

## Even and Odd Signals

(1) Find even + odd components of

$$x(t) = \cos t + \sin t$$

$$x_e(t) = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2}$$

$$x_o(t) = \frac{x(t) - x(-t)}{2}$$

$$x(-t) = \cos(-t) + \sin(-t)$$

$$= \cos t - \sin t$$

$$= \frac{\cos t + \sin t - \cos t + \sin t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin t}{2}$$

$$x_e(t) = \frac{\cos t + \sin t + \cos t - \sin t}{2}$$

$$x_o(t) = \sin t$$

$$= \frac{2 \cos t}{2}$$

$$= \cos t$$

(2)  $x(t) = \cos t + \sin t + \cos t \cdot \sin t$

$$x_e(t) = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2}$$

$$x(-t) = \cos(-t) + \sin(-t) + \cos(-t) \cdot \sin(-t)$$

$$= \cos t - \sin t - \cos t \sin t$$

$$x_e(t) = \frac{\cos t + \sin t + \cos t \sin t + \cos t - \sin t - \cos t \sin t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \cos t}{2}$$

$$x_e(t) = \cos t$$

$$x_o(t) = \frac{x(t) - x(-t)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos t + \sin t + \cos t \sin t - \cos t + \sin t + \cos t \sin t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2(\sin t + \cos t \sin t)}{2}$$

$$= \sin t + \cos t \sin t = \sin t$$

$$(B) \alpha(n) = \{3, 2, 1, 4, 5\}$$

↑  
index value

The value pointed out by this index should be in 0<sup>th</sup> position.

$$\alpha(-2) = 3, \alpha(-1) = 2, \alpha(0) = 1, \alpha(1) = 4, \alpha(2) = 5$$

$$\text{Even: } \alpha_e(n) = \frac{\alpha(n) + \alpha(-n)}{2}$$

$$n = -2$$

$$\alpha_e(-2) = \frac{\alpha(-2) + \alpha(2)}{2} = \frac{3+5}{2} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$$

$$n = -1$$

$$\alpha_e(-1) = \frac{\alpha(-1) + \alpha(1)}{2} = \frac{2+4}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

$$n = 0$$

$$\alpha_e(0) = \frac{\alpha(0) + \alpha(0)}{2} = \frac{1+1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$n = 1$$

$$\alpha_e(1) = \frac{\alpha(1) + \alpha(-1)}{2} = \frac{4+2}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

$$n = 2$$

$$\alpha_e(2) = \frac{\alpha(2) + \alpha(-2)}{2} = \frac{5+3}{2} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$$

$$\alpha_e(n) = \{4, 3, 1, 3, 4\}$$

↑

$$\text{Odd: } \alpha_o(n) = \frac{\alpha(n) - \alpha(-n)}{2}$$

$$n = -2$$

$$\alpha_o(-2) = \frac{\alpha(-2) - \alpha(2)}{2} = \frac{3-5}{2} = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$$

$$n = -1$$

$$x_e(1) = \frac{x(-1) - x(1)}{2} = \frac{2-4}{2} = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$$

$$n = 0$$

$$x_e(0) = \frac{x(0) - x(0)}{2} = \frac{1-1}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$n = 1$$

$$x_e(1) = \frac{x(1) - x(-1)}{2} = \frac{4-2}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

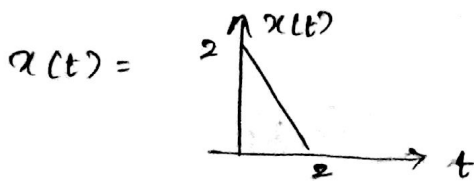
$$n = 2$$

$$x_e(2) = \frac{x(2) - x(-2)}{2} = \frac{5-3}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

