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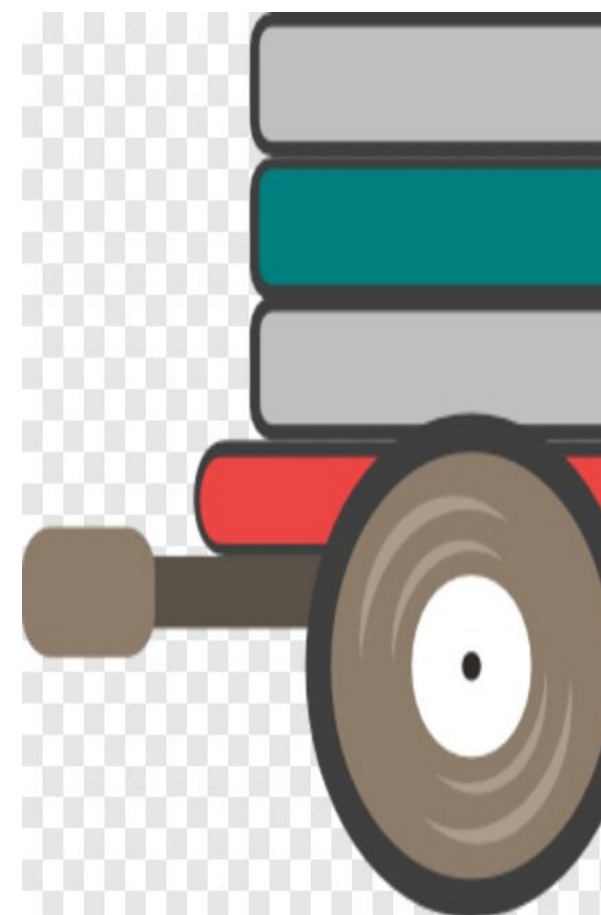
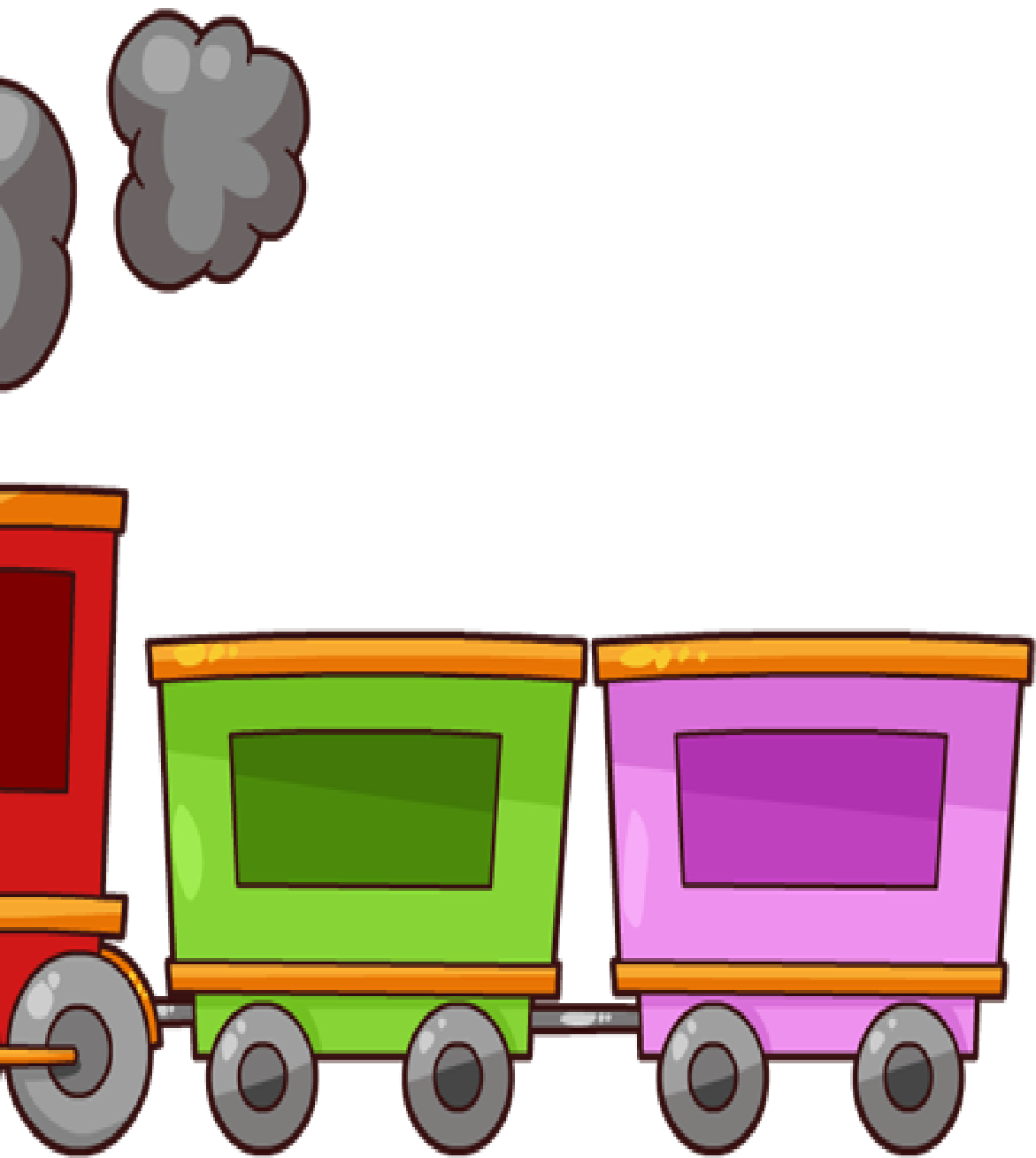
DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

