

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECB204 – LINEAR AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

II YEAR, III SEMESTER

UNIT 3 – GATES AND MINIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

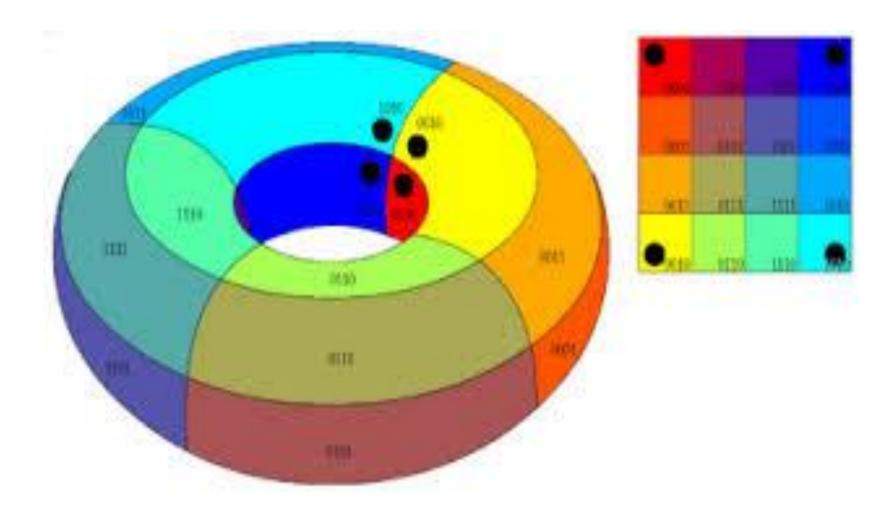
TOPIC 6 - KARNAUGH MAP MINIMIZATION



WHY KARNAUGH MAP MINIMIZATION?



- ➤ K-map simplification technique is simpler and less error-prone compared to the method of solving the logical expressions using Boolean laws.
- > Its main purpose is to simplify Boolean algebraic expressions.

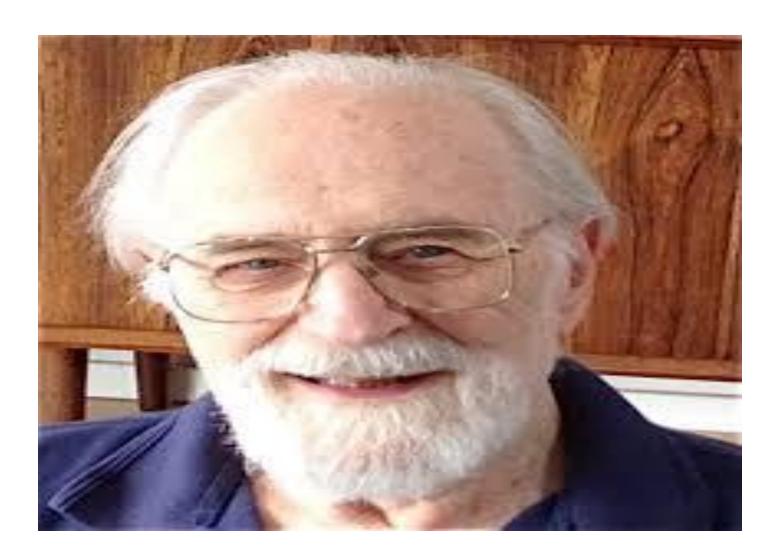




KARNAUGH MAP



- > KARNAUGH MAP is also named as K map
- > K map was introduced by Dr. Maurice karnaugh in the year 1953



