

#### SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

#### DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECB204 – LINEAR AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

II YEAR/ III SEMESTER

UNIT 4 – COMBINATIONAL and SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS

TOPIC 3 – MULTIPLEXER and DEMULTIPLEXER

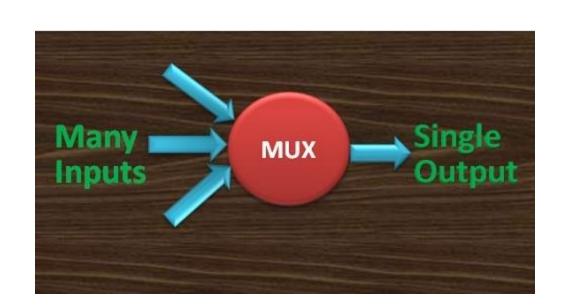


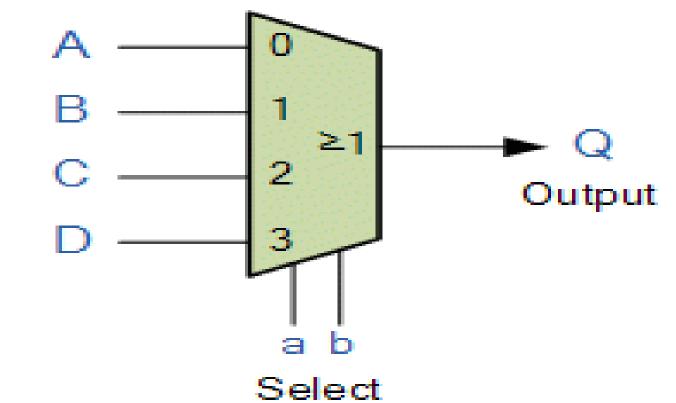
#### What is a Multiplexer?



- ➤ Multiplexer is a combinational circuit that has maximum of 2n data inputs, 'n' selection lines and single output line.
- ➤One of these data inputs will be connected to the output based on the values of selection lines..

