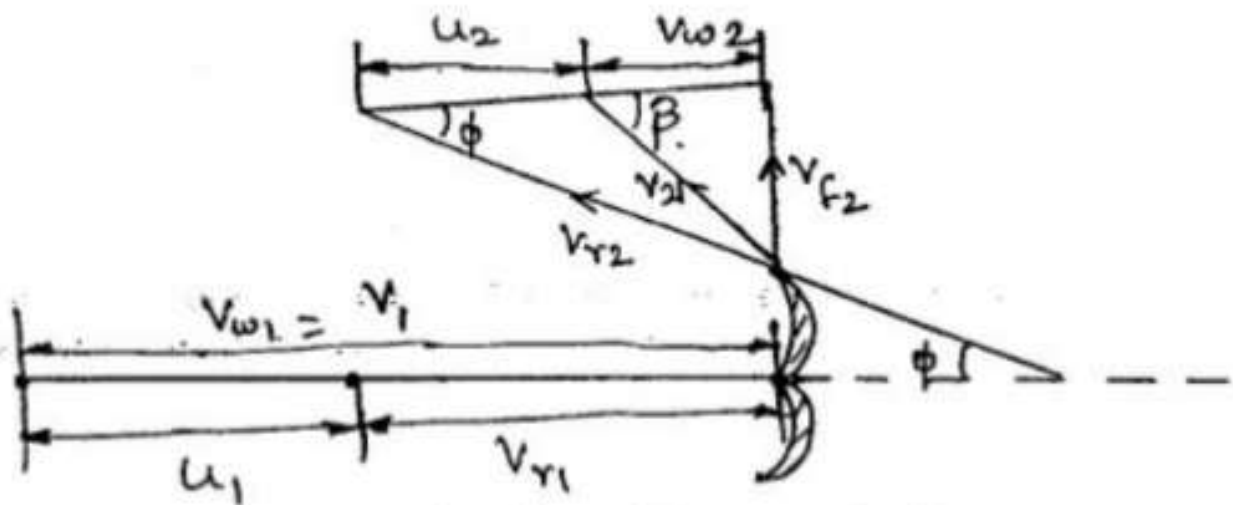


UNIT - V - TURBINES

PELTON WHEEL:



Symbol		Description	Unit
$u_1 & u_2$	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{r1} & v_{r2}$	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{w1} & v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$V_1 & V_2$	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{f1} & v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
β	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Outlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
ϕ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Outlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT INLET AND OUTLET (OR) VELOCITY OF WHEEL:

$$u = \frac{\pi DN}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
D	→	Diameter of Runner	m
N	→	Speed of Impeller	rpm

VELOCITY OF JET:

$$V_1 = C_v \sqrt{2gH}$$

$$C_v = 0.97 - 0.99$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
C_v	→	Coefficient of Velocity	
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

VELOCITY OF WHEEL:

$$u = k_u \sqrt{2gH}$$

$$k_u = 0.43 - 0.45$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
k_u	→	Speed Ratio	
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

FROM INLET VELOCITY TRIANGLE DIAGRAM:

$$V_{w1} = V_1$$

$$V_{w1} = u_1 + V_{r1}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
V_1	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet	m/s

FROM OUTLET VELOCITY TRIANGLE DIAGRAM:

$$\cos \phi = \frac{u_2 + v_{w2}}{v_{r2}}$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{v_{f2}}{u_2 + v_{w2}}$$

$$\sin \phi = \frac{v_{f2}}{v_{r2}}$$

$$\tan \beta = \frac{v_{f2}}{v_{w2}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u_2	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Outlet	m/s
v_{r2}	→	Relative Velocity at Outlet	m/s
v_{w2}	→	Whirl Velocity at Outlet	m/s
v_{f2}	→	Flow Velocity at Outlet	m/s

WORK DONE BY JET PER SECOND:

$$W = \rho Q [v_{w1} + v_{w2}]u$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner	m/s
$v_{w1} \& v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
ρ	→	Density	kg/m ³
Q	→	Discharge	m ³ /s

HYDRAULIC EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{2[v_{w1} + v_{w2}]u}{V_1^2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner	m/s
$v_{w1} & v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
V_1	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet	m/s