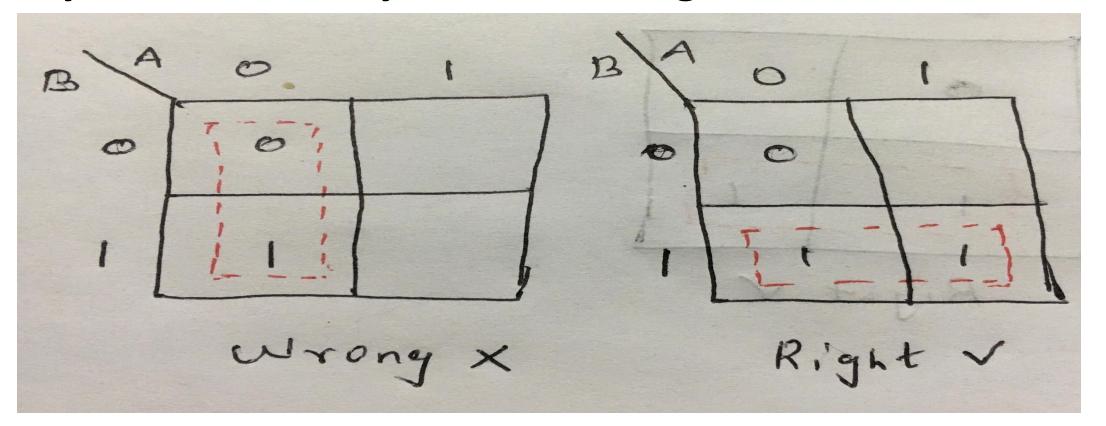




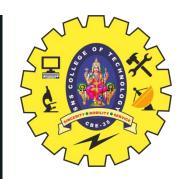


- Karnaugh map is a pictorial method of grouping together expressions with common factors and then eliminating unwanted variables.
- For the simplification of expressions by *grouping* together adjacent cells containing *ones*.