Inputs

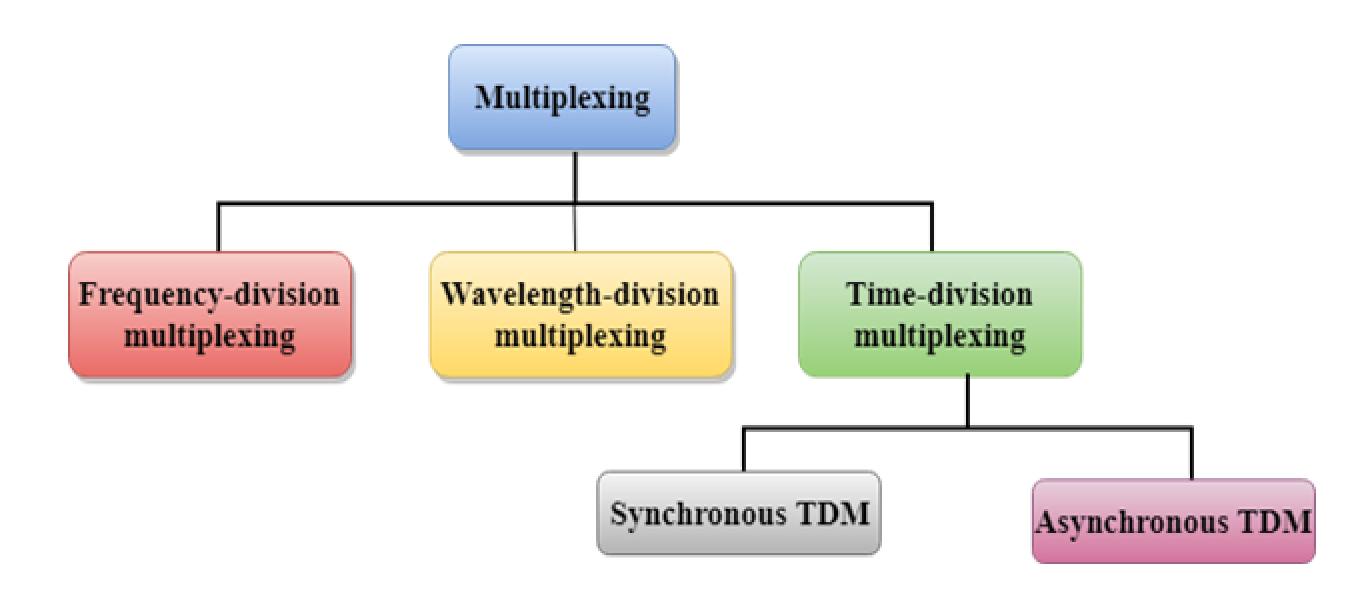






## Multiplexing Techniques

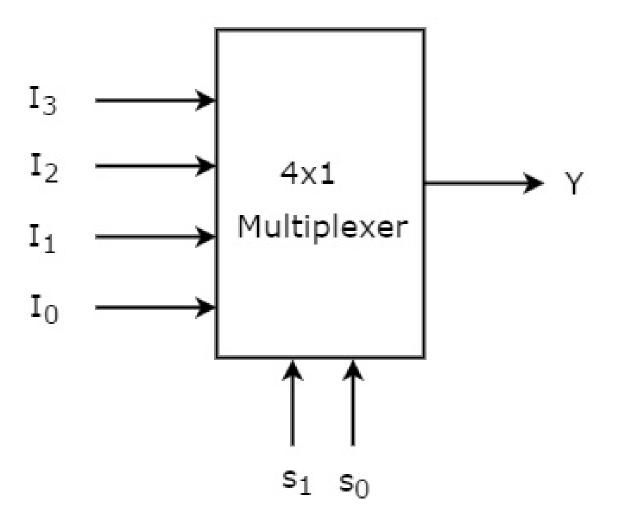








➤ 4x1 Multiplexer has four data inputs I3, I2, I1 & I0, two selection lines s1 & s0 and one output Y.







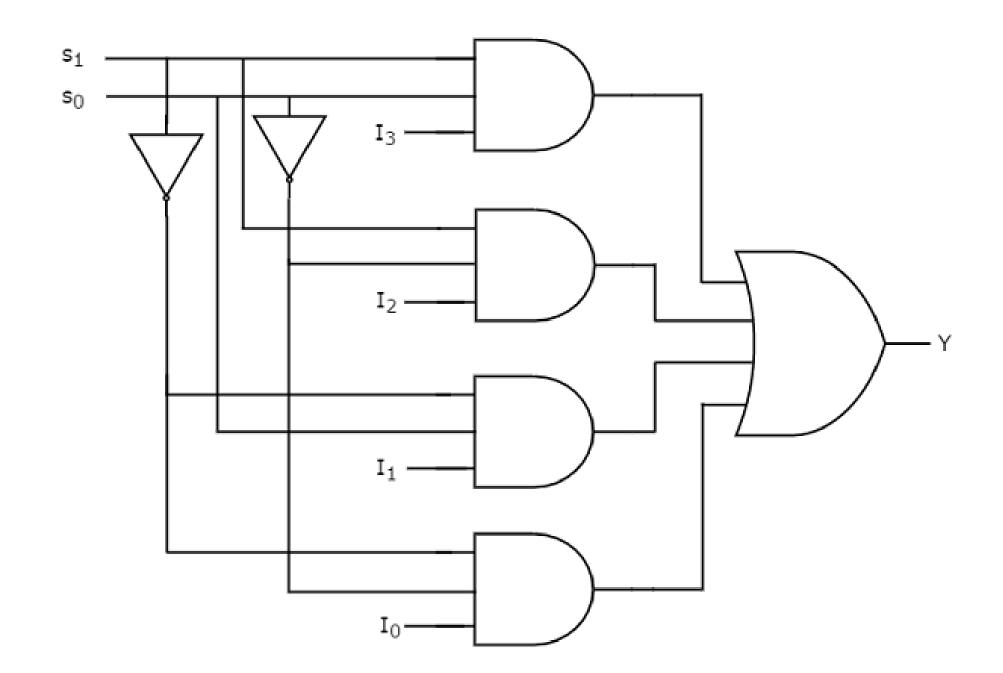
➤ One of these 4 inputs will be connected to the output based on the combination of inputs present at these two selection lines.

