SNS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY AND HEALTH SCIENCES



Affiliated To The Tamil Nadu Dr. MGR Medical University, Chennai Approved by Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi.

Coimbatore -641035

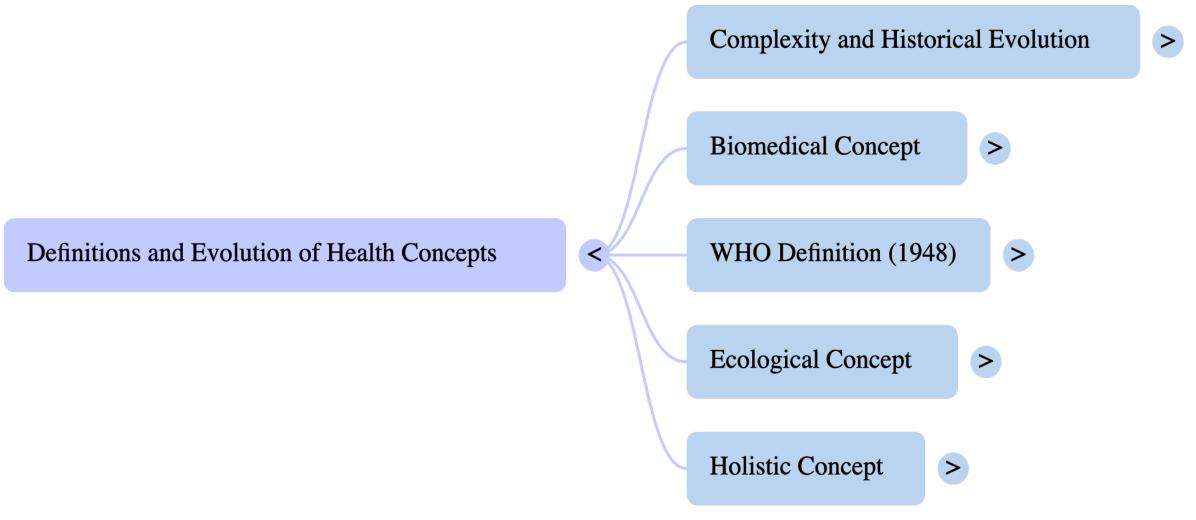
COURSE NAME: SOCIAL AND PREVENTIVE PHARMACY (BP 802 T)