1. Groups may not include any cell containing a zero

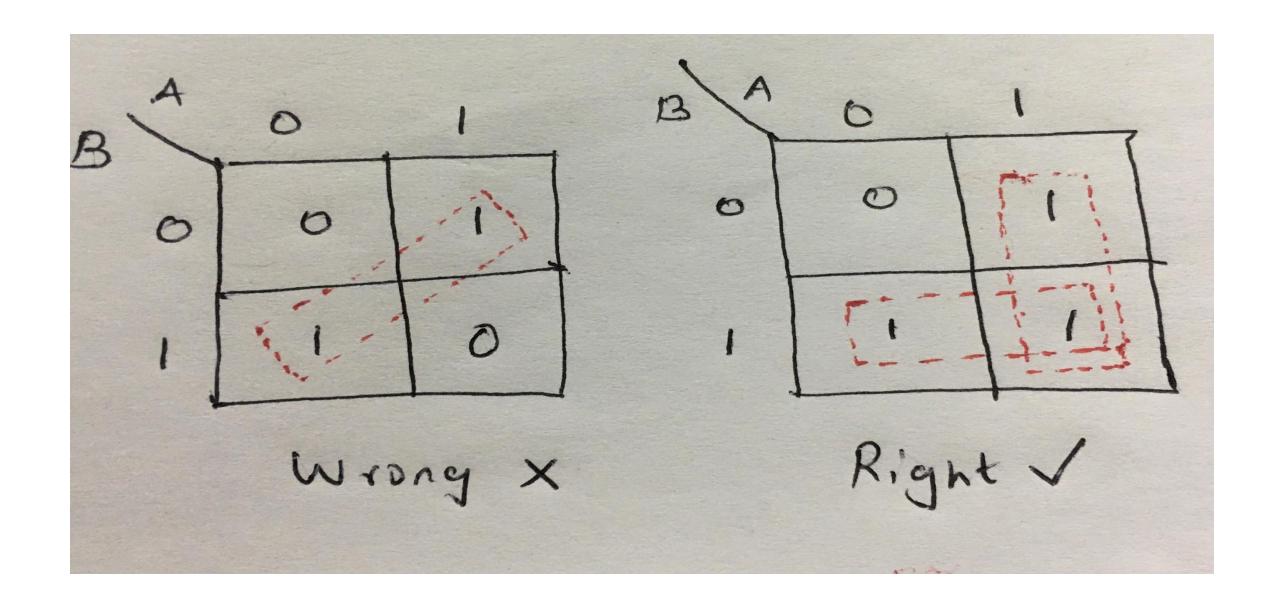


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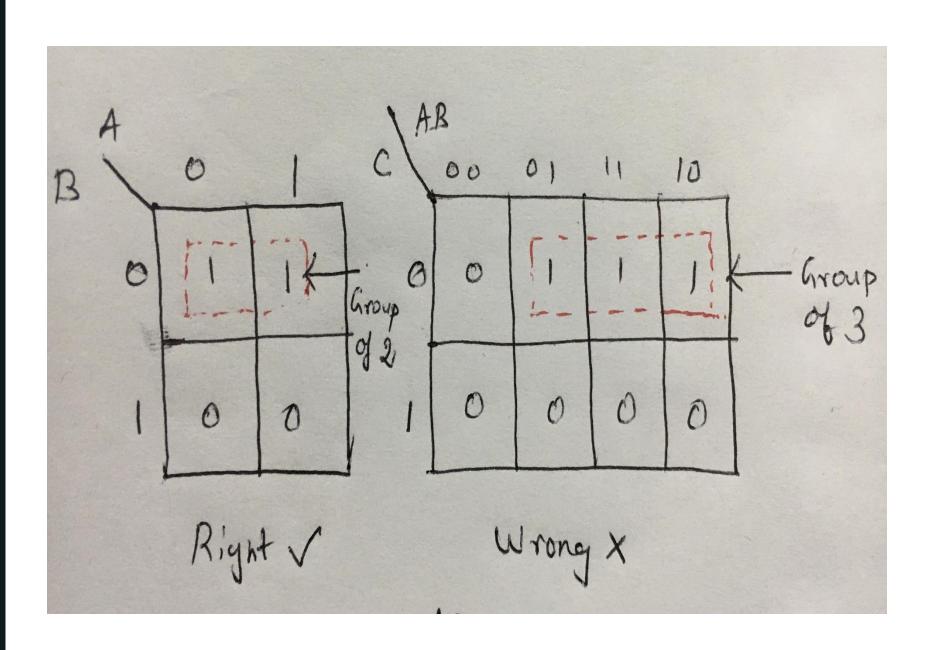


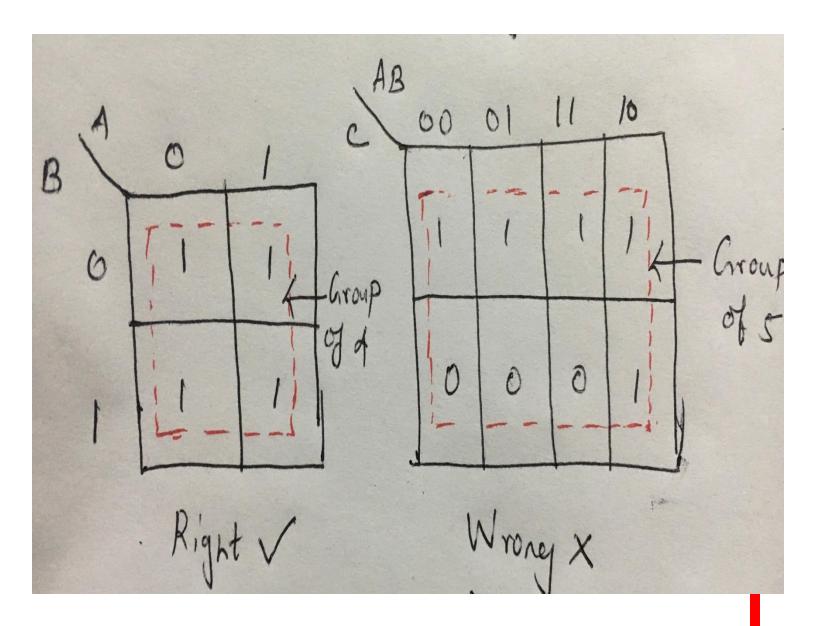


2. Groups may be horizontal or vertical, but not diagonal.



3. Groups must contain 1, 2, 4, 8, or in general 2^n cells. If n = 1, a group will contain two 1's since $2^1 = 2$. If n = 2, a group will contain four 1's since $2^2 = 4$.