Selection	Output	
S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>0</sub>	Υ
0	0	I <sub>0</sub>
0	1	I <sub>1</sub>
1	0	I <sub>2</sub>
1	1	I <sub>3</sub>





> We can implement this Boolean function using Inverters, AND gates & OR gate.



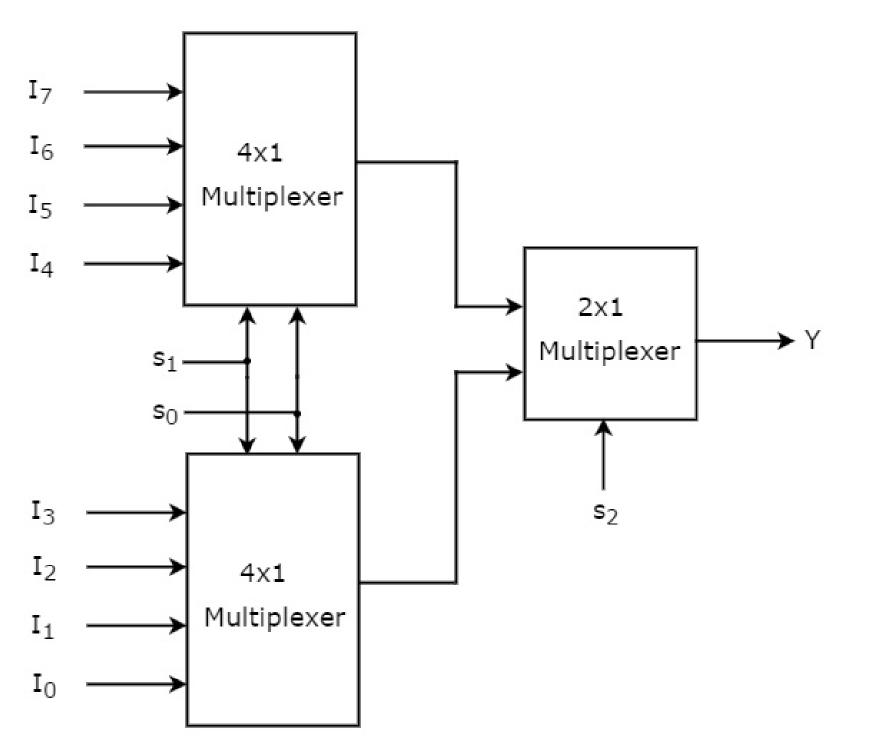




We require two 4x1

Multiplexers in first

stage in order to get
the 8 data inputs.







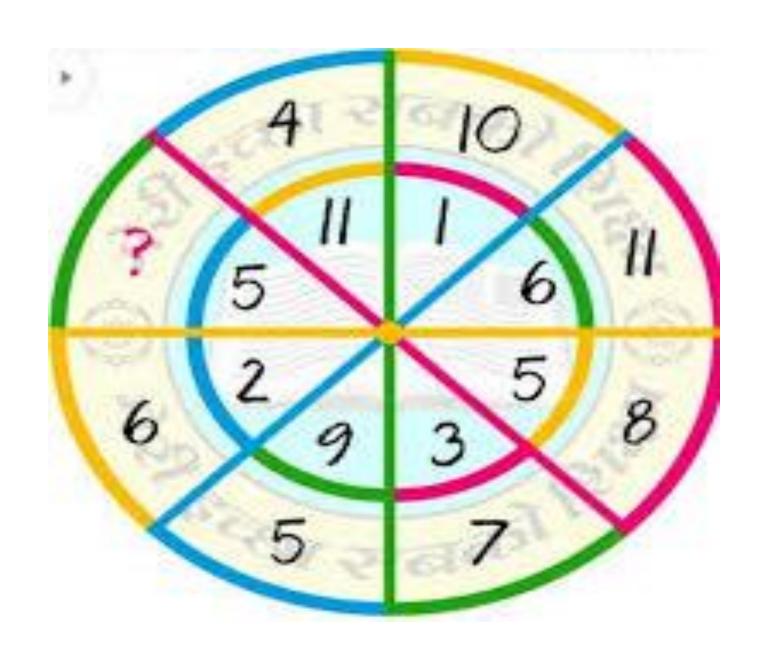
# ➤ Let the 8x1 Multiplexer has eight data inputs I7 to I0, three selection lines s2, s1 & s0 and one output Y

