

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY An Autonomous Institution Coimbatore-35

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING 19ECB212 – DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

II YEAR/ IV SEMESTER

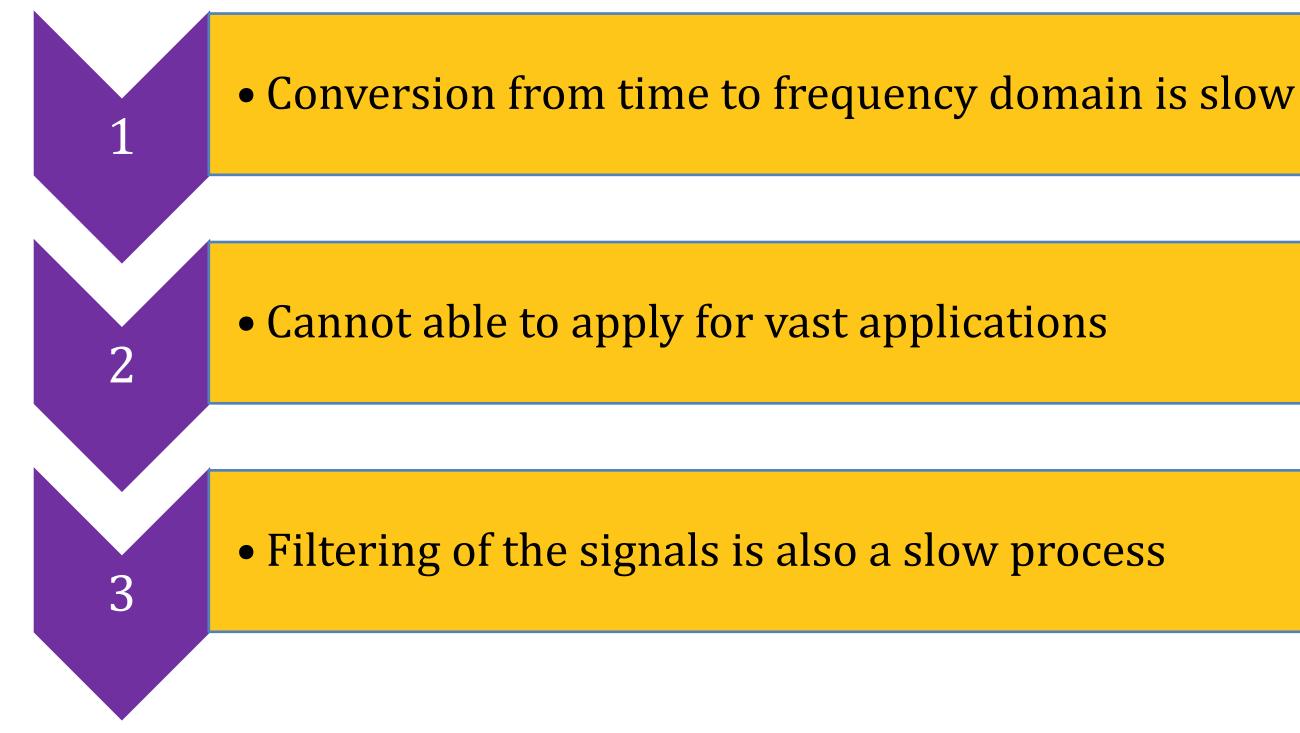
UNIT 1 – DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM

TOPIC – FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM - DIT









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Decimation in Time FFT/19ECB212 – DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING/R.SATHISH KUMAR/ECE/SNSCT





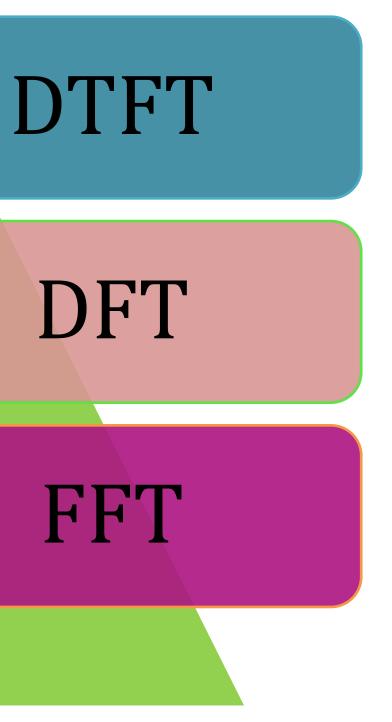
METHOD

DFT

FFT

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FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM

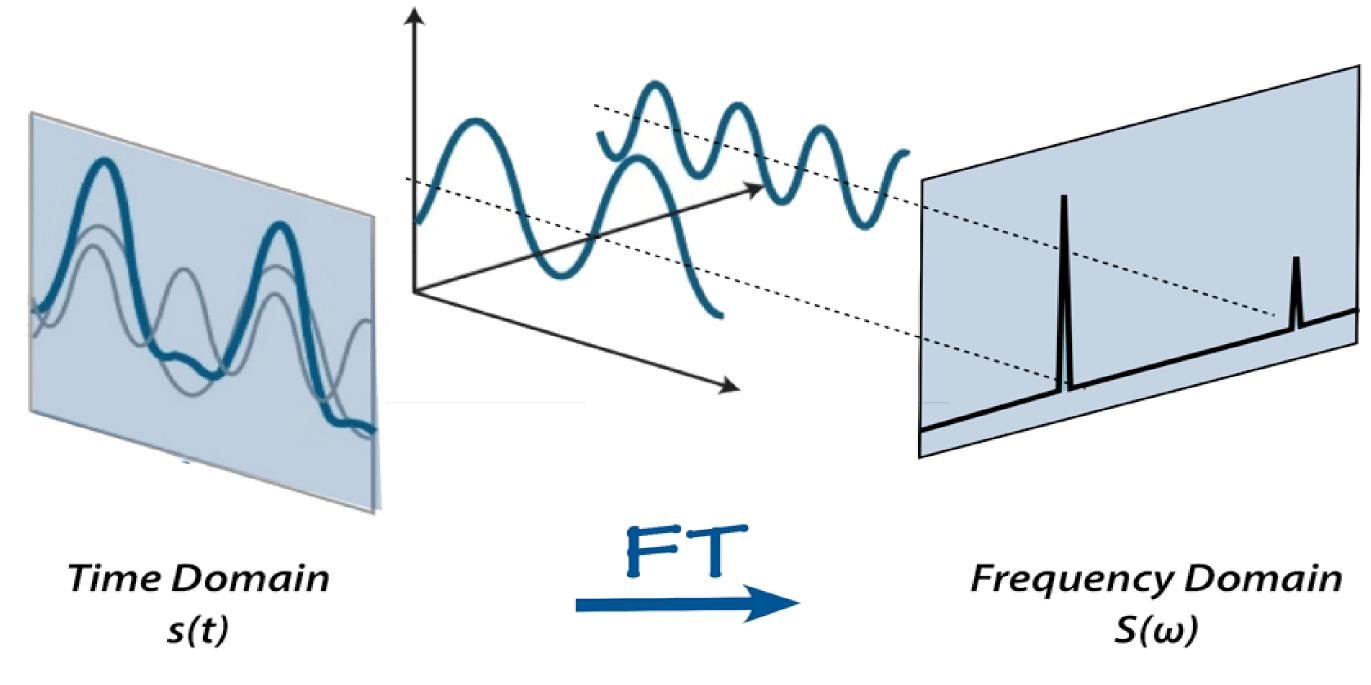
- The Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) is a family of algorithms that \bullet calculates efficiently the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT)
- The DFT is also a sequence, X[k] lacksquare
- This efficiency of the FFT is at a maximum when the length of the ulletsequence is a power of 2, i.e., $N=2^{p}$, with p is a positive integer
- The complexity of FFT algorithms is $O(Nlog_2N)$. ullet







FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM



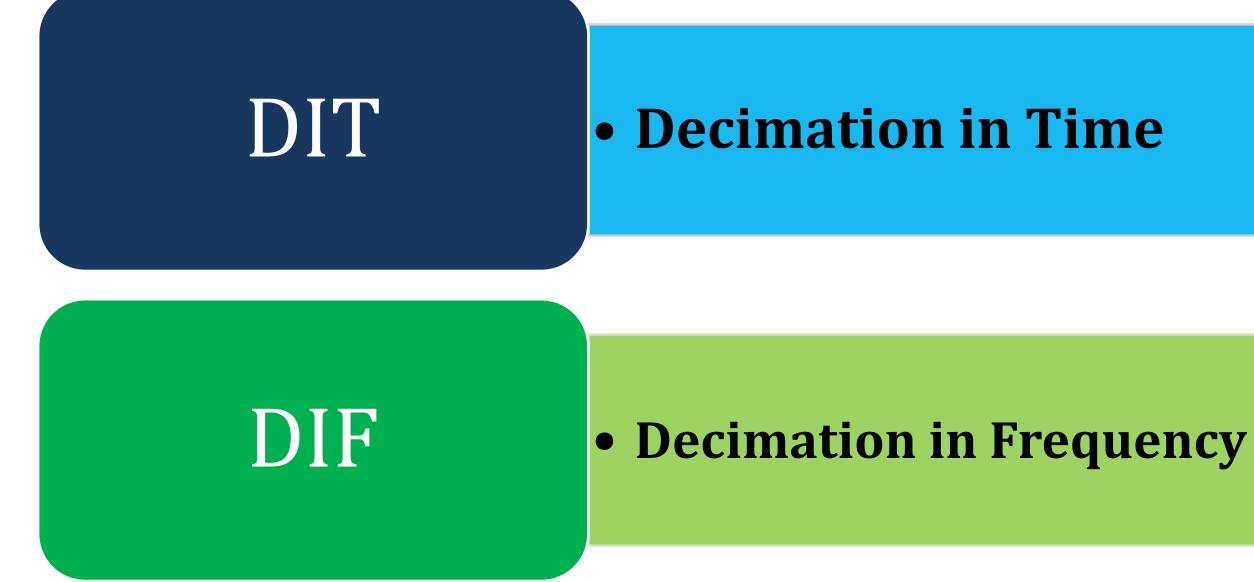
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METHODS OF FFT

