

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY STIS



Coimbatore - 35

19BAT604 – Legal Aspects of Business

Unit III - The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881



Presented by, Ms.S.D.Shamini, Design Thinker.



Design **Thinking** Curriculum

Redesigning Common Mind and Business Towards Excellence





Liability of parties to Negotiable Instruments







Recap



Negotiation
Comparison between Assignment and Negotiation
Delivery
Types of Indorsement
Acceptance
Types of presentment for acceptance





Agenda



- **≻**Negotiation
- >Parties to Negotiable instruments
- ➤ Liability of the parties to a Negotiable instruments
- >Rules of Presentment for Payment









The capacity to make, draw, accept, negotiate and indorse a negotiate instrument depends on the capacity to enter into contracts.

A person incapable of contracting cannot bind himself but may, under certain circumstances, bind others.

When some of the parties to a negotiate instrument are capable of contracting and some or not, the capable parties are bound while the incapable parties are not









Minor



Person of Unsound Mind



Corporation



Agent



Legal Representative



31/12/2022

Liability of the parties to a Negotiable Instrument



7/15



Liability of Drawer (s.36)

Liability of Acceptor or Maker (s.32)

Liability of Drawee of a Cheque (s.31)

Liability of Endroser (s.35)

Liability of Prior Parties to a holder in Due Course (s.36)



Liability of the parties to a Negotiable Instrument





Liability of an Agent (s.28)

Liability of Legal Representative (s.29)

Liability on an Accommodation Bill (s.43)

Drawer's Duty to Issue a Duplicate Instrument (s.45A)

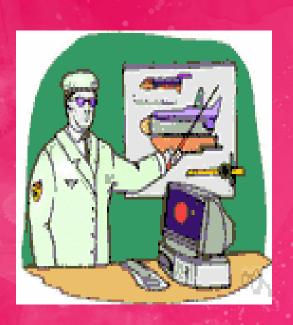
Liability of Acceptor for Honour (s.111)

Liability of Banker









Presentment of Promissory note for sight

Presentment for Payment

Hours for Presentment

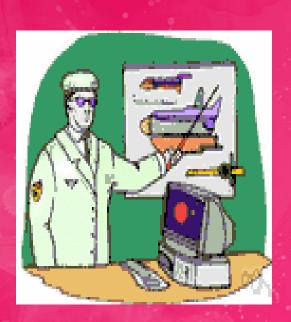
Presentment for payment of instrument payable after date or sight

Presentment for payment of promissory note payable by installments









Presentment for payment of promissory note payable at specified place and not elsewhere

Instrument payable at specified place

Presentment where no exclusive place specified

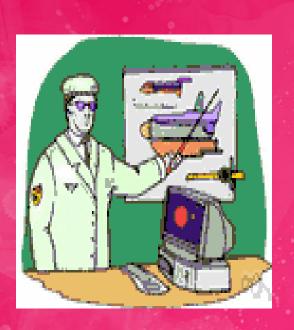
Presentment when maker, etc., has no known place of business or residence

Presentment of cheque to charge drawer









Presentment of cheque to charge any other person

Presentment of instrument payable on demand

Presentment by or to agent representative of deceased or assignee of insolvent

Excuse for delay in presentment for acceptance or payment



Knowledge Check



If a Minor draw, indorse, deliver and negotiate Negotiable Instruments, it binds ___

All the parties except minor
All the parties including minor
Minor Only
Minor and Only Drawer
Minor and the Drawee

All the parties except minor



Recap



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- http://legislative.gov.in/sites/default/files/A1881-26.pdf
- ✓ https://www.indiacode.nic.in/handle/123456789/2189?locale=en



31/12/2022 Ms.S.D.Shamini, AP/MBA, SNSCT, LAB, Unit II – The Negotiable Instruments Act 1881 15/15