S	Selection Inputs				
S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	$S_0$	Υ		
0	0	0	I <sub>0</sub>		
0	0	1	I <sub>1</sub>		
0	1	0	l <sub>2</sub>		
0	1	1	l <sub>3</sub>		
1	0	0	I <sub>4</sub>		
1	0	1	l <sub>5</sub>		
1	1	0	I <sub>6</sub>		
1	1	1	I <sub>7</sub>		



## **Activity Time**

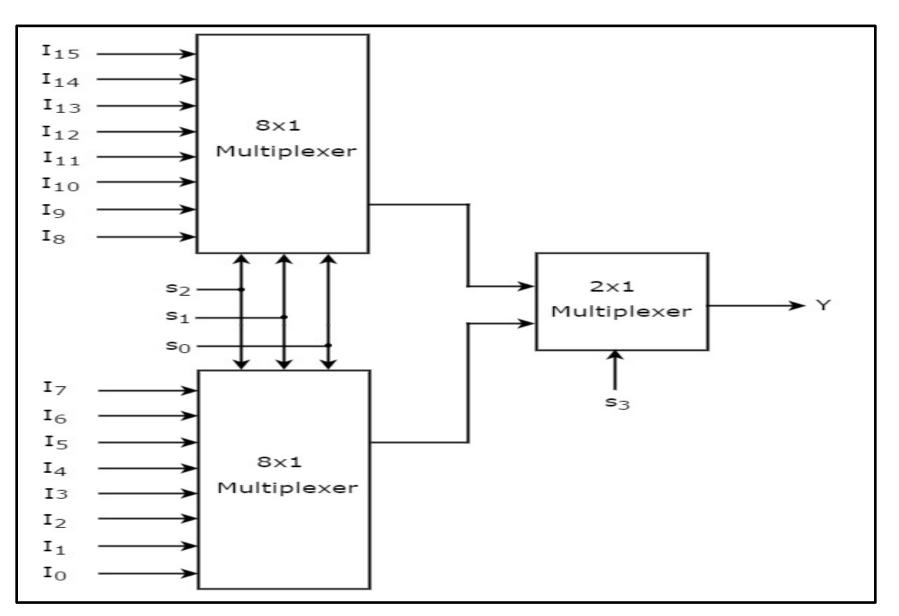








➤ We require two 8x1 Multiplexers in first stage in order to get the 16 data inputs.







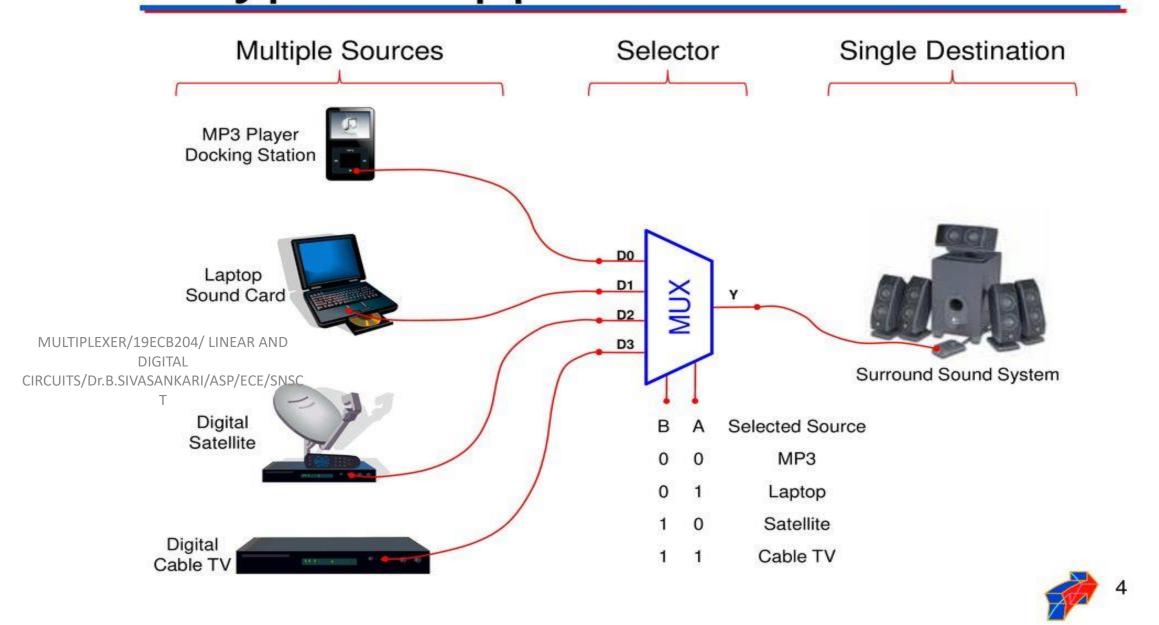
	Selectio	Output		
<b>S</b> <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>0</sub>	Y
0	0	0	0	I <sub>0</sub>
0	0	0	1	I <sub>1</sub>
0	0	1	0	I <sub>2</sub>
0	0	1	1	I <sub>3</sub>
0	1	0	0	I <sub>4</sub>
0	1	0	1	I <sub>5</sub>
0	1	1	0	I <sub>6</sub>
0	1	1	1	I <sub>7</sub>
1	0	0	0	I <sub>8</sub>