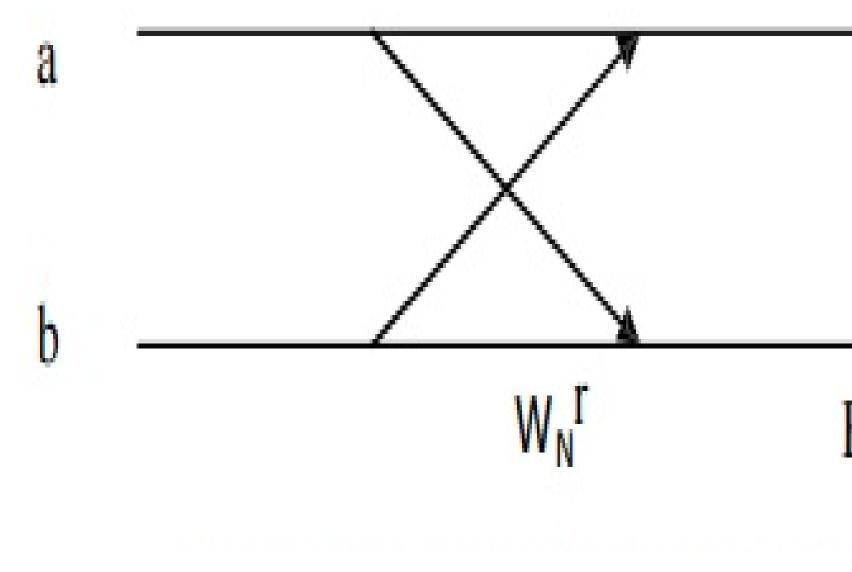


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RADIX 2 DIT FFT



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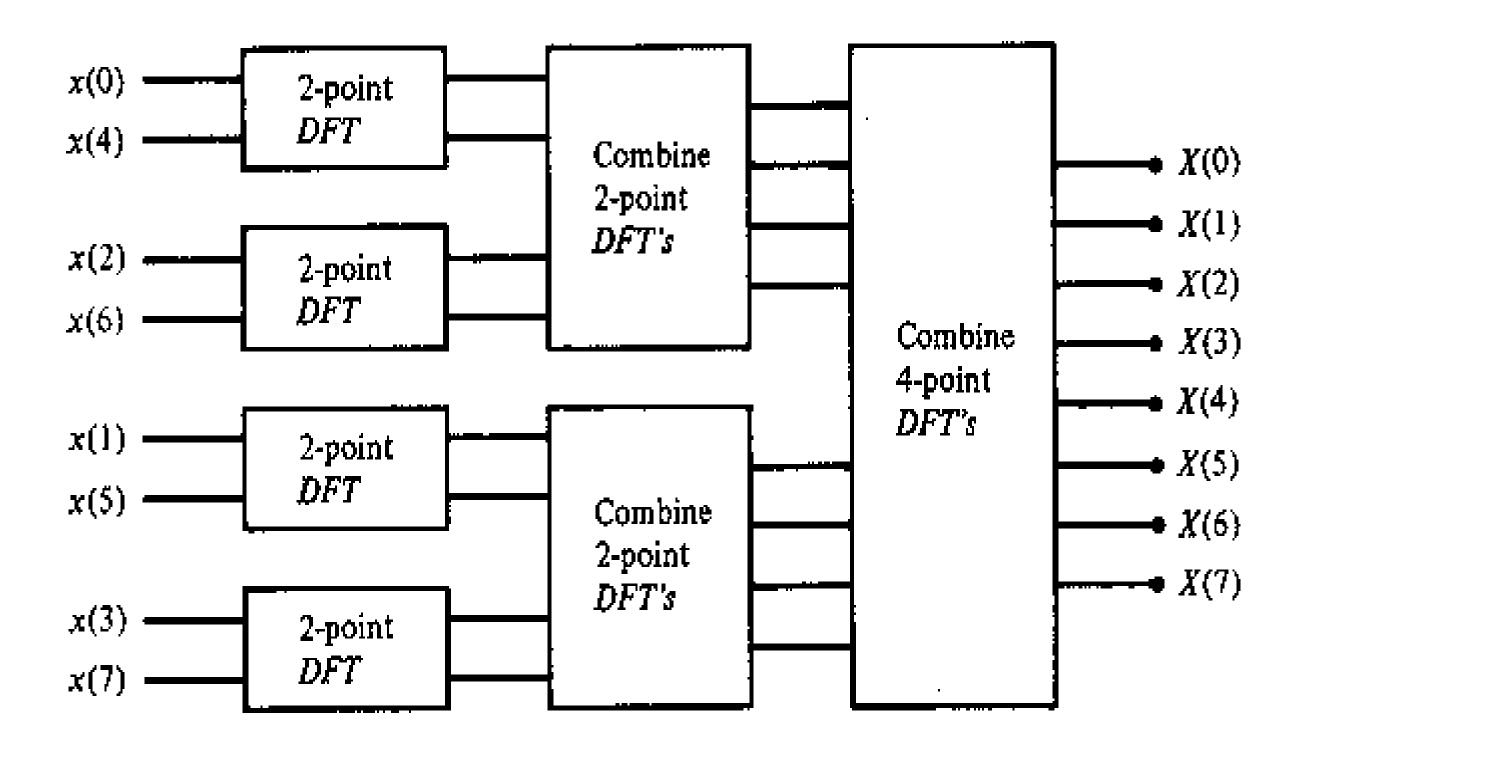


-A=a+b

$B=(a-b)W_N^r$



DECIMATION IN TIME FLOW GRAPH



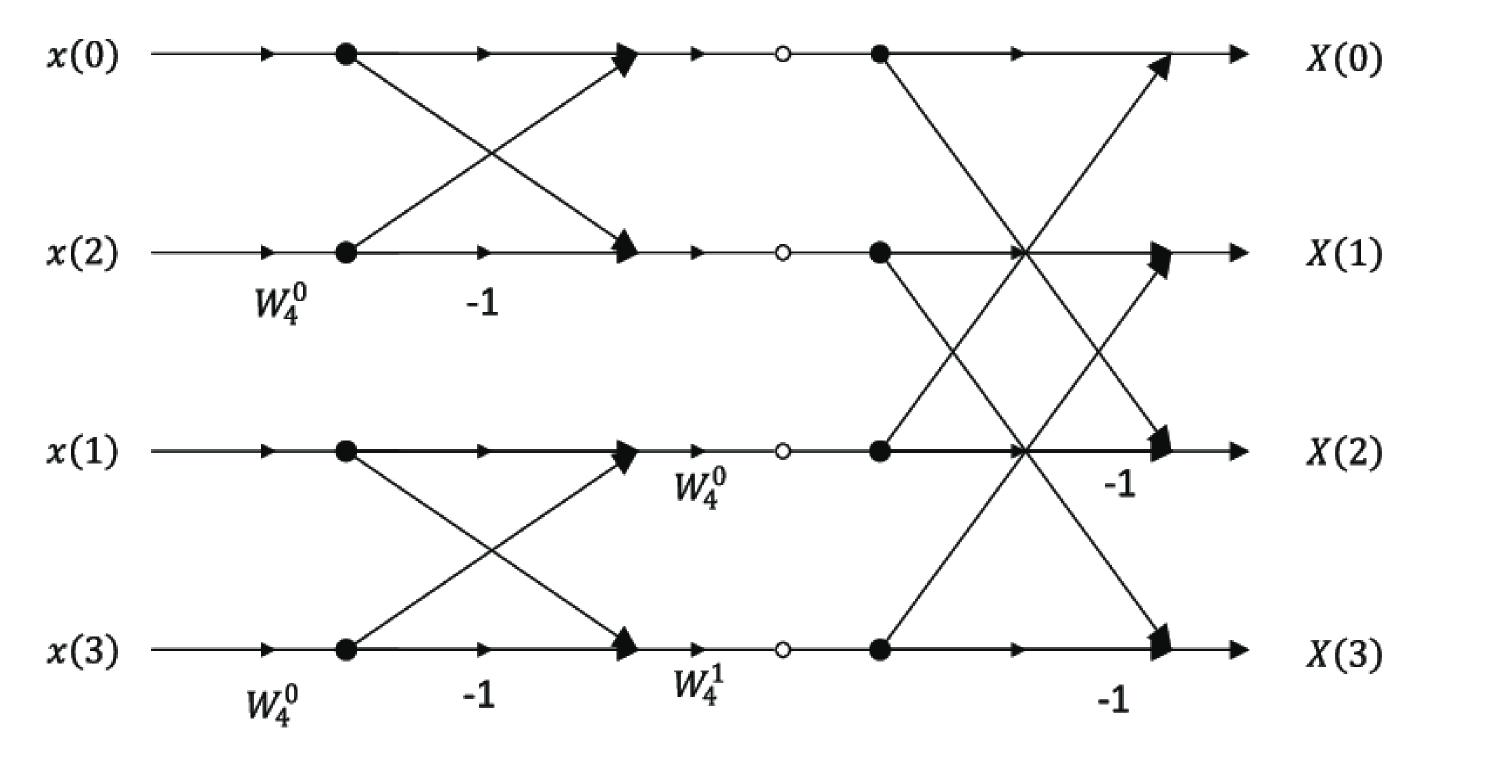
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4 POINT DECIMATION IN TIME FFT