OVERALL EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_o = \frac{\text{Shaft Power}}{\text{Input Power}}$$

$$\eta_o = \frac{S.P}{\rho g Q H}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m
$S.P$	→	Shaft Power	W

DISCHARGE OF SINGLE JET:

$$q = \frac{\pi}{4} * d^2 * V_1$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
d	→	Diameter of Jet	m
V_1	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet	m/s
q	→	Discharge of Single Jet	m^3/s

NUMBER OF JET:

$$n = \frac{Q}{q}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
q	→	Discharge of Single Jet	m^3/s

NUMBER OF BUCKET:

$$Z = 15 + \frac{D}{2d}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
d	→	Diameter of Jet	m
D	→	Diameter of Runner	m

DIMENSIONS OF BUCKET:

Axial Width $B = 4.5d$

Radial Length $L = 2.5d$

Depth of Bucket $T = d$

Symbol		Description	Unit
d	→	Diameter of Jet	m

KINETIC ENERGY OF JET:

$$K.E \text{ of Jet} = \frac{1}{2} m V_1^2$$

$$\text{Since } m = \rho AV$$

$$\text{Therefore } K.E \text{ of Jet} = \frac{1}{2} \rho * A * V_1 * V_1^2$$

Since $Q = AV$

$$\text{Therefore K.E of Jet} = \frac{1}{2} \rho * Q * V_1^2$$

POWER LOST IN NOZZLE:

Input Power = Kinetic Energy + Power Lost in Nozzle

POWER LOST IN RUNNER:

Input Power

*= Power of Shaft + Power Lost in Nozzle
+ Power Lost in Runner
+ Power Lost Due to Mechanical Resistance*

RESULTANT FORCE ON BUCKET:

$$F = \rho Q [v_{w1} + v_{w2}]$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
F	→	Resultant Force on Bucket	N
$v_{w1} \& v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s

TORQUE:

$$T = F * \frac{D}{2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
F	→	Resultant Force on Bucket	N
D	→	Diameter of Runner	m
T	→	Torque	$N - m$

POWER:

$$P = \frac{2\pi NT}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
P	→	Power	W
T	→	Torque	$N - m$
N	→	Speed of Shaft	Rpm

SPECIFIC SPEED:

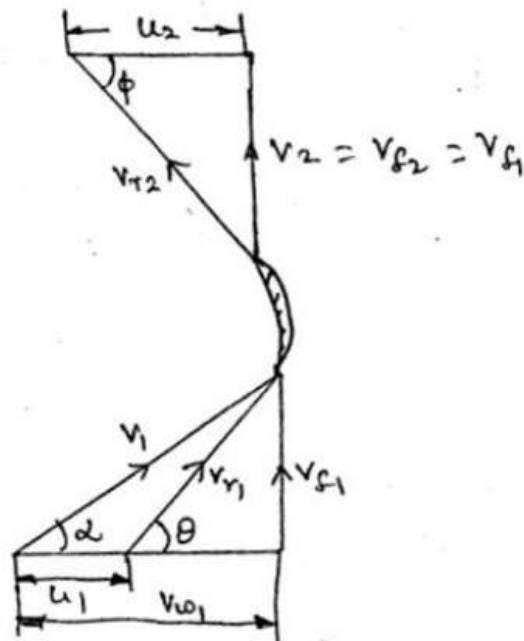
$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{3/4}}$$

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{5/4}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
H	→	Head	m
P	→	Power	kW
N	→	Speed	rpm
N_s	→	Specific Speed	

REACTION TURBINE:

INWARD FLOW REACTION TURBINE:



Symbol		Description	Unit
$u_1 \& u_2$	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{r1} \& v_{r2}$	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{w1} \& v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$V_1 \& V_2$	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{f1} \& v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
ϕ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Outlet with the	Degree

Direction of Motion of
Vane

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$u_1 = \frac{\pi d_1 N}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
d_1	→	Inlet (<i>or</i>) External Diameter	<i>m</i>
N	→	Speed of Turbine	<i>rpm</i>