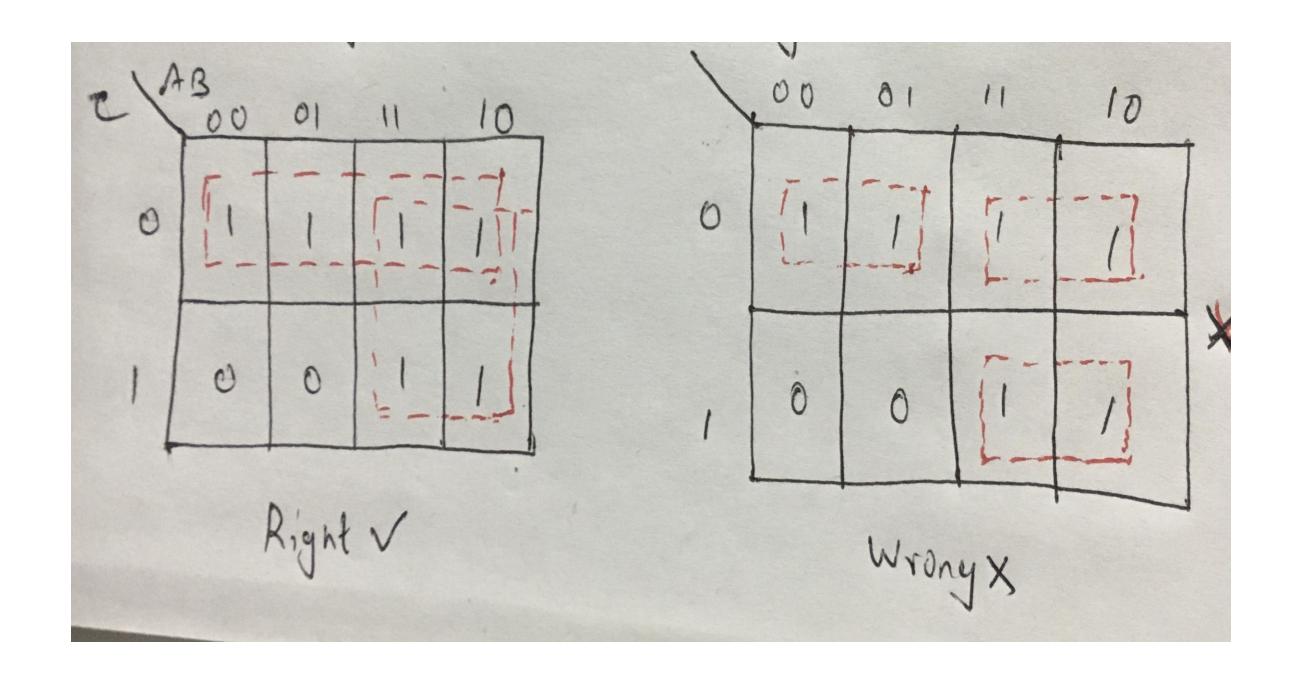


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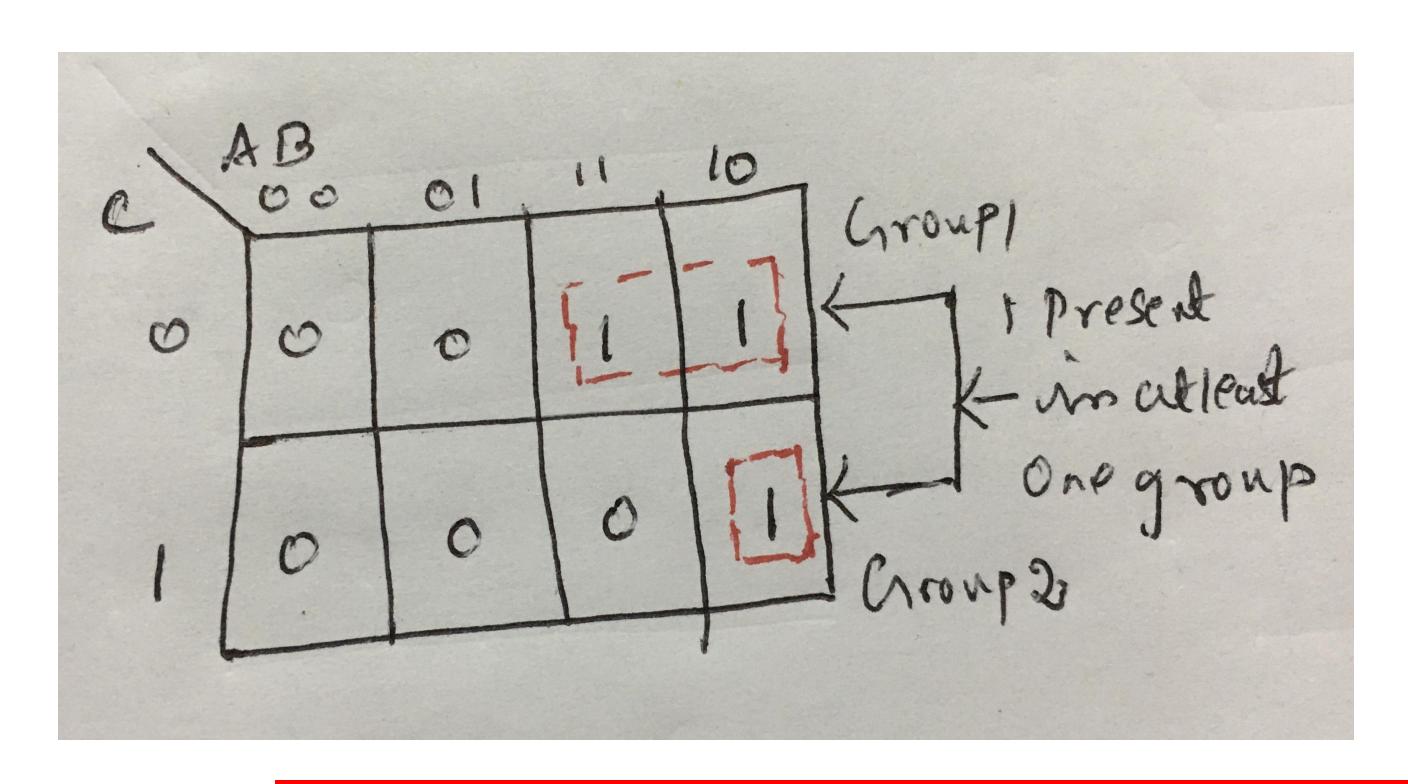