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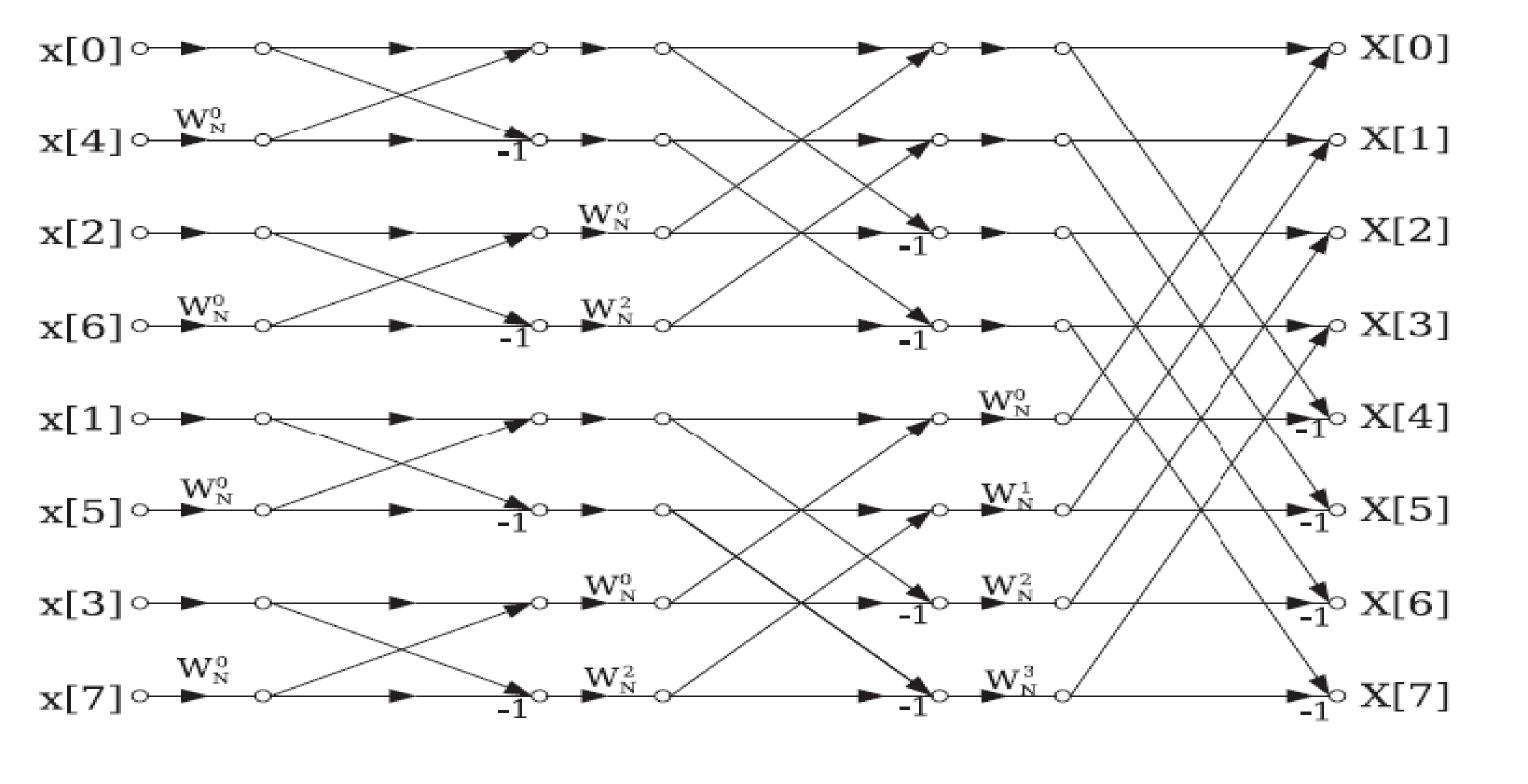
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8 POINT DECIMATION IN TIME FFT



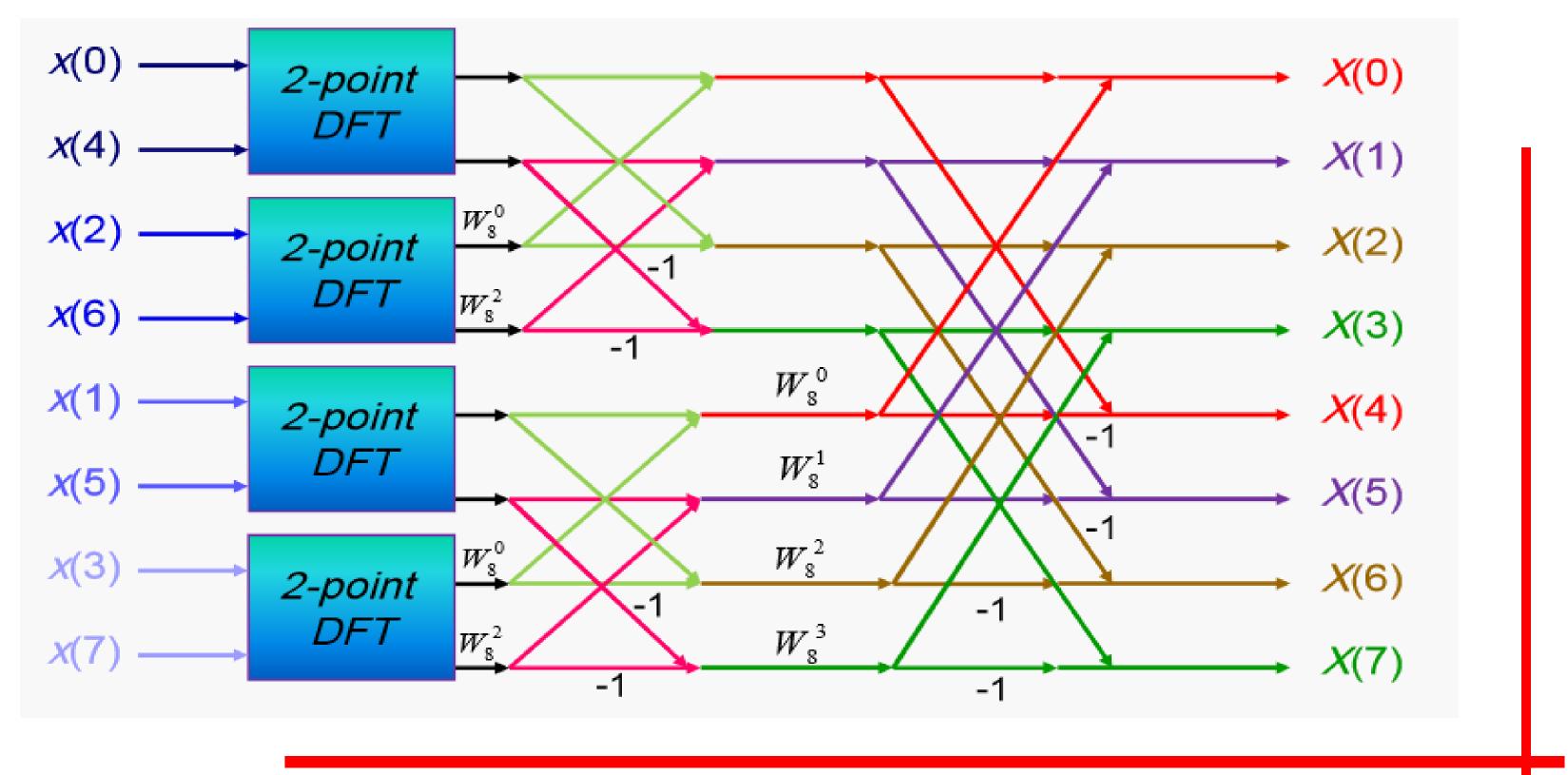
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DECIMATION IN TIME FFT



