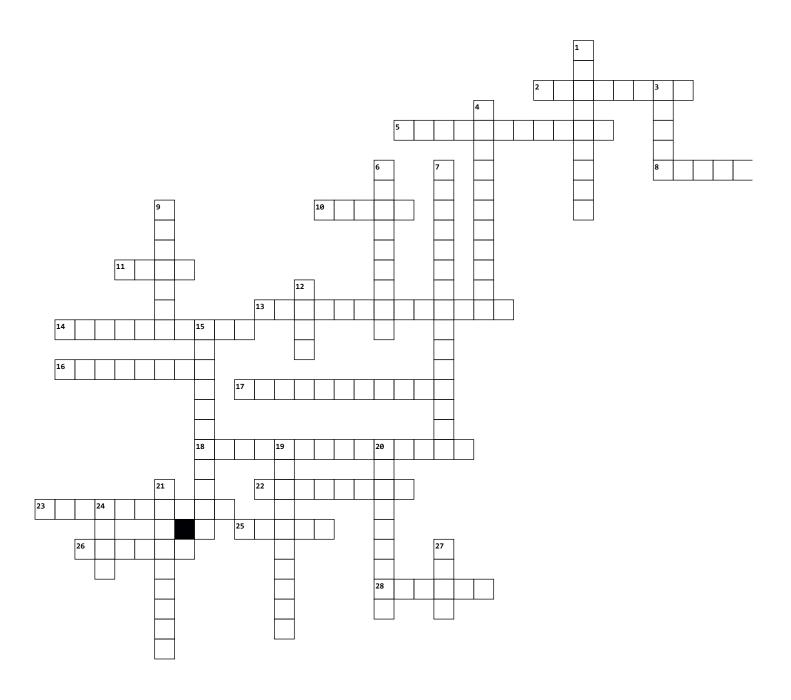
Digital Image Processing



Across

- 2. controlled by window width
- **5.** process with kernel and image
- **8.** type of compression where image detail lost
- 10. element of a digital image
- **11.** low pass filtering kernel has all values greater than ____
- 13. no input from radiographer

Down

- 1. histogram sliding and stretching
- **3.** size of kernel that enhances small structures
- **4.** image postprocessing class that reduces image size
- 6. MRI image domain
- **7.** multiple sub-images involved in processing

- **14.** sum of kernel values at 0 will suppress _____
- **16.** filter retains high frequency data
- **17.** image postprocessing class that improves image quality
- **18.** does not involve alteration of raw data
- 22. CT image domain
- **23.** high density area on image has low _____
- **25.** look-up table slope for high image contrast
- 26. a small matrix
- **28.** size of window width that improves image contrast

- **9.** used to transform image domains
- 12. non-functional pixel
- **15.** filter decomposes image into high- and low-frequency components
- **19.** profound effect on image final appearance
- 20. effect of low-pass filter
- **21.** change negative (white bone) to positive (dark bone)
- **24.** histogram plots _____ levels
- **27.** image appearance when histogram values are concentrated at lower end