4. Each group should be as large as possible.





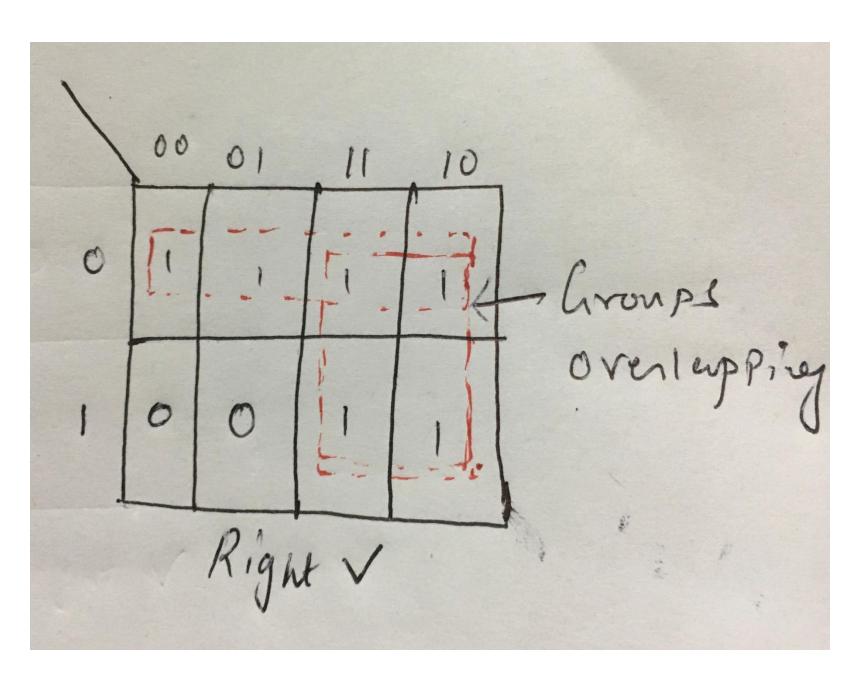
5. Each cell containing a one must be in at least one group.