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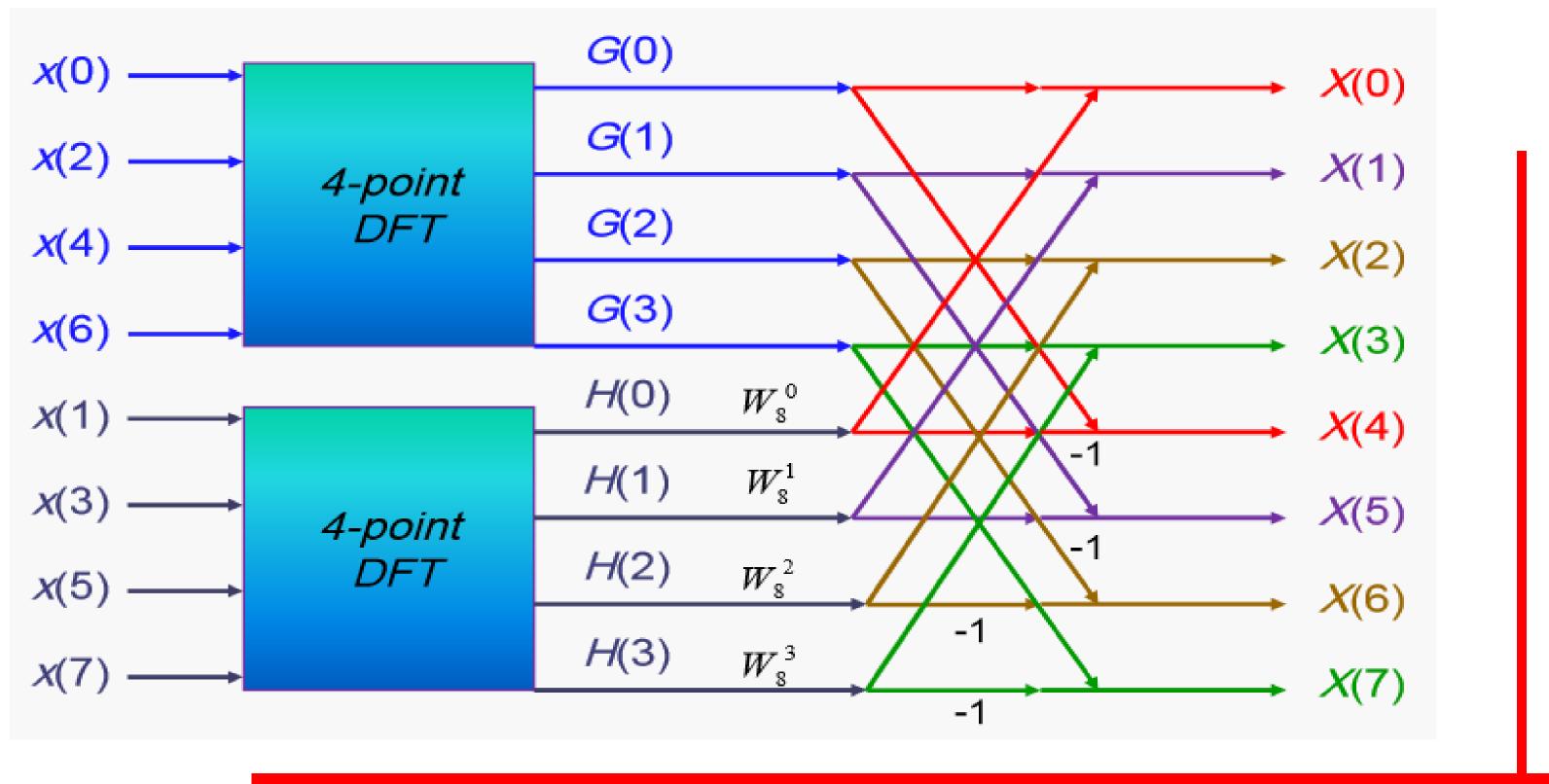
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DECIMATION IN TIME FFT



