

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

(Agile UX/UI)

UNIT 5-Software Testing

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Topics

- What is Basis Path Testing
- How to create Control Flow Graph
- What is Cyclomatic Complexity
- How to create Independent Paths



Software Testing



A more appropriate definition is:

"Testing is the process of executing a program with the intent of finding errors."





Test Case Design Techniques

Functional Testing(Black Box Testing)

Structural Testing(White Box Testing)





Test Case Design Techniques

- Functional Testing(Black Box Testing)
 - Equivalence Partitioning
 - Boundary Value Analysis
 - Comparison Testing
- Structural Testing(White Box Testing)
 - Basis Path Testing
 - Control Structure Testing





Basis Path Testing

For Deriving Test Cases

Step 1: Using the design or code, draw the corresponding flow graph.

Step 2: Draw the DD Path Graph

Step 3: Determine the cyclomatic complexity of the flow graph.

Step 4: Determine a basis set of independent paths.

Step5: Prepare test cases that will force execution of each path in the basis set.





Control Flow Graph

- The control flow of a program can be analyzed using a graphical representation known as flow graph. The flow graph is a directed graph in which node represents statement, and edges represents flow of control.
- In other words, a control flow graph describes how the control flows through the programs.





Control Flow Graph (CFG)

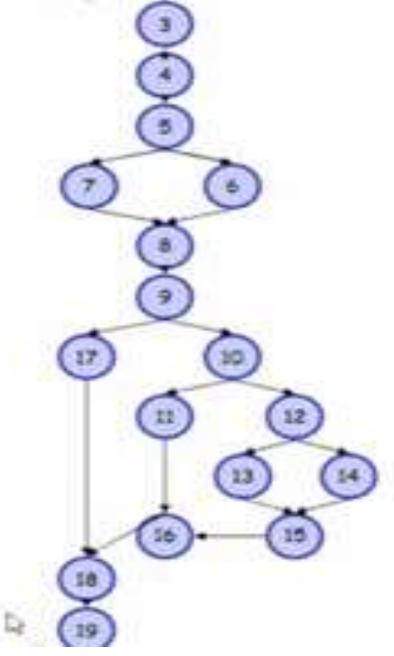
```
program TRIANGLE
    input (a)
    input (b)
    input (c)
    if (a<b+c) AND (b<a+c) AND (c<a+b)
      then IsATriangle = T
      else IsATriangle = F
    endif
    if IsATriangle
10
      then if (a=ti) AND (b=c)
11
         then Output = "Equilateral"
12
         else if (a != b) AND (b != c) AND (a != c)
13
             then Output = "Scalene"
             else Output = "Isosceles"
14
15
         endif
16
      endif
17
    else Output = "Not a triangle"
18
    endif
    end TRIANGLE
```