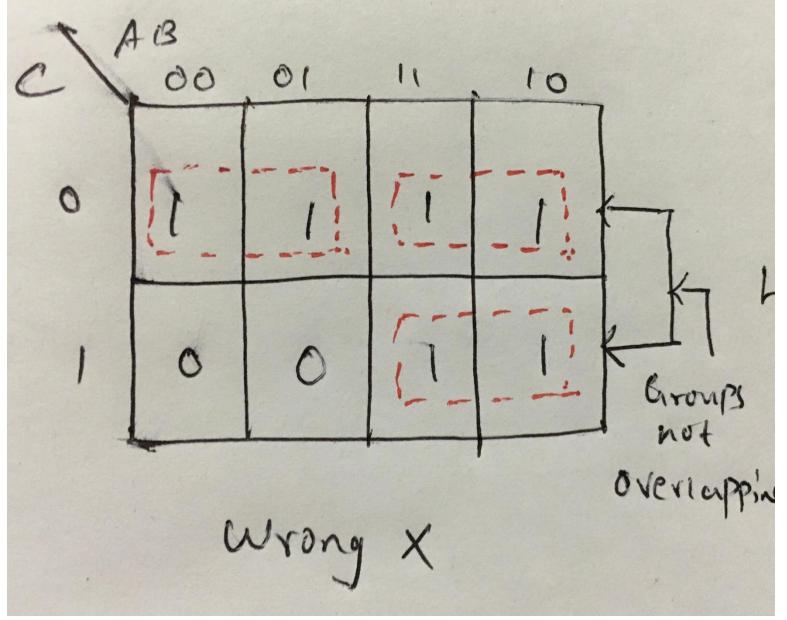






6. Groups may overlap.



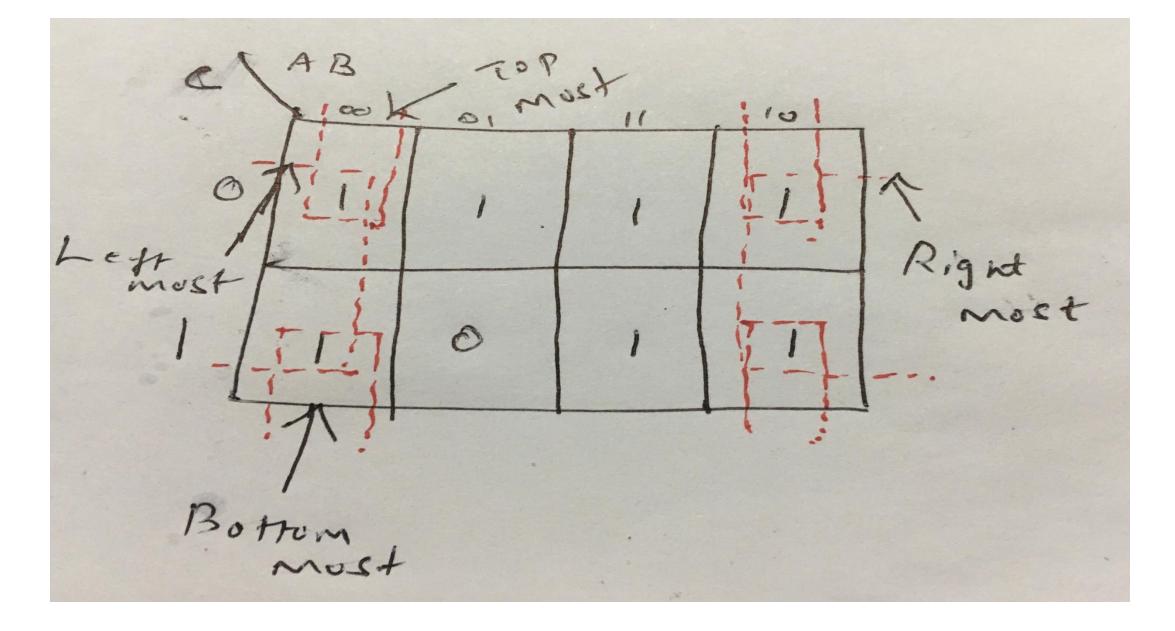






7. Groups may wrap around the table. The leftmost cell in a row may be grouped with the rightmost cell and the top cell in a column may be grouped with the