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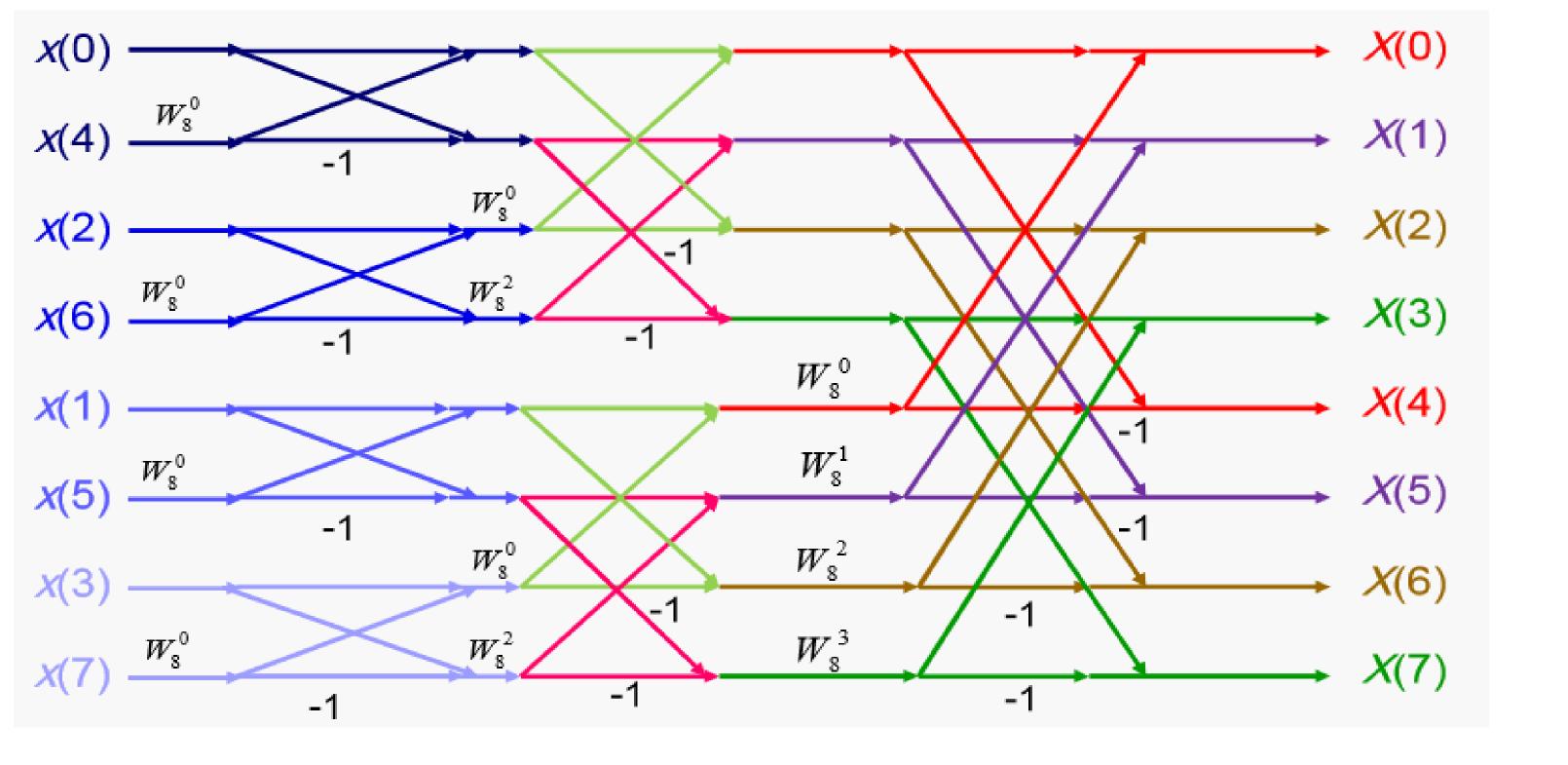
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DECIMATION IN TIME FFT



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INPUT SEQUENCE ORDER

Original	Binary Form	Reversed Form	Final
0	000	000	0
1	001	100	4
2	010	010	2
3	011	110	6
4	100	001	1
5	101	101	5
6	110	011	3
7	111	111	7







COMPLEX MULTIPLICATIONS

- Each inner product requires N complex multiplications
- There are N inner products
- *Hence we require* N² *multiplications*
- However, the first row and first column are all 1s, and should not be counted as multiplications
- *There are 2N –1 such instances*
- Hence, the number of complex multiplications is N^2-2N+1 , i.e., $(N-1)^2$

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COMPLEX & DDITIONS

- Each inner product requires N –1 complex additions
- There are N inner products
- *Hence we require N(N 1) complex additions*
- No. of complex multiplications: $(N-1)^2$
- No. of complex additions: N(N -1)