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT OUTLET:

$$u_2 = \frac{\pi d_2 N}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
d_2	→	Outlet (<i>or</i>) Internal Diameter	<i>m</i>
N	→	Speed of Turbine	<i>rpm</i>

FROM INLET VELOCITY TRIANGLE DIAGRAM:

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{V_1}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{v_{w1}}{V_1}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1}}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{v_{w1} - u_1}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1} - u_1}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
V_1	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

RELATIVE VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$v_{r1} = \sqrt{v_{f1}^2 + (v_{w1} - u_1)^2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

DISCHARGE:

$$Q = \pi d_1 b_1 v_{f1} = \pi d_2 b_2 v_{f2}$$

$$Q = Av_{f1} = Av_{f2} = A_{f1}v_{f1} = A_{f2}v_{f2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
--------	--	-------------	------

$v_{f1} & v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$d_1 & d_2$	→	Diameter of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m
$b_1 & b_2$	→	Width of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
A	→	Area of Runner	m^2
$A_{f1} & A_{f2}$	→	Area of Flow at Inlet & Outlet	m^2

MASS OF WATER FLOWING THROUGH THE RUNNER:

$$m = \rho Q$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3

HEAD AT INLET OF TURBINE:

$$H = \frac{1}{g} * v_{w1} * u_1 + \frac{v_{f1}^2}{2g}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
g	→	Acceleration due to gravity	m/s^2

INPUT POWER TO TURBINE (OR) POWER GIVEN TO TURBINE:

$$P = \rho g Q H$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s

g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

POWER DEVELOPED BY TURBINE:

$$P = \rho * Q * v_{w1} * u_1$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

HYDRAULIC EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{v_{w1}u_1}{gH}$$

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{\text{Head Inlet} - \text{Head Loss}}{\text{Head Inlet}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

OVERALL EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_o = \frac{\text{Shaft Power}}{\text{Input Power}}$$

$$\eta_o = \frac{S.P}{\rho g Q H}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m
$S.P$	→	Shaft Power	W

SPEED RATIO:

$$K_u = \frac{u}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_u = 0.6 - 0.9$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u	→	Tangential Velocity	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_u	→	Speed Ratio	

FLOW RATIO:

$$K_f = \frac{v_{f1}}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_f = 0.15 - 0.3$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_f	→	Flow Ratio	

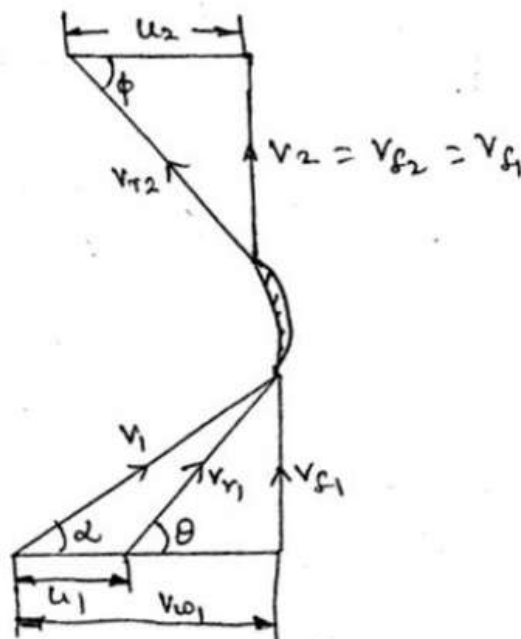
SPECIFIC SPEED:

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{3/4}}$$

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{5/4}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
H	→	Head	m
P	→	Power	kW
N	→	Speed	rpm
N_s	→	Specific Speed	

OUTWARD FLOW REACTION TURBINE:



Symbol		Description	Unit
$u_1 \& u_2$	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet & Outlet	m/s

$v_{r1} & v_{r2}$	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{w1} & v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$V_1 & V_2$	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{f1} & v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
ϕ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Outlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$u_1 = \frac{\pi d_1 N}{60}$$

Symbol	Description	Unit
d_1	→ Inlet (<i>or</i>) Internal Diameter	m
N	→ Speed of Turbine	rpm

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT OUTLET:

$$u_2 = \frac{\pi d_2 N}{60}$$

Symbol	Description	Unit
d_2	→ Outlet (<i>or</i>) External Diameter	m
N	→ Speed of Turbine	rpm