1	0	0	1	l <sub>9</sub>
1	0	1	0	I <sub>10</sub>
1	0	1	1	I <sub>11</sub>
1	1	0	0	I <sub>12</sub>
1	1	0	1	I <sub>13</sub>
1	1	1	0	I <sub>14</sub>
1	1	1	1	I <sub>15</sub>





# Typical Application of a MUX

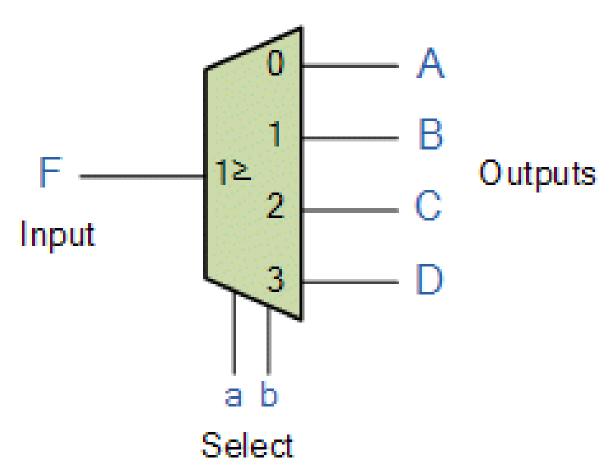




#### What is De Multiplexer?



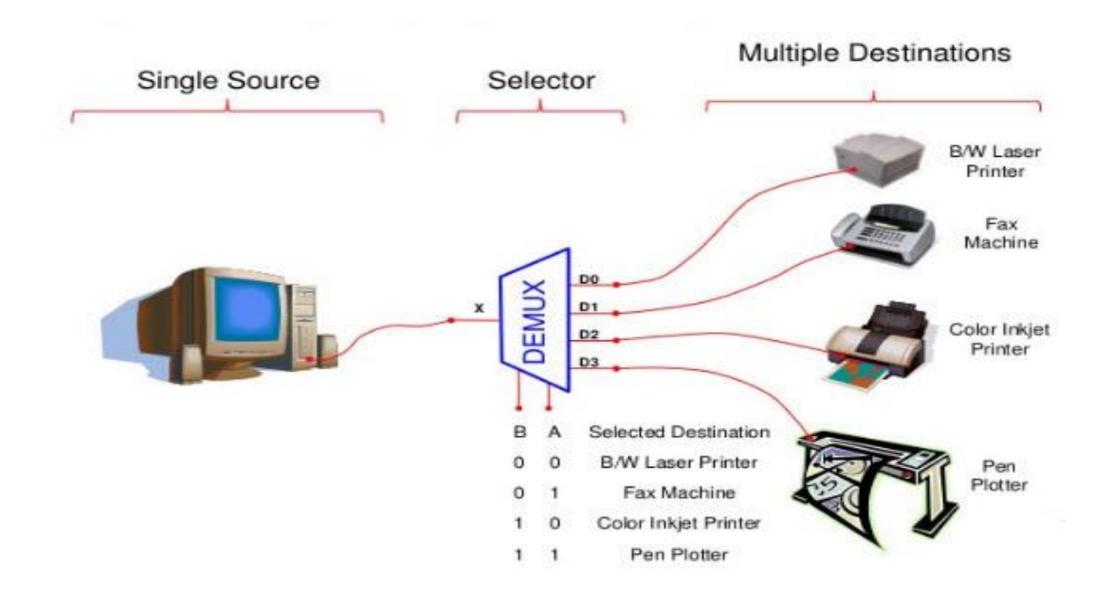
- ➤ De-Multiplexer is a combinational circuit that performs the reverse operation of Multiplexer. It has single input, 'n' selection lines and maximum of 2n outputs.
- ➤One of these data inputs will be connected to the output based on the values of selection lines..