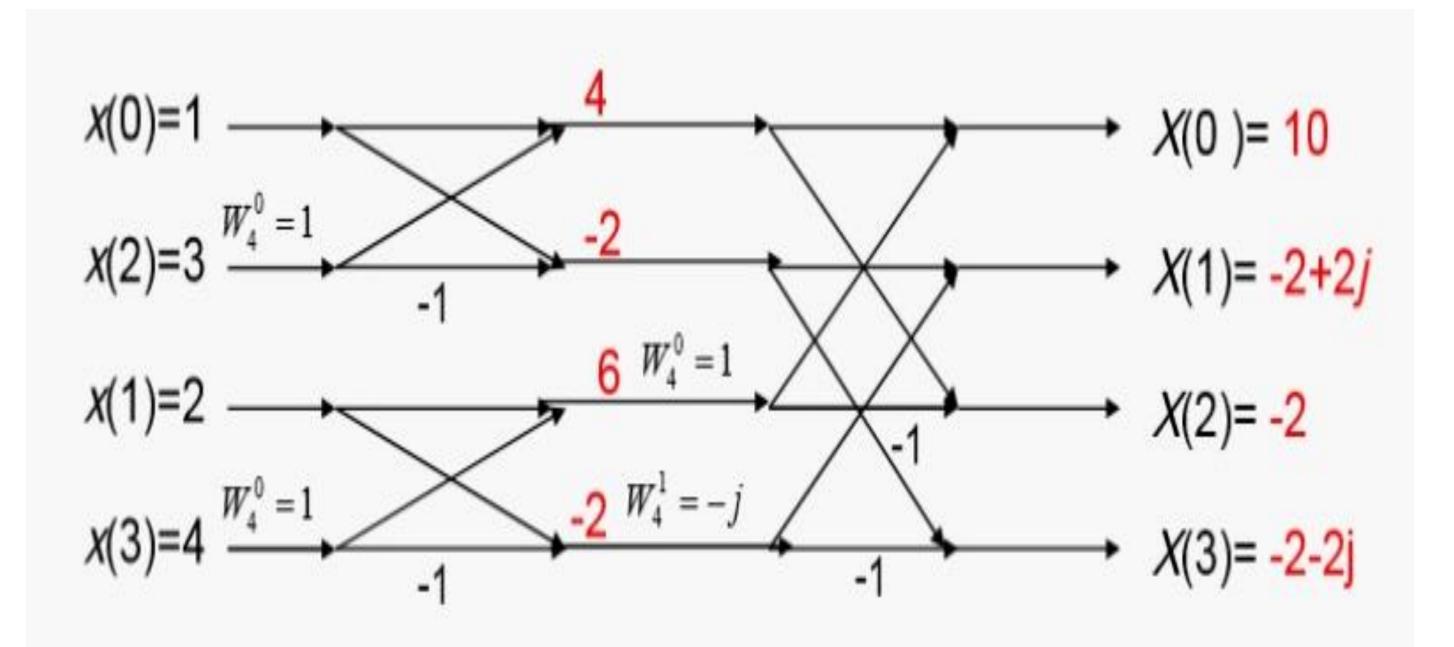






DECIMATION IN TIME

Given x(n)={1,2,3,4}, find X[k] using 4 Point DIT FFT algorithm



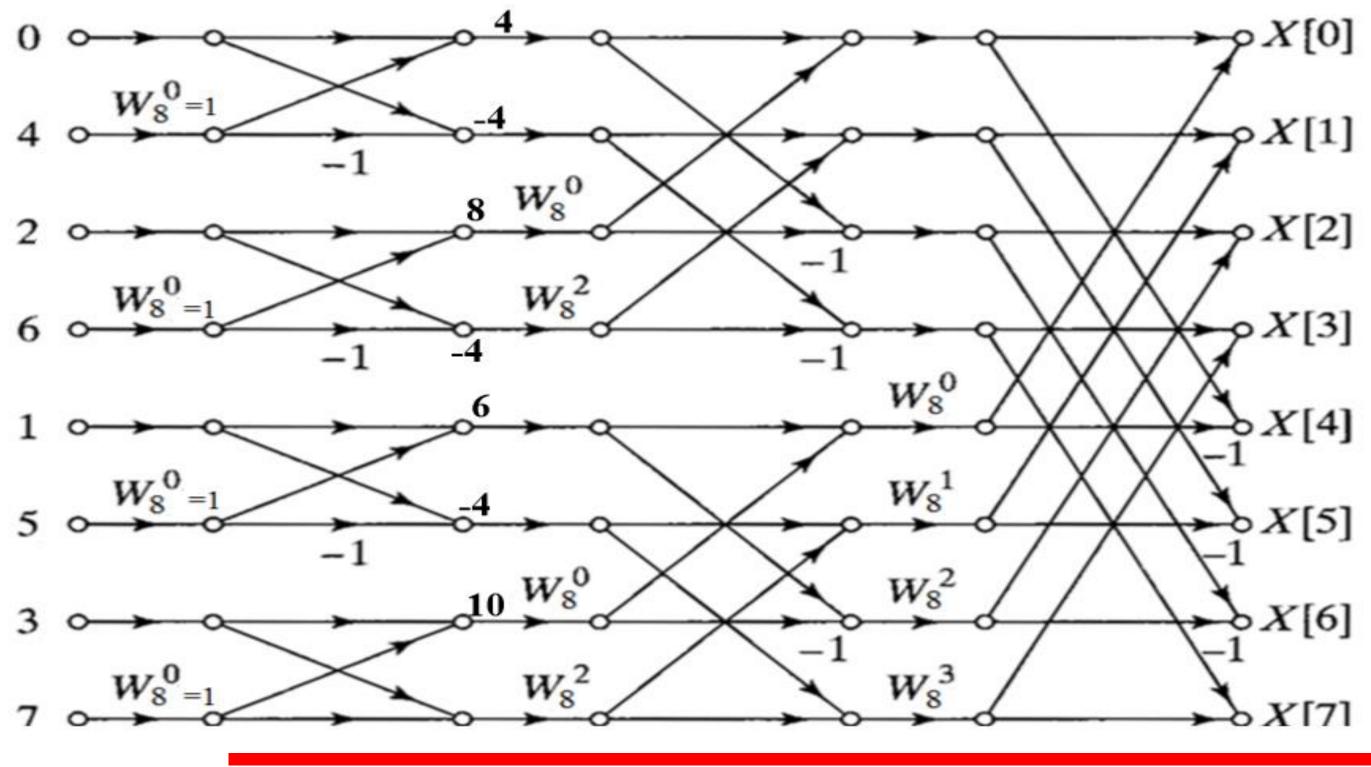
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DECIMATION IN TIME – STAGE 1

Given x(*n*)={0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7}, *find X*[*k*] *using DIT FFT algorithm*

