

Differential Equations :-

Differential Equations are used to represent continuous time LTI system. The differential equations relates the I/p and o/p of the systems.

Solving Differential Equations using Fourier Method :-

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t)$$

$$Y(f) = X(f) \cdot H(f)$$

$$\therefore H(f) = \frac{Y(f)}{X(f)} \quad (\text{or}) \quad H(\omega) = \frac{Y(\omega)}{X(\omega)}$$

$H(f)$ (or) $H(\omega) \rightarrow$ system transfer function (or) frequency response.

① The system produces the o/p $y(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$ for an input $x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$. Determine the impulse response and frequency response of the system.

$$y(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$$

$$x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$$

$$X(f) = \frac{1}{2 + j2\pi f} \quad , \quad Y(f) = \frac{1}{1 + j2\pi f}$$

$$\therefore H(f) = \frac{Y(f)}{X(f)} = \frac{2 + j2\pi f}{1 + j2\pi f}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 h(t) &= F^{-1} [H(f)] \\
 &= F^{-1} \left[\frac{2+j2\pi f}{1+j2\pi f} \right] \\
 &= F^{-1} \left[\frac{1+j2\pi f}{1+j2\pi f} \right] \\
 &= F^{-1} [1] + F^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{1+j2\pi f} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$h(t) = \delta(t) + e^{-t} u(t)$$

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The Diff equation of the system is given as

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + 5 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + b y(t) = \frac{-d}{dt} x(t)$$

Determine Freq response and Impulse response.

By taking Fourier transform

$$(j\omega)^2 y(\omega) + 5 j\omega y(\omega) + b y(\omega) = (-j\omega) x(\omega)$$

$$y(\omega) [(j\omega)^2 + 5j\omega + b] = -j\omega x(\omega)$$

$$\therefore H(\omega) = \frac{y(\omega)}{x(\omega)} = \frac{-j\omega}{(j\omega)^2 + 5j\omega + b}$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{-j\omega}{(j\omega+2)(j\omega+3)}$$

$$= \frac{2}{j\omega+2} - \frac{3}{j\omega+3}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{j\omega+2} - 3 \cdot \frac{1}{j\omega+3}$$