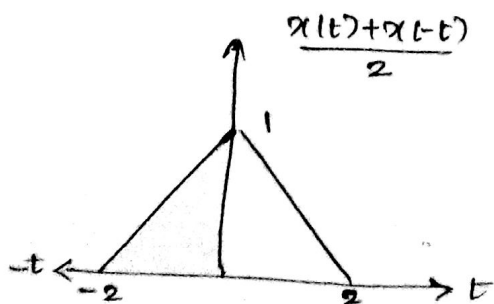
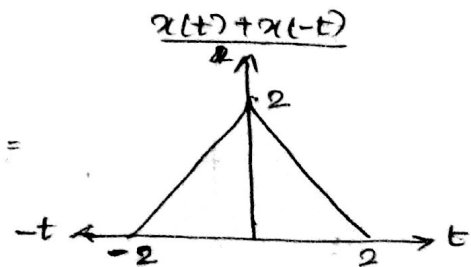
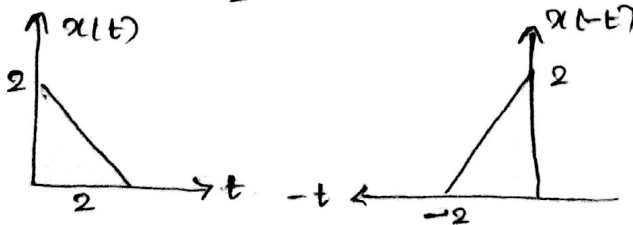
$$x_e(n) = \left\{ -1, -1, 0, 1, 1 \right\}$$

↑

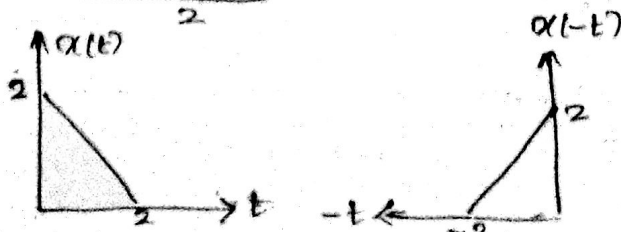
(4) Find the even & odd component of

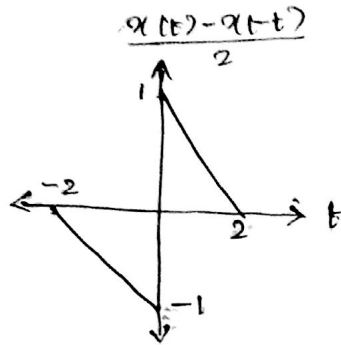
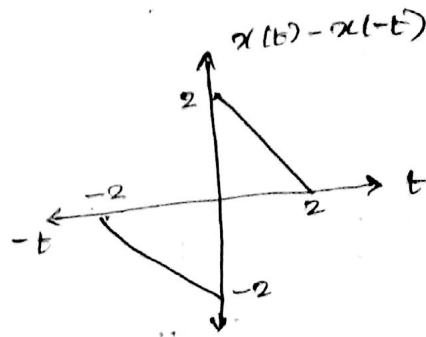
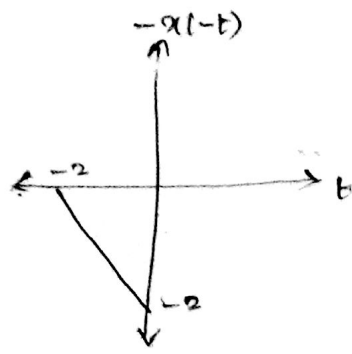


$$x_e(t) = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2}$$



$$x_o(t) = \frac{x(t) - x(-t)}{2}$$



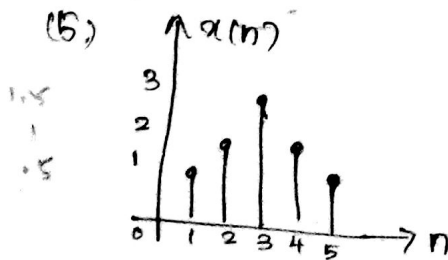
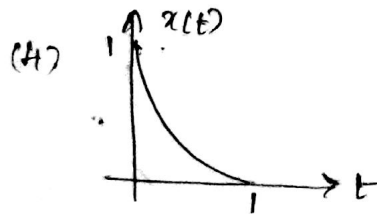


(5) find the even + odd components of

(1)  $x(n) = \{-2, 1, \underset{\uparrow}{2}, -1, 3\}$

(2)  $x(t) = 3 \sin t + 2 \sin t + 2 \sin^2 t \cos t$

(3)  $x(n) = \{1, 0, -1, 2, 3\}$



(1)  $x(n) = \{-2, 1, \underset{\uparrow}{2}, -1, 3\}$

$x(-2) = -2, x(-1) = 1, x(0) = 2, x(1) = -1, x(2) = 3$

Even:  $x_e(n) = \frac{x(n) + x(-n)}{2}$

$$n = -2$$

$$x_e(n) = \frac{x(-2) + x(2)}{2} = \frac{-2 + 3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$n = -1$$

$$x_e(n) = \frac{x(-1) + x(1)}{2} = \frac{1 - 1}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$n = 0$$

$$x_e(n) = \frac{x(0) + x(0)}{2} = \frac{2 + 2}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$n = 1$$

$$x_e(n) = \frac{x(1) + x(-1)}{2} = \frac{-1 + 1}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$n = 2$$

$$x_e(n) = \frac{x(2) + x(-2)}{2} = \frac{3 - 2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x_e(n) = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 0, 2, 0, \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