## DeMultiplexer - Types



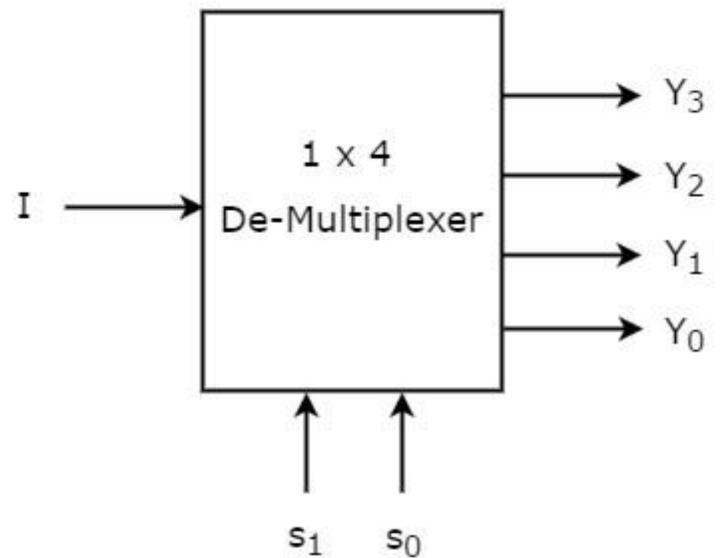




## 1x4 De-Multiplexer



> 1x4 De-Multiplexer has one input I, two selection lines, s1 & s0 and four outputs Y3, Y2, Y1 & Y0.







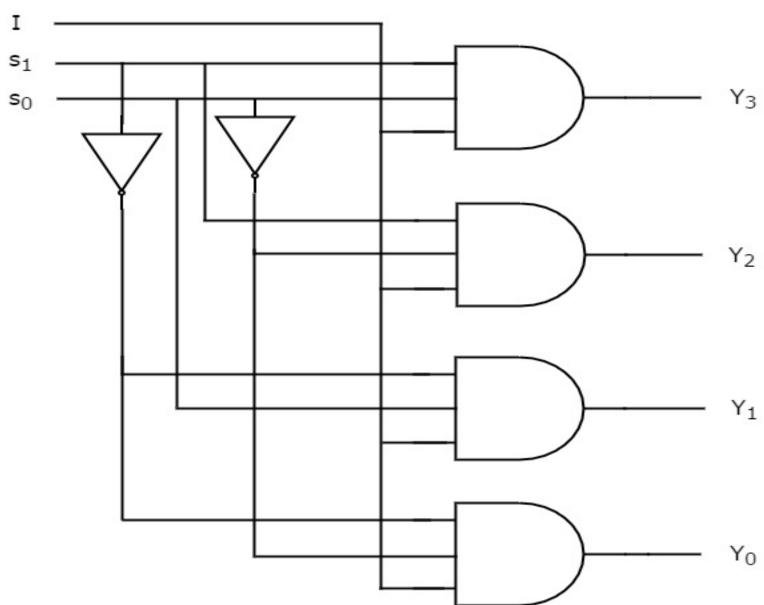
The single input 'I' will be connected to one of the four outputs, Y3 to Y0 based on the values of selection lines s1 & s0. The Truth table of 1x4 De-Multiplexer is shown below.