FROM INLET VELOCITY TRIANGLE DIAGRAM:

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{V_1}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{v_{w1}}{V_1}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1}}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{v_{w1} - u_1}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1} - u_1}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
V_1	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

RELATIVE VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$v_{r1} = \sqrt{v_{f1}^2 + (v_{w1} - u_1)^2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

DISCHARGE:

$$Q = \pi d_1 b_1 v_{f1} = \pi d_2 b_2 v_{f2}$$

$$Q = A v_{f1} = A v_{f2} = A_{f1} v_{f1} = A_{f2} v_{f2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
$v_{f1} & v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$d_1 & d_2$	→	Diameter of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m
$b_1 & b_2$	→	Width of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m
Q	→	Discharge	m ³ /s
A	→	Area of Runner	m ²
$A_{f1} & A_{f2}$	→	Area of Flow at Inlet & Outlet	m ²

MASS OF WATER FLOWING THROUGH THE RUNNER:

$$m = \rho Q$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m ³ /s
ρ	→	Density	kg/m ³

INPUT POWER TO TURBINE (OR) POWER GIVEN TO TURBINE:

$$P = \rho gQH$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

POWER DEVELOPED BY TURBINE:

$$P = \rho * Q * v_{w1} * u_1$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

HYDRAULIC EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{v_{w1}u_1}{gH}$$

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{\text{Head Inlet} - \text{Head Loss}}{\text{Head Inlet}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

OVERALL EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_o = \frac{\text{Shaft Power}}{\text{Input Power}}$$

$$\eta_o = \frac{S.P}{\rho g Q H}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m
$S.P$	→	Shaft Power	W

SPEED RATIO:

$$K_u = \frac{u}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_u = 0.6 - 0.9$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u	→	Tangential Velocity	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_u	→	Speed Ratio	

FLOW RATIO:

$$K_f = \frac{v_{f1}}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_f = 0.15 - 0.3$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_f	→	Flow Ratio	

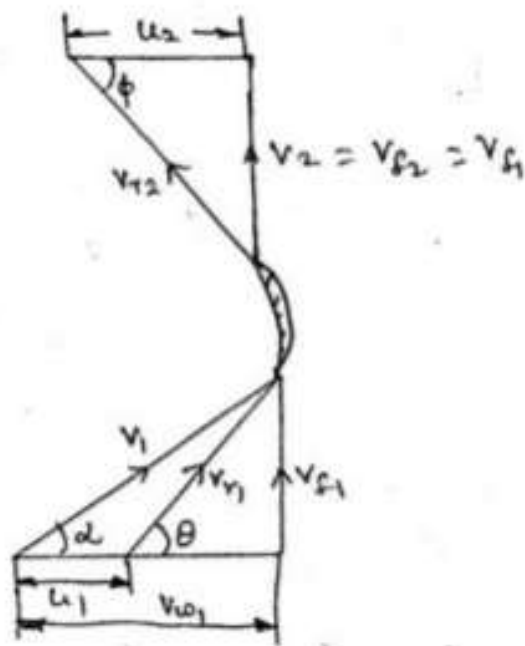
SPECIFIC SPEED:

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{3/4}}$$

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{5/4}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
H	→	Head	m
P	→	Power	kW
N	→	Speed	rpm
N_s	→	Specific Speed	

FRANCIS TURBINE:



Symbol		Description	Unit
$u_1 & u_2$	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{r1} & v_{r2}$	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{w1} & v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$V_1 & V_2$	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{f1} & v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
ϕ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Outlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$u_1 = \frac{\pi d_1 N}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
d_1	→	Inlet (or) External Diameter	m
N	→	Speed of Turbine	rpm

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT OUTLET:

$$u_2 = \frac{\pi d_2 N}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
d_2	→	Outlet (or) Internal Diameter	m
N	→	Speed of Turbine	rpm

FROM INLET VELOCITY TRIANGLE DIAGRAM:

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{V_1}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{v_{w1}}{V_1}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1}}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{v_{w1} - u_1}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1} - u_1}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
V_1	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