DATASTRUCTURES

II YEAR III SEM

UNIT 1 – LINEAR STRUCTURES

TOPIC 3 – LINKED LIST





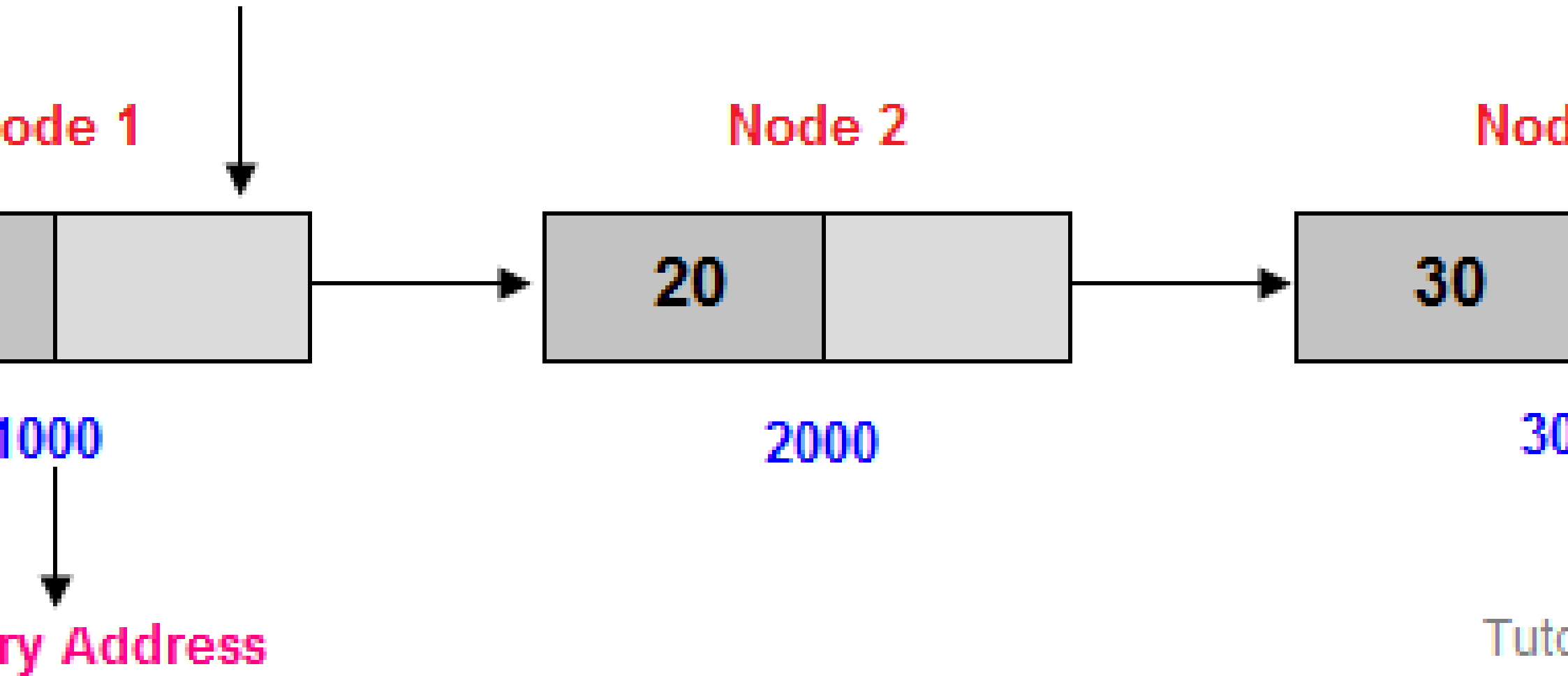
is a special type of data structure where all data

are linked to

collection of nodes and every node contains two parts

- **Data part (Data Field)**
- **Address part (Address Field)**

t Address part (Address on next node)



0];

When you need to store more than 50 students marks, increase the memory of array, and some time you need to store marks in this case extra memory will be wastage.