Selectio	Outputs				
S <sub>1</sub>	<b>S</b> <sub>0</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>3</sub>	Y <sub>2</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>1</sub>	Υ <sub>0</sub>
0	0	0	0	0	I
0	1	0	0	I	0
1	0	0	I	0	0
1	1	I	0	0	0





We can implement these Boolean functions using Inverters & 3-input AND gates. The circuit diagram of 1x4 De-Multiplexer is shown in the following figure.

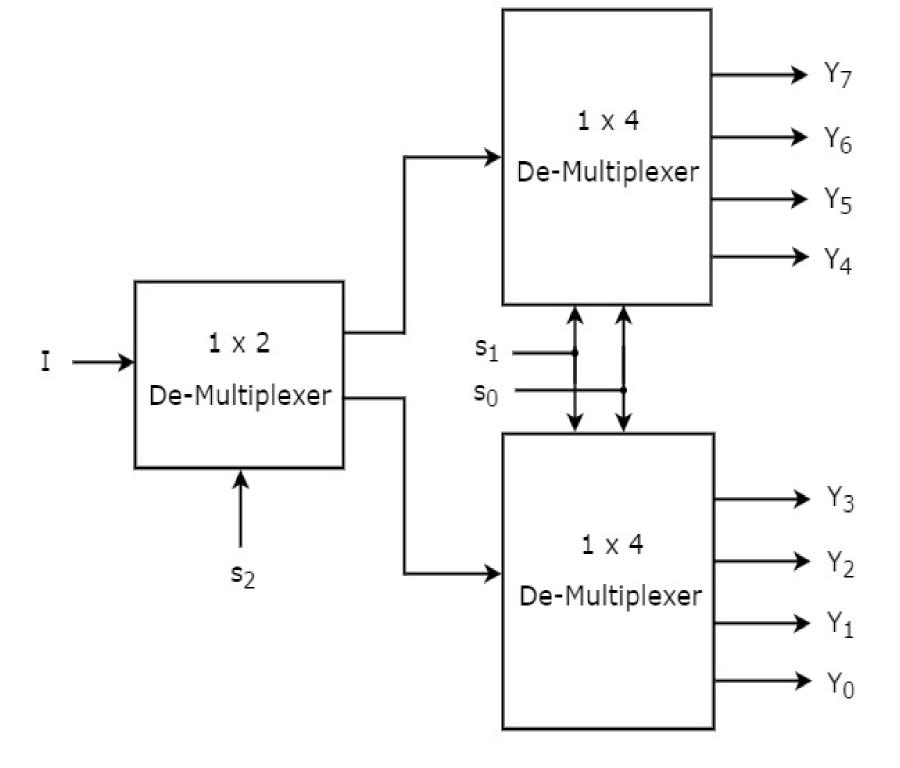




## 1x8 De-Multiplexer



1x8 De-Multiplexer has single input, three selection lines and eight outputs.







# 1x8 De-Multiplexer has one input I, three selection lines s2, s1 & s0 and outputs Y7 to Y0. The Truth table of 1x8 De-Multiplexer is shown below.