↑

$$\text{Odd: } x_o(n) = \frac{x(n) - x(-n)}{2}$$

$$n = -2, x_o(-2) = \frac{x(-2) - x(2)}{2} = \frac{-2 - 3}{2} = \frac{-5}{2}$$

$$n = -1, x_o(-1) = \frac{x(-1) - x(1)}{2} = \frac{1 - (-1)}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$n = 0, x_o(0) = \frac{x(0) - x(0)}{2} = \frac{2 - 2}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$n = 1, x_o(1) = \frac{x(1) - x(-1)}{2} = \frac{-1 - 1}{2} = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$$

$$n = 2, x_o(2) = \frac{x(2) - x(-2)}{2} = \frac{3 - (-2)}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$x_o(n) = \left\{ -\frac{5}{2}, 1, 0, -1, \frac{5}{2} \right\}$$

↑

$$(ii) x(t) = \sin t + 2 \sin t + 2 \sin^2 t \cos t$$

$$\cos 2t = 1 - 2 \sin^2 t$$
$$\sin^2 t = \frac{\cos 2t - 1}{2}$$
$$\frac{1 + \cos 2t}{2}$$

$$x_e(t) = \frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2}$$

$$x(-t) = \sin(-t) + 2 \sin(-t) + 2 \sin^2(-t) \cos(-t)$$
$$= -\sin t - 2 \sin t + 2 \sin^2 t \cos t$$

$$x_e(t) = \frac{\sin t + 2 \sin t + 2 \sin^2 t \cos t - \sin t - 2 \sin t + 2 \sin^2 t \cos t}{2}$$
$$= \frac{2 \sin^2 t \cos t}{2}$$

$$= 2 \left( \frac{1 + \cos 2t}{2} \right) \cos t$$

$$x_e(t) = \cos t (1 + \cos 2t) = 2 \sin^2 t \cos t$$

$$x_o(t) = \frac{x(t) - x(-t)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\sin t + 2 \sin t + 2 \sin^2 t \cos t + \sin t + 2 \sin t - 2 \sin^2 t \cos t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin t + 4 \sin t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2(\sin t + 2 \sin t)}{2}$$

$$x_o(t) = \sin t + 2 \sin t = 3 \sin t$$

$$(iii) x(n) = \{1, 0, -1, 2, 3\}$$

$$x(0) = 1, x(1) = 0, x(2) = -1, x(3) = 2, x(4) = 3$$

$$x_e(n) = \frac{x(n) + x(-n)}{2}$$

$$n=0, x_e(0) = \frac{x(0) + x(0)}{2} = \frac{1+1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$n=1, x_e(1) = \frac{x(1) + x(-1)}{2} = \frac{0+0}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$n=2, \alpha_e(2) = \frac{\alpha(2) - \alpha(-2)}{2} = \frac{-1+0}{2} = -1/2$$

$$n=3, \alpha_e(3) = \frac{\alpha(3) - \alpha(-3)}{2} = \frac{2+0}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$n=4, \alpha_e(4) = \frac{\alpha(4) - \alpha(-4)}{2} = \frac{3+0}{2} = 3/2$$

$$\alpha_e(n) = \left\{ \underset{\uparrow}{1}, 0, -1/2, 1, 3/2 \right\}$$

$$\text{Odd: } \alpha_o(n) = \frac{\alpha(n) - \alpha(-n)}{2}$$

$$n=0, \alpha_o(0) = \frac{\alpha(0) - \alpha(0)}{2} = \frac{1-1}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$n=1, \alpha_o(1) = \frac{\alpha(1) - \alpha(-1)}{2} = \frac{0-0}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

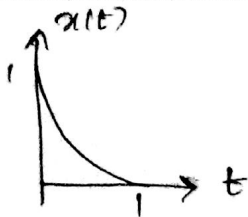
$$n=2, \alpha_o(2) = \frac{\alpha(2) - \alpha(-2)}{2} = \frac{-1-0}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} = -1/2$$

$$n=3, \alpha_o(3) = \frac{\alpha(3) - \alpha(-3)}{2} = \frac{2-0}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