RELATIVE VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$v_{r1} = \sqrt{v_{f1}^2 + (v_{w1} - u_1)^2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

DISCHARGE:

$$Q = \pi d_1 b_1 v_{f1} = \pi d_2 b_2 v_{f2}$$

$$Q = A v_{f1} = A v_{f2} = A_{f1} v_{f1} = A_{f2} v_{f2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
$v_{f1} & v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$d_1 & d_2$	→	Diameter of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m

$b_1 & b_2$	→	Width of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
A	→	Area of Runner	m^2
$A_{f1} & A_{f2}$	→	Area of Flow at Inlet & Outlet	m^2

CIRCUMFERENTIAL AREA OF RUNNER:

$$A = \pi d_1 b_1 = \pi d_2 b_2$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
$d_1 & d_2$	→	Diameter of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m
$b_1 & b_2$	→	Width of Impeller at Inlet & Outlet	m
A	→	Circumferential Area of Runner	m^2

MASS OF WATER FLOWING THROUGH THE RUNNER:

$$m = \rho Q$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3

INPUT POWER TO TURBINE (OR) POWER GIVEN TO TURBINE:

$$P = \rho g Q H$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

POWER DEVELOPED BY TURBINE:

$$P = \rho * Q * v_{w1} * u_1$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

HYDRAULIC EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{v_{w1} u_1}{gH}$$

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{\text{Head Inlet} - \text{Head Loss}}{\text{Head Inlet}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

OVERALL EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_o = \frac{\text{Shaft Power}}{\text{Input Power}}$$

$$\eta_o = \frac{S.P}{\rho g Q H}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s

g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m
$S.P$	→	Shaft Power	W

SPEED RATIO:

$$K_u = \frac{u}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_u = 0.6 - 0.9$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u	→	Tangential Velocity	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_u	→	Speed Ratio	

FLOW RATIO:

$$K_f = \frac{v_{f1}}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_f = 0.15 - 0.3$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_f	→	Flow Ratio	

BREADTH RATIO:

$$n = \frac{b_1}{d_1}$$

$$n = 0.1 - 0.4$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
b_1	→	Width of Runner at Inlet	m
d_1	→	Diameter of Runner at Inlet	m
n	→	Breadth Ratio	

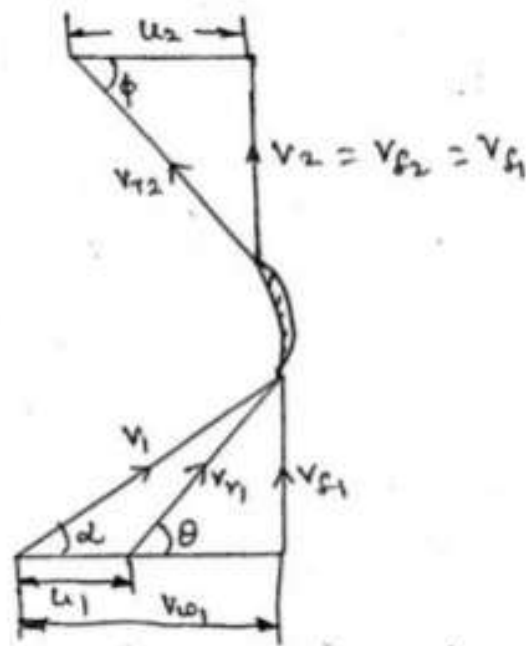
SPECIFIC SPEED:

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{3/4}}$$

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{5/4}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
H	→	Head	m
P	→	Power	kW
N	→	Speed	rpm
N_s	→	Specific Speed	

KAPLAN TURBINE:



Symbol		Description	Unit
$u_1 \& u_2$	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{r1} \& v_{r2}$	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{w1} \& v_{w2}$	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$V_1 \& V_2$	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
$v_{f1} \& v_{f2}$	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
ϕ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Outlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$u_1 = \frac{\pi D_o N}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
D_o	→	Inlet (<i>or</i>) External Diameter	<i>m</i>
N	→	Speed of Turbine	<i>rpm</i>