Control Flow Graph (CFG)

```
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    input (a)
    input (b)
    input (c)
    if (a<b+c) AND (b<a+c) AND (c<a+b)
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```





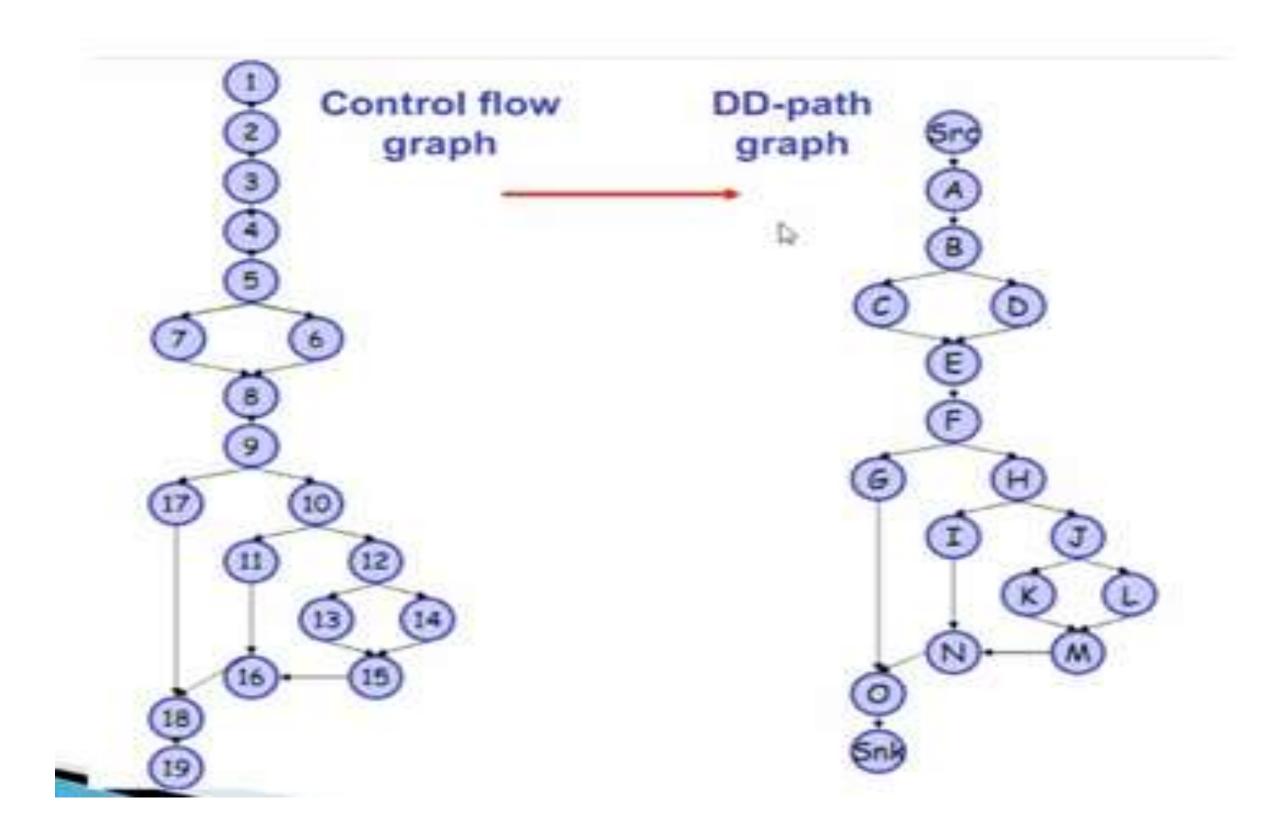


DD Path Graph

- Flow graph generation is the first step of path testing. The second step is to draw a DD path graph from the flow graph.
- The DD path graph is known as decision to decision path graph. Here, we concentrate only on decision nodes.
- The nodes of flow graph, which are in a sequence are combined in a single node.