In this problem you need to use **Linked List** because it can be created at run time.

Advantages

Dynamic Data Structure:

linked list increase and decrease during program execution

Memory wastage:

will be allocated at the time of program execution so

Insert and delete data:

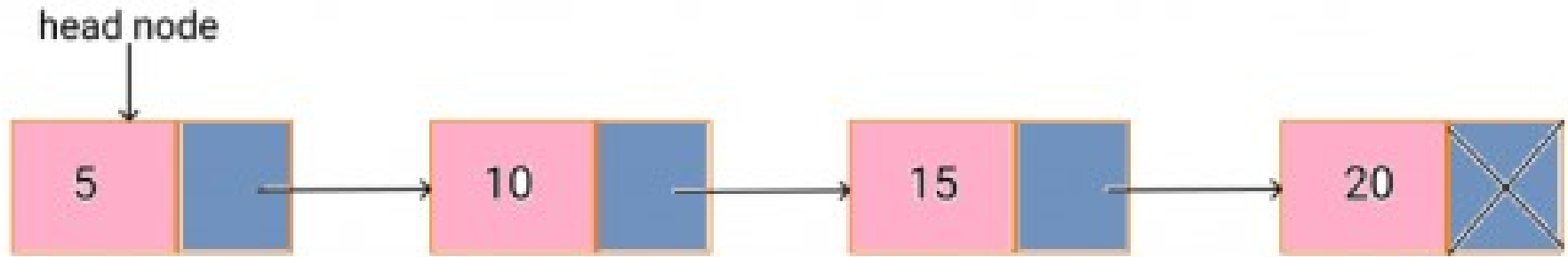
insert any data at specific position and also delete any data

memory:

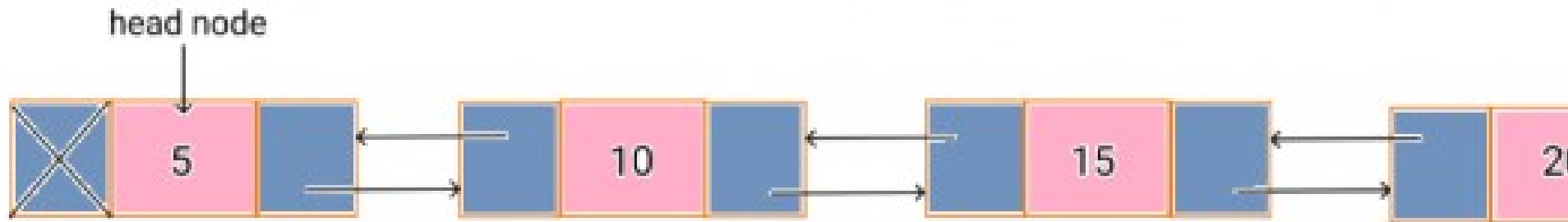
data in linked list you need more memory space, you need space for both data and address part.

Types of Linked List

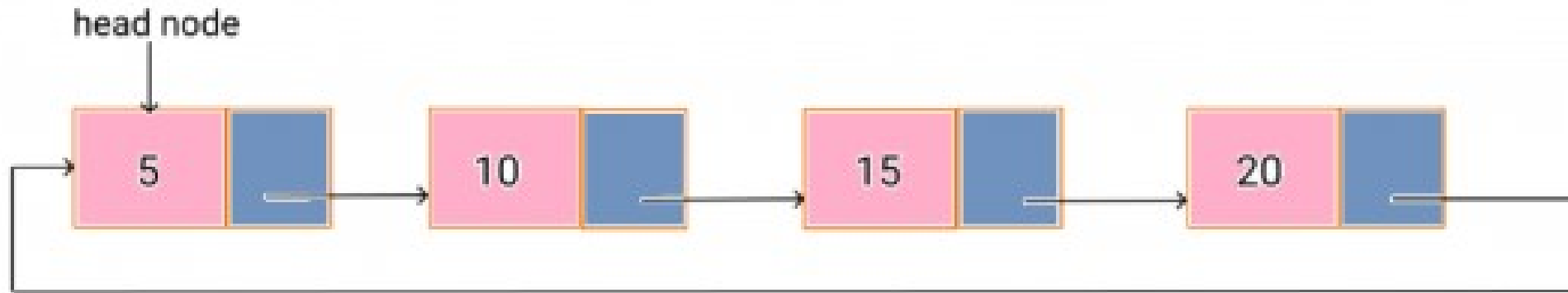
Linked List



Linked List



Linked List



List – Item navigation is forward only.

List – Items can be navigated forward and backward.

List – Last item contains link of the first **element** as n

link to the last **element** as previous.