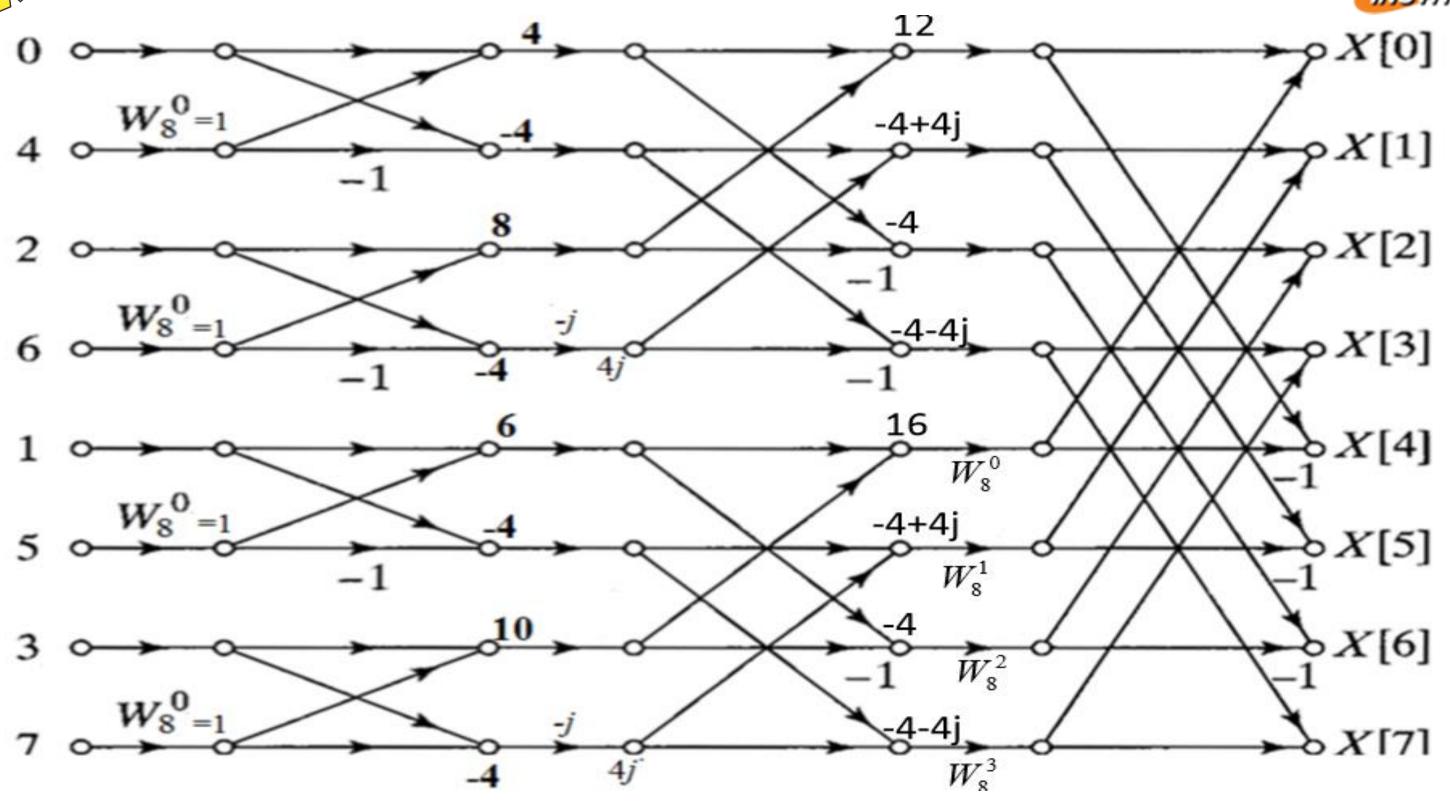


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DECIMATION IN TIME – STAGE 2



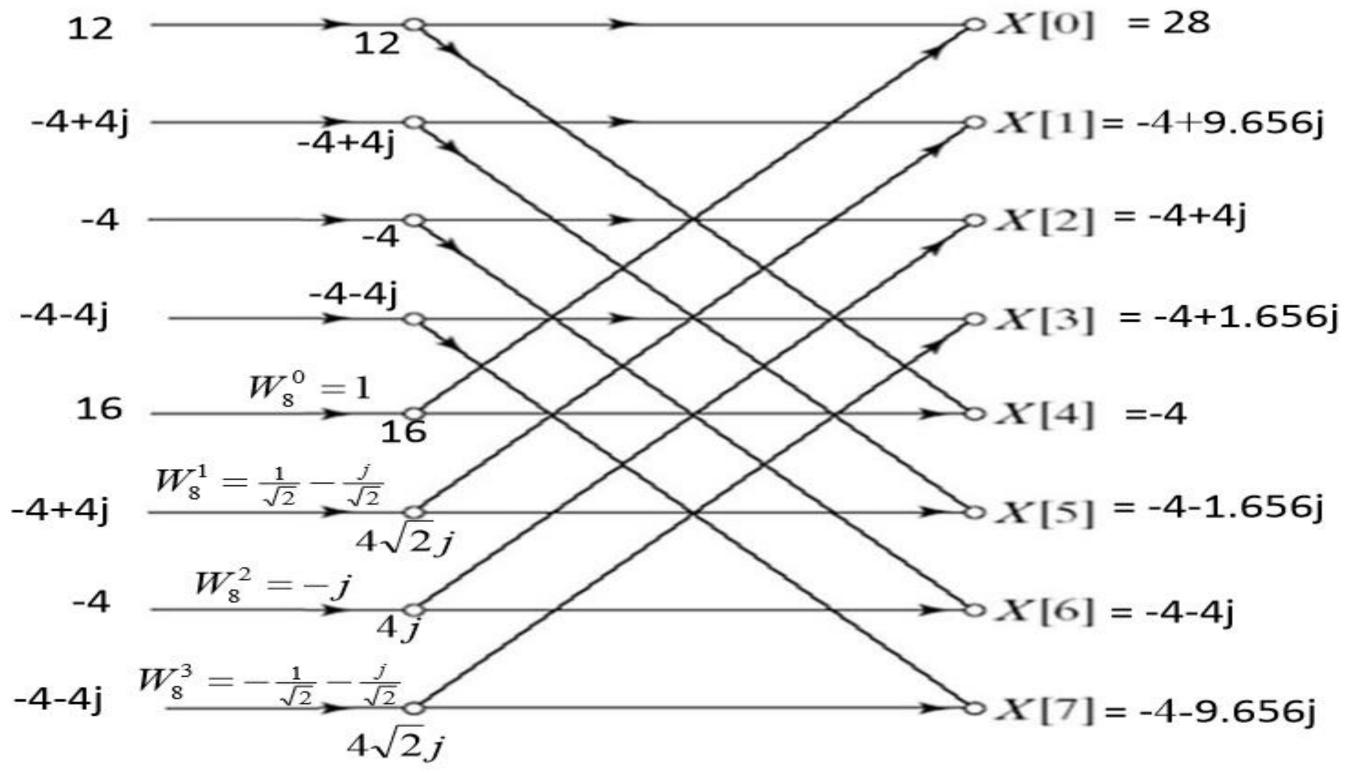
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DECIMATION IN TIME – STAGE 3



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DIFFERENCE B/W DIRECT COMPUTATION & **RADIX-2 FFT**

S.No.	Direct Computation	
1	Direct computation requires large number of computations as compared with FFT algorithms.	Radix-2 FF number of
2	Processing time is more and more for large number of N hence processor remains busy.	0
3	Direct computation does not requires splitting operation.	Splitting o domain bas basis (DIF)
4	As the value of N in DFT increases, the efficiency of direct computation decreases.	As the value officiency of the second

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Radix 2 FFT

FT algorithms requires less computations.

time is less hence these compute DFT very quickly as with direct computation.

operation is done on time sis (DIT) or frequency domain

ue of N in DFT increases, the of FFT algorithms increases.



ASSESSMENT

- What is meant by FFT and list the methods of FFT. 1.
- In Fast Fourier Transform, ----- domain can be converted into ----- domain. 2.
- 3. In Decimation in Time, the flow graph is represented as ----, 4 – Point and ----FFT.
- What is the difference between direct computation and Radix 2 FFT. 4.
- Determine DIT of $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ 5.
- In Fast Fourier Transform, 6.
- No. of complex multiplications: ------ No. of complex additions: --





THANK YOU

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