- DD path graph is a directed graph in which nodes are sequence of statements and edges represent control flow between nodes.











Independent Path

- The DD path graph is used to find independent paths. We are interested to execute all independent paths at least once during path testing.
- It is quite interesting to use independent paths in order to insure that
 - (i) Every statement in the program has been executed at least once.
 - (ii) Every branch has been exercised for true and false condition.





Cyclomatic Complexity V(G)

First Method: McCabes cylomatic metric of a graph G,

$$V(G) = e-n+2P$$

Where e= edges

n= nodes

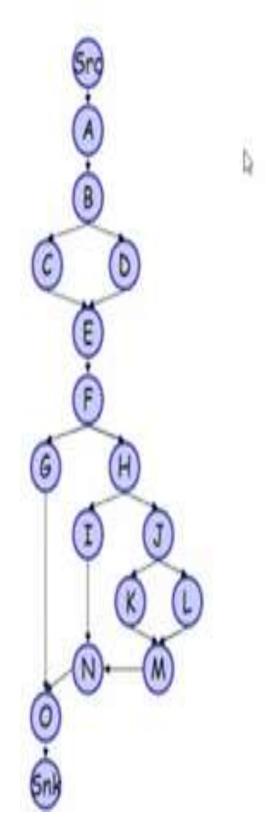
P= Connected Components

Second Method: predicate node +1

Third Method: number of Regions

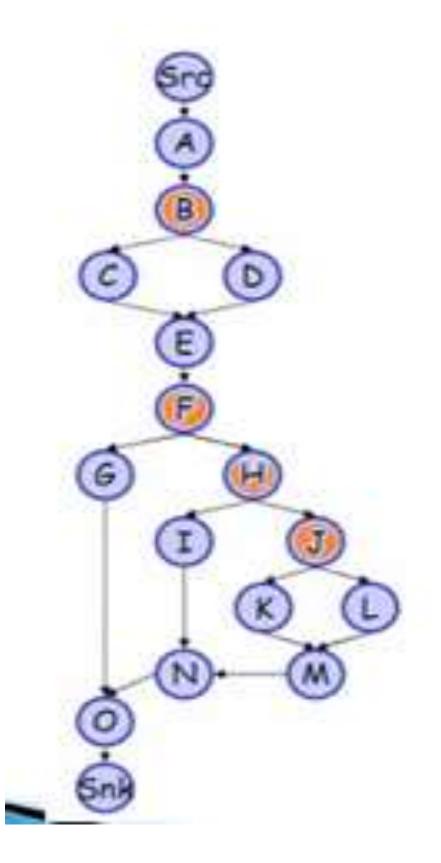






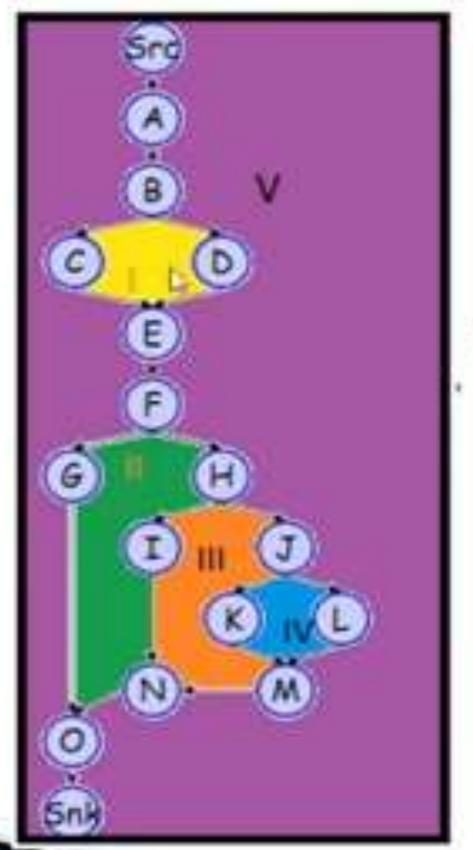








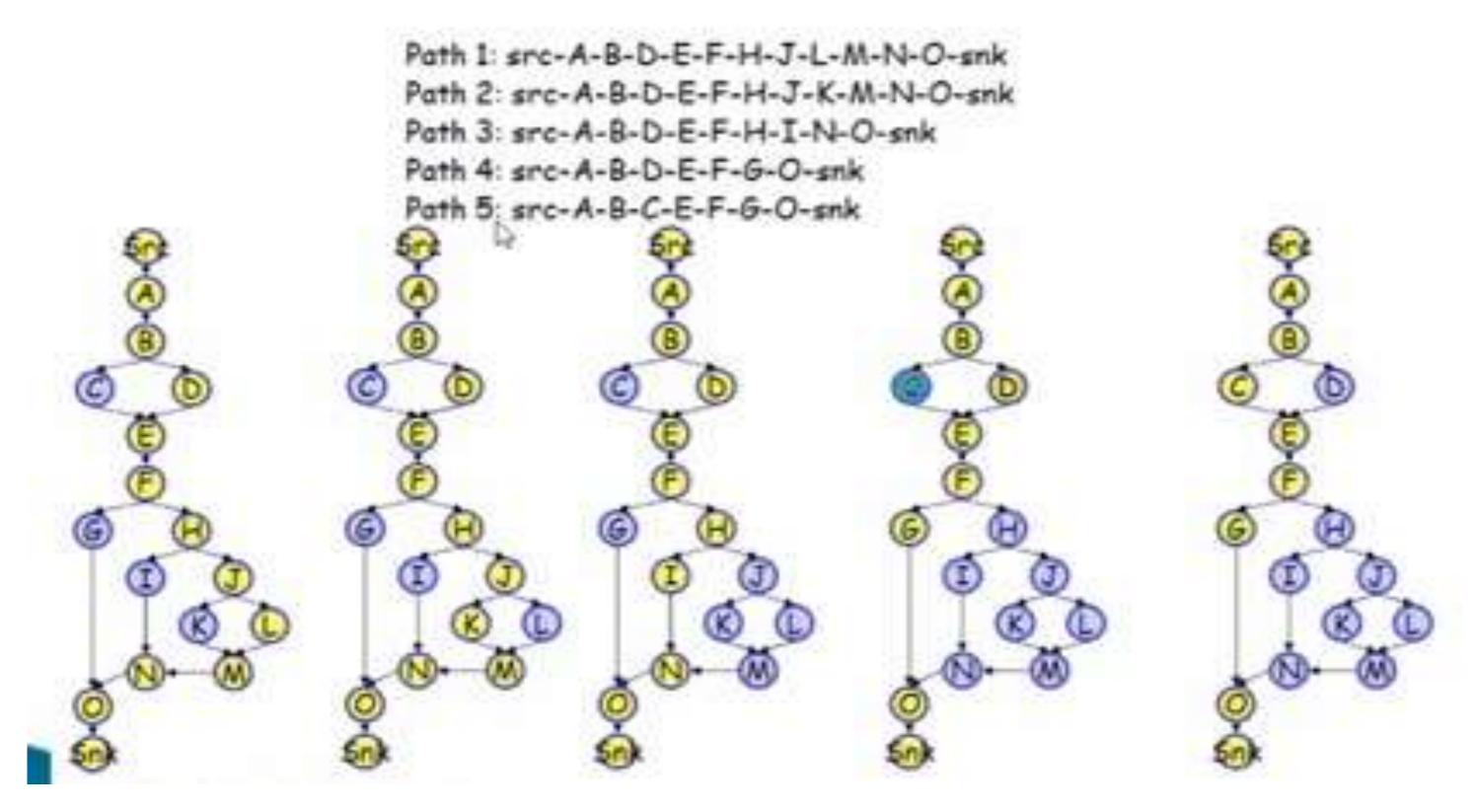




No. of Regions = 5

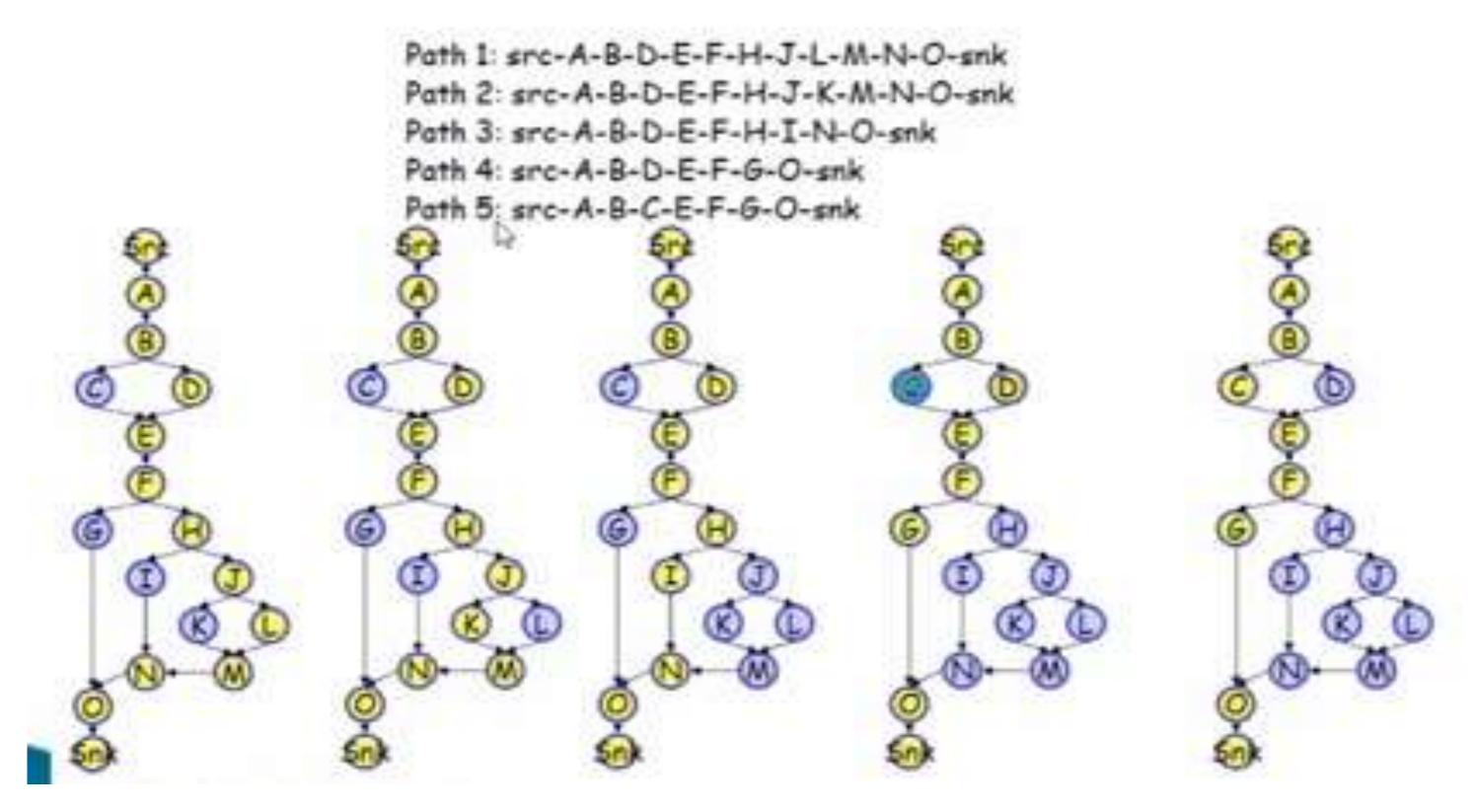
















Path 1: src-A-B-D-E-F-H-J-L-M-N-O-snk

Path 2: src-A-B-D-E-F-H-J-K-M-N-O-snk

Path 3: src-A-B-D-E-F-H-I-N-O-snk

Path 4: src-A-B-D-E-F-G-O-snk

Path 5: src-A-B-C-E-F-G-O-snk

TEST CASE	Expected outcome
1	Scalene
2	Isosceles
3	Equilateral
4	Not a Triangle
5	Not a Triangle