TANGENTIAL VELOCITY AT OUTLET:

$$u_2 = \frac{\pi D_b N}{60} = \frac{\pi D_h N}{60}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
D_b <i>or</i> D_h	→	Outlet (<i>or</i>) Boss (<i>or</i>) Hub Diameter	<i>m</i>
N	→	Speed of Turbine	<i>rpm</i>

FROM INLET VELOCITY TRIANGLE DIAGRAM:

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{V_1}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{v_{w1}}{V_1}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1}}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{v_{w1} - u_1}{v_{r1}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v_{f1}}{v_{w1} - u_1}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
V_1	→	Absolute Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
α	→	Angle made by Absolute Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree
θ	→	Angle made by Relative Velocity at Inlet with the Direction of Motion of Vane	Degree

RELATIVE VELOCITY AT INLET:

$$v_{r1} = \sqrt{v_{f1}^2 + (v_{w1} - u_1)^2}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{r1}	→	Relative Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

DISCHARGE:

$$Q = \frac{\pi}{4} [D_0^2 - D_b^2] v_{f1}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
D_0	→	Inlet (or) External Diameter	m
D_b or D_h	→	Outlet (or) Boss (or) Hub Diameter	m

Q \longrightarrow Discharge m^3/s

CIRCUMFERENTIAL AREA OF RUNNER:

$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} [D_0^2 - D_b^2]$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
D_0	\longrightarrow	Inlet (or) External Diameter	m
D_b or D_h	\longrightarrow	Outlet (or) Boss (or) Hub Diameter	m
A	\longrightarrow	Circumferential Area of Runner	m^2

MASS OF WATER FLOWING THROUGH THE RUNNER:

$$m = \rho Q$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	\longrightarrow	Discharge	m^3/s
ρ	\longrightarrow	Density	kg/m^3

INPUT POWER TO TURBINE (OR) POWER GIVEN TO TURBINE:

$$P = \rho g Q H$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	\longrightarrow	Density	kg/m^3
Q	\longrightarrow	Discharge	m^3/s
g	\longrightarrow	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	\longrightarrow	Head	m

POWER DEVELOPED BY TURBINE:

$$P = \rho * Q * v_{w1} * u_1$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	\longrightarrow	Density	kg/m^3
Q	\longrightarrow	Discharge	m^3/s

v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s

HYDRAULIC EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{v_{w1}u_1}{gH}$$

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{\text{Head Inlet} - \text{Head Loss}}{\text{Head Inlet}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u_1	→	Tangential Velocity of Runner at Inlet	m/s
v_{w1}	→	Whirl Velocity at Inlet	m/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m

OVERALL EFFICIENCY:

$$\eta_o = \frac{\text{Shaft Power}}{\text{Input Power}}$$

$$\eta_o = \frac{S.P}{\rho gQH}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
ρ	→	Density	kg/m^3
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
H	→	Head	m
$S.P$	→	Shaft Power	W

SPEED RATIO:

$$K_u = \frac{u}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_u = 0.6 - 0.9$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
u	→	Tangential Velocity	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_u	→	Speed Ratio	

FLOW RATIO:

$$K_f = \frac{v_{f1}}{\sqrt{2gH}}$$

$$K_f = 0.15 - 0.3$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
v_{f1}	→	Flow Velocity at Inlet	m/s
H	→	Head	m
g	→	Acceleration due to Gravity	m/s^2
K_f	→	Flow Ratio	