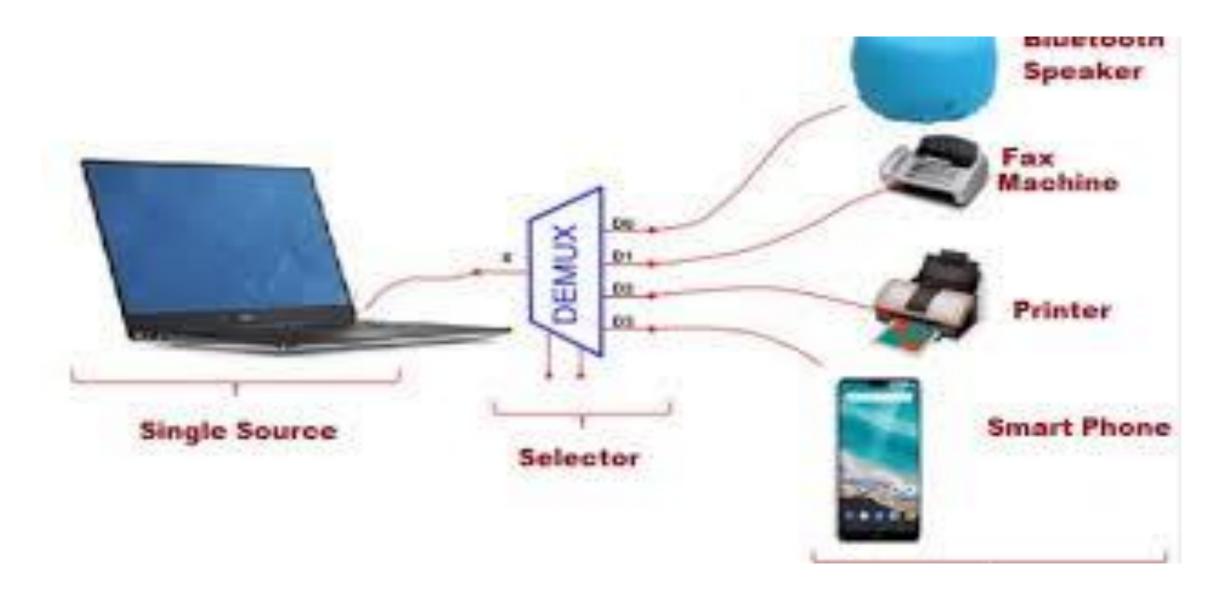
Selection Inputs			Outputs							
s <sub>2</sub>	s <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>0</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>7</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>6</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>5</sub>	Y <sub>4</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>3</sub>	Y <sub>2</sub>	Y <sub>1</sub>	Υ <sub>0</sub>
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	I	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	I	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	I	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



#### **Applications**

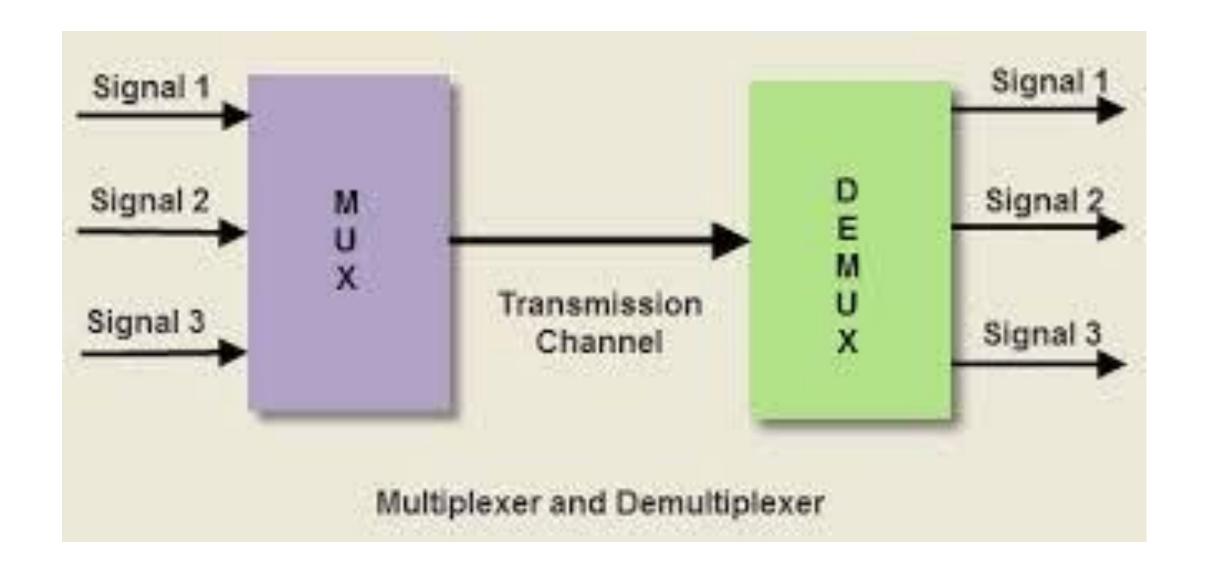


Demultiplexer is used to connect a single source to multiple destinations. The main application area of demultiplexer is communication system where multiplexer are used.

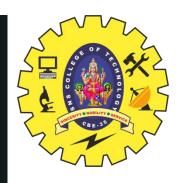




















(Whole class)





#### **THANK YOU**