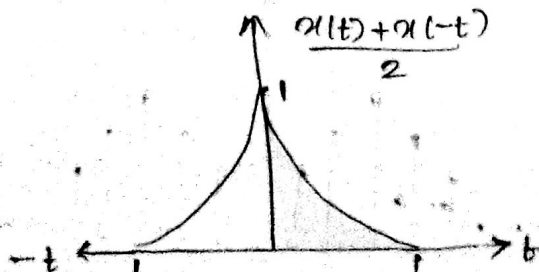
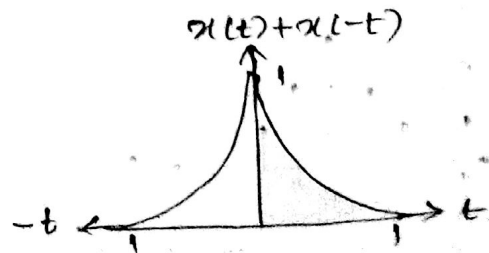
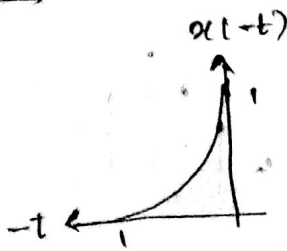
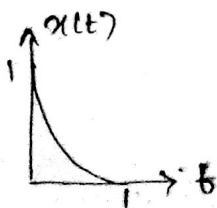
$$n=4, \alpha_o(4) = \frac{\alpha(4) - \alpha(-4)}{2} = \frac{3-0}{2} = 3/2$$

$$\alpha_o(n) = \left\{ \underset{\uparrow}{0}, 0, -1/2, 1, 3/2 \right\}$$

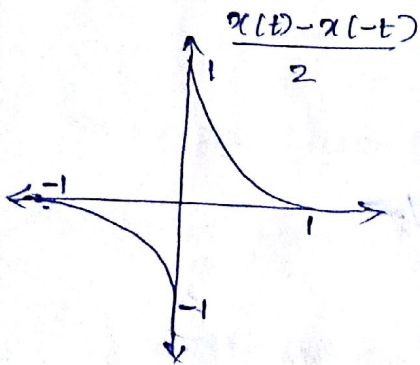
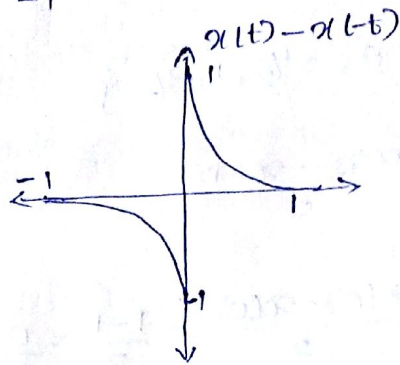
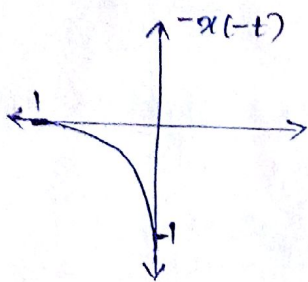
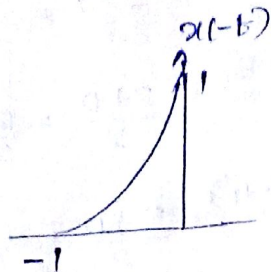
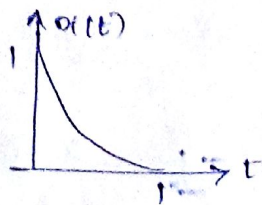
(iv)



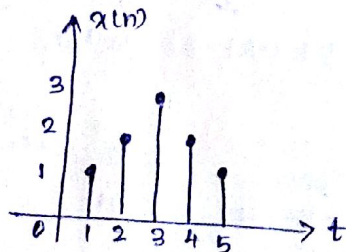
$$\alpha(t) = \frac{\alpha(t) + \alpha(-t)}{2}$$