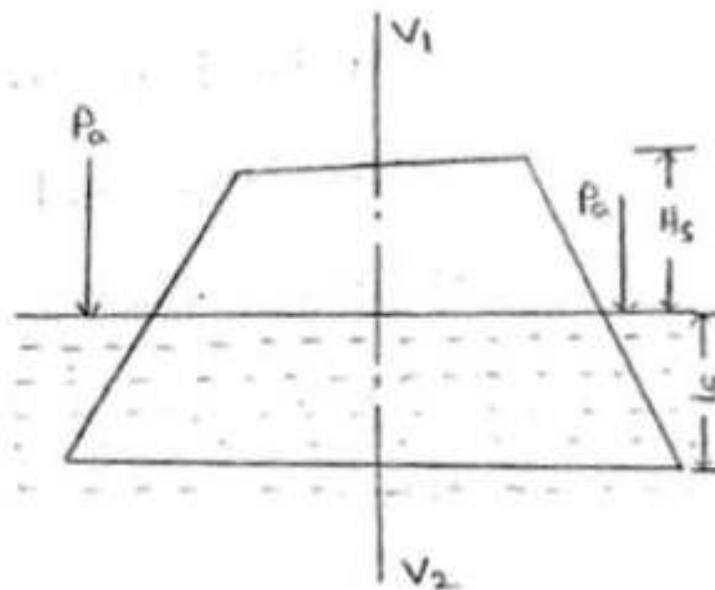
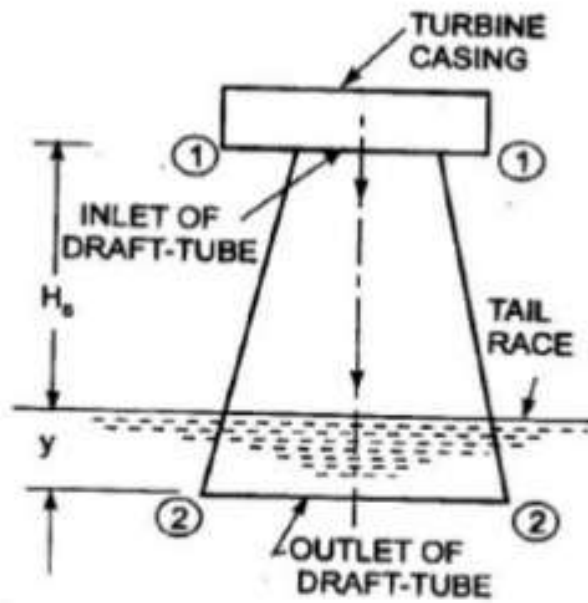
SPECIFIC SPEED:

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{3/4}}$$

$$N_s = \frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{5/4}}$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
Q	→	Discharge	m^3/s
H	→	Head	m
P	→	Power	kW
N	→	Speed	rpm
N_s	→	Specific Speed	

DRAFT TUBE:



Symbol		Description	Unit
$V_1 & V_2$	→	Velocity at Inlet & Outlet	m/s
H_s	→	Vertical Height of Draft Tube Above Tail Race	m
y	→	Distance of Bottom of Draft Tube from Tail Race	m

FROM BERNOULLI'S EQUATION:

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_f$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
$P_1 & P_2$	→	Pressure at Inlet & Outlet of Draft Tube	N/m ²
$V_1 & V_2$	→	Velocity at Inlet & Outlet of Draft Tube	m/s
$z_1 & z_2$	→	Datum Head Inlet & Outlet of Draft Tube	m
h_f	→	Head Loss	m
ρ	→	Density of Liquid	kg/m ³
g	→	Acceleration due to gravity	m/s ²

LENGTH OF DRAFT TUBE:

$$L = H_s + y$$

Symbol		Description	Unit
L	→	Length of Draft Tube	m
H_s	→	Vertical Height of Draft Tube Above Tail Race	m
y	→	Distance of Bottom of Draft Tube from Tail Race	m

EFFICIENCY OF DRAFT TUBE:

$$\eta_d = \frac{\left(\frac{V_1^2}{2g} - \frac{V_2^2}{2g}\right) - h_f}{\frac{V_1^2}{2g}}$$

Symbol	Description	Unit
V_1 & V_2	Velocity at Inlet & Outlet of Draft Tube	m/s
h_f	Head Loss	m
g	Acceleration due to gravity	m/s^2

HYDRAULIC EFFICIENCY OF DRAFT TUBE:

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{\text{Head Utilized by Turbine}}{\text{Head Inlet of Turbine}}$$

$$\eta_{hyd} = \frac{H - h_{ft} - h_{fd} - \frac{V_2^2}{2g}}{\frac{P_1}{\rho g} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1}$$

Symbol	Description	Unit
P_1	Pressure at Inlet of Draft Tube	N/m^2
V_1 & V_2	Velocity at Inlet & Outlet of Draft Tube	m/s
z_1	Datum Head Inlet of Draft Tube	m
h_f	Head Loss	m
ρ	Density of Liquid	kg/m^3
g	Acceleration due to gravity	m/s^2