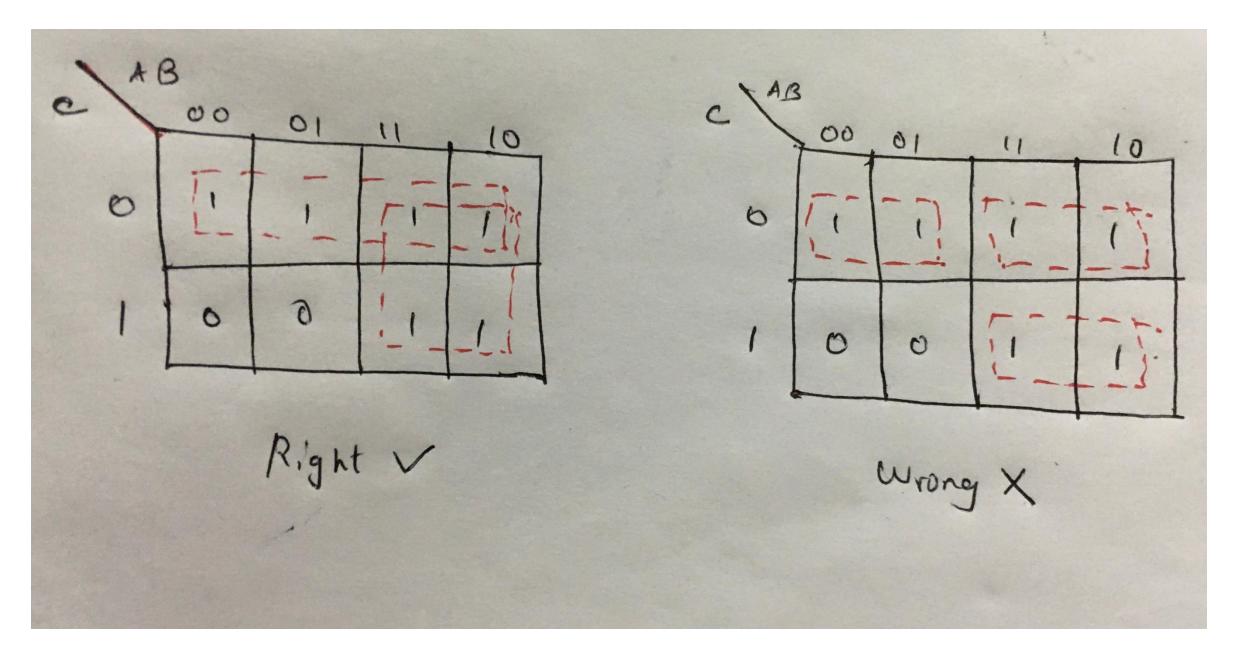
bottom cell







8. There should be as few groups as possible, as long as this does not contradict any of the previous rules



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K MAP - Rules



- ➤ No zeros allowed.
- ➤ No diagonals.
- ➤Only power of 2 number of cells in each group.
- Groups should be as large as possible.
- Every one must be in at least one group.
- ➤ Overlapping allowed.
- ➤ Wrap around allowed.
- Fewest number of groups possible.



KARNAUGH MAP – Types of Variables



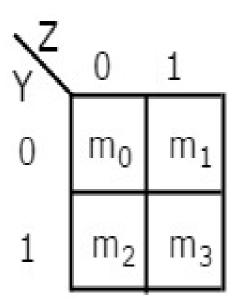
- > Karnaugh Map is most suitable for Minimizing Boolean expressions of
 - 2 Variable
 - 3 Variable
 - 4 Variable
 - 5Variable

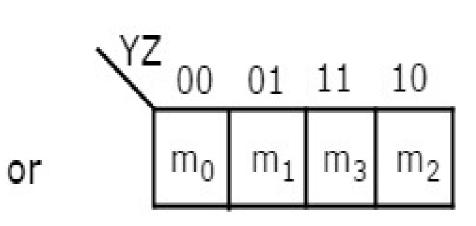


KARNAUGH MAP – 2 Variable



- The number of cells in 2 variable K-map is four, since the number of variables is two.
- There is only one possibility of grouping 4 adjacent min terms.
- The possible combinations of grouping 2 adjacent min terms are $\{(m_0, m_1), (m_2, m_3), (m_0, m_2) \text{ and } (m_1, m_3)\}$.