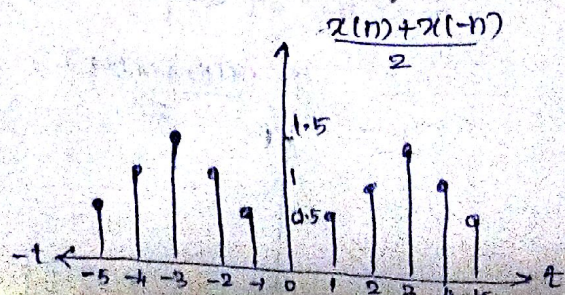
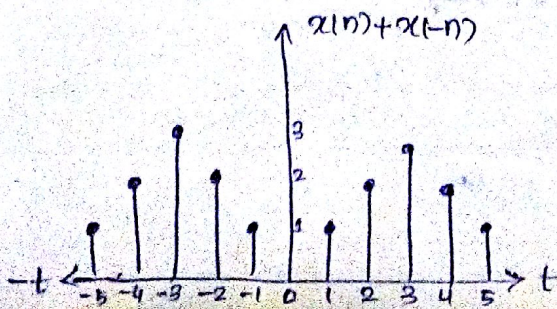
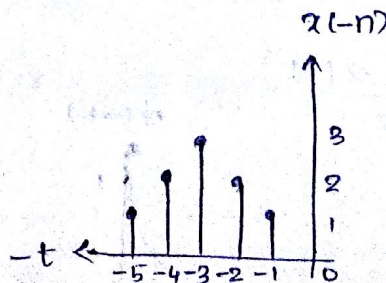
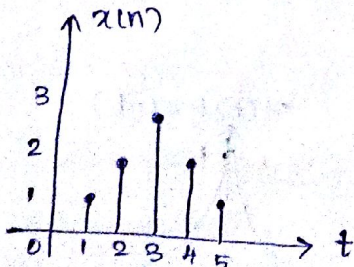
$$x_0(t) = \frac{x(t) - x(-t)}{2}$$



(v)

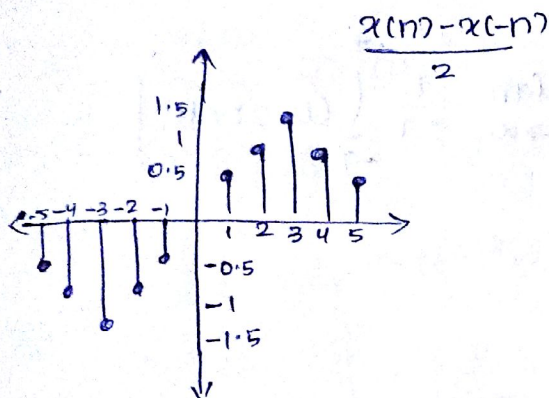
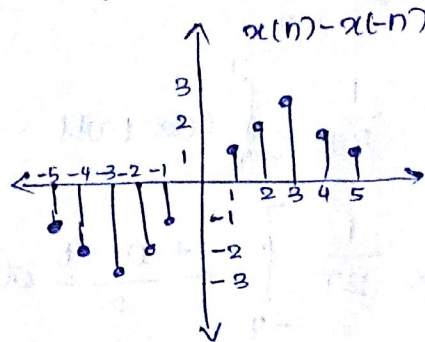
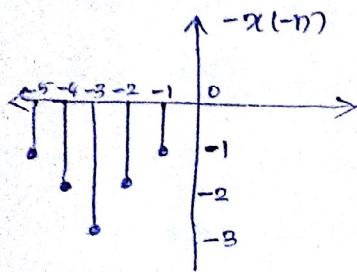
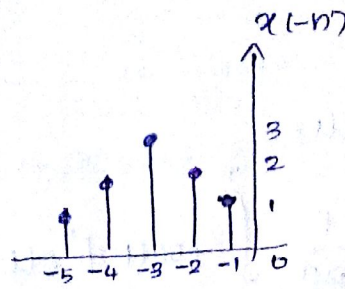
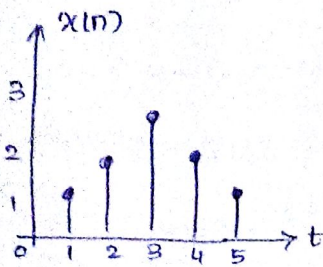


$$x_e(n) = \frac{x(n) + x(-n)}{2}$$





$$x_d(n) = \frac{x(n) - x(-n)}{2}$$



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### Energy and Power Signal :

Integration of cosine wave over full cycle = 0

(1)  $x(t) = \cos t$

$$E = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-T}^T |x(t)|^2 dt$$

$$= \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-T}^T \cos^2 t dt$$

$$= \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-T}^T \frac{1 + \cos 2t}{2} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-T}^T 1 dt + \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-T}^T \cos 2t dt \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} [T + T]$$