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KARNAUGH MAP – 3 Variable



- The number of cells in 3 variable K-map is eight, since the number of variables is three.
- There is only one possibility of grouping 8 adjacent min terms.
- The possible combinations of grouping 4 adjacent min terms are $\{(m_0, m_1, m_3, m_2), (m_4, m_5, m_7, m_6), (m_0, m_1, m_4, m_5), (m_1, m_3, m_5, m_7), (m_3, m_2, m_7, m_6) \text{ and } (m_2, m_0, m_6, m_4)\}.$
- The possible combinations of grouping 2 adjacent min terms are $\{(m_0, m_1), (m_1, m_3), (m_3, m_2), (m_2, m_0), (m_4, m_5), (m_5, m_7), (m_7, m_6), (m_6, m_4), (m_0, m_4), (m_1, m_5), (m_3, m_7) and <math>\{(m_2, m_6)\}$.
- \triangleright If x=0, then 3 variable K-map becomes 2 variable K-map.



KARNAUGH MAP – 3 Variable



XX	00	01	11	10
0	m_0	m ₁	m ₃	m ₂
1	m ₄	m ₅	m ₇	m ₆



KARNAUGH MAP – 4 Variable



The number of cells in 4 variable K-map is sixteen, since the number of variables is four.

wx YZ	00	01	11	10
00	m ₀	m_1	m ₃	m ₂
01	m ₄	m ₅	m ₇	m ₆
11	m ₁₂	m ₁₃	m ₁₅	m ₁₄
10	m ₈	m ₉	m ₁₁	m ₁₀



KARNAUGH MAP – 4 Variable



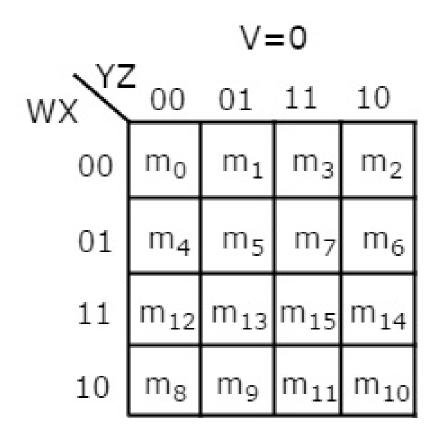
- > There is only one possibility of grouping 16 adjacent min terms.
- ➤Let R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 represents the min terms of first row, second row, third row and fourth row respectively. Similarly, C_1 , C_2 , C_3 and C_4 represents the min terms of first column, second column, third column and fourth column respectively. The possible combinations of grouping 8 adjacent min terms are $\{(R_1, R_2), (R_2, R_3), (R_3, R_4), (R_4, R_1), (C_1, C_2), (C_2, C_3), (C_3, C_4), (C_4, C_1)\}$.
- ➤ If w=0, then 4 variable K-map becomes 3 variable K-map



KARNAUGH MAP – 5 Variable



The number of cells in 5 variable K-map is thirty-two, since the number of variables is 5.



	V=1				
WX^{YZ}	00	01	11	10	
00	m ₁₆	m ₁₇	m ₁₉	m ₁₈	
01	m ₂₀	m ₂₁	m ₂₃	m ₂₂	
11	m ₂₈	m ₂₉	m ₃₁	m ₃₀	
10	m ₂₄	m ₂₅	m ₂₇	m ₂₆	



KARNAUGH MAP – 5 Variable



- There is only one possibility of grouping 32 adjacent min terms.
- There are two possibilities of grouping 16 adjacent min terms. i.e., grouping of min terms from m_0 to m_{15} and m_{16} to m_{31} .
- ➤ If v=0, then 5 variable K-map becomes 4 variable K-map.





THANK YOU