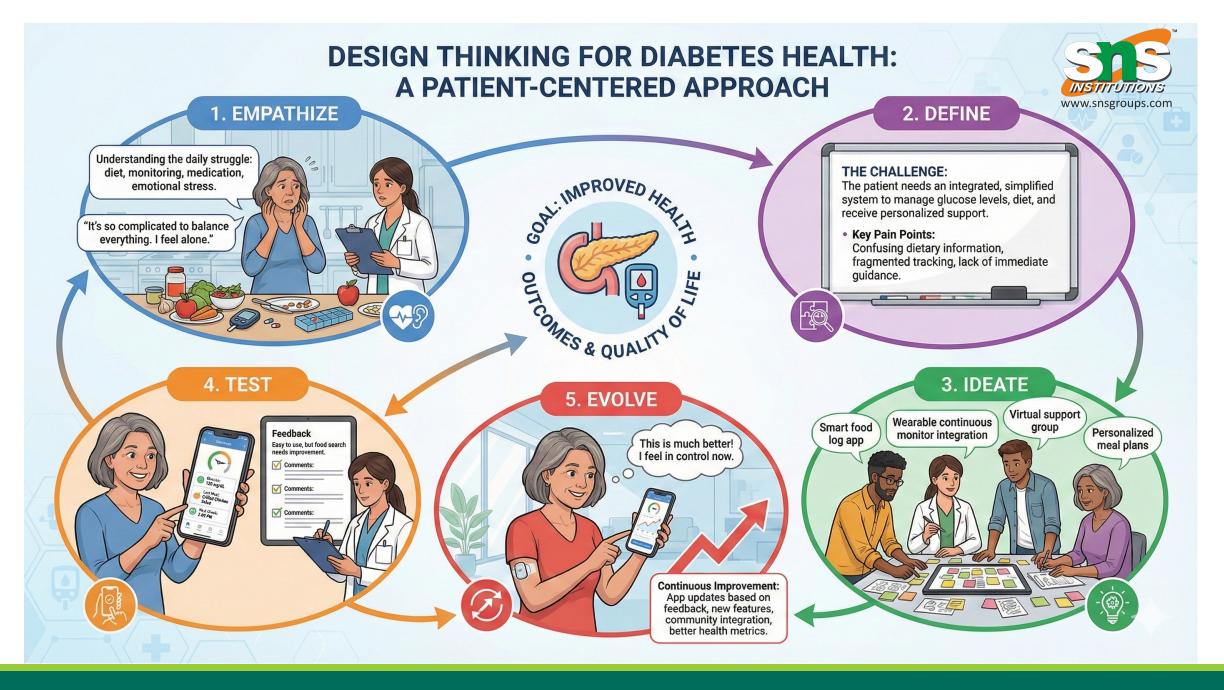
B.PHARM. VIII SEM / IV YEAR

TOPIC 1: CONCEPT OF HEALTH AND DISEASE

DEFINITION AND EVALUATION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

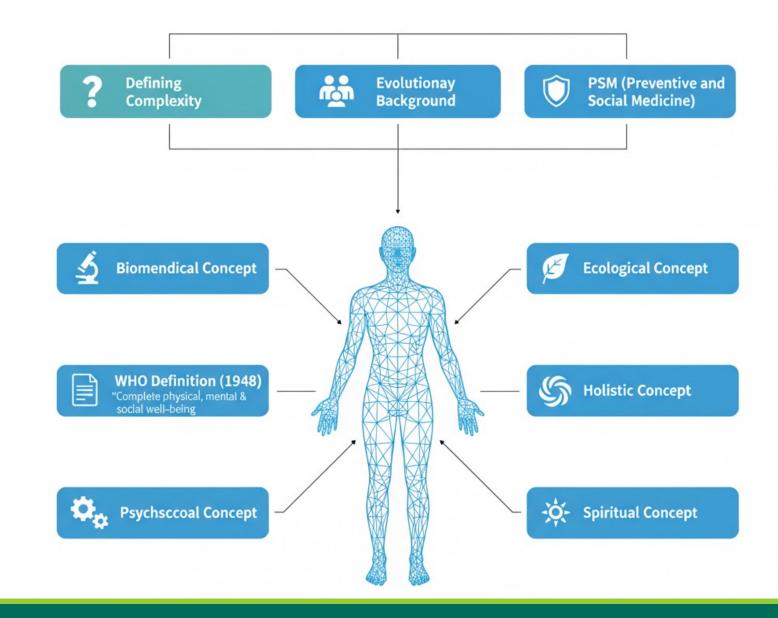






THE COMPLEXITY OF DEFINING HEALTH

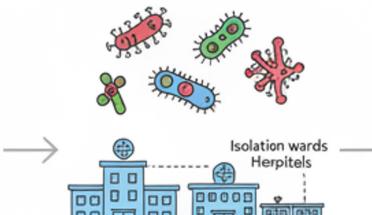


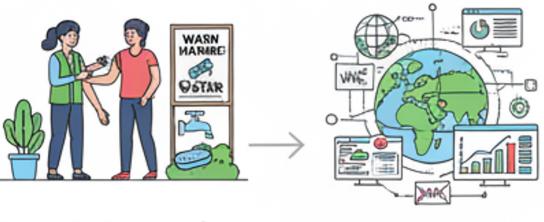


EVOLUTIONARY BACKGROUND









Stage 1: Miasma Phase

Bad air / Foul odors cause disease

Stage 1: Germ Phase

Specific micronargioums / Pathogons identified

Stage 3: Preventive & Social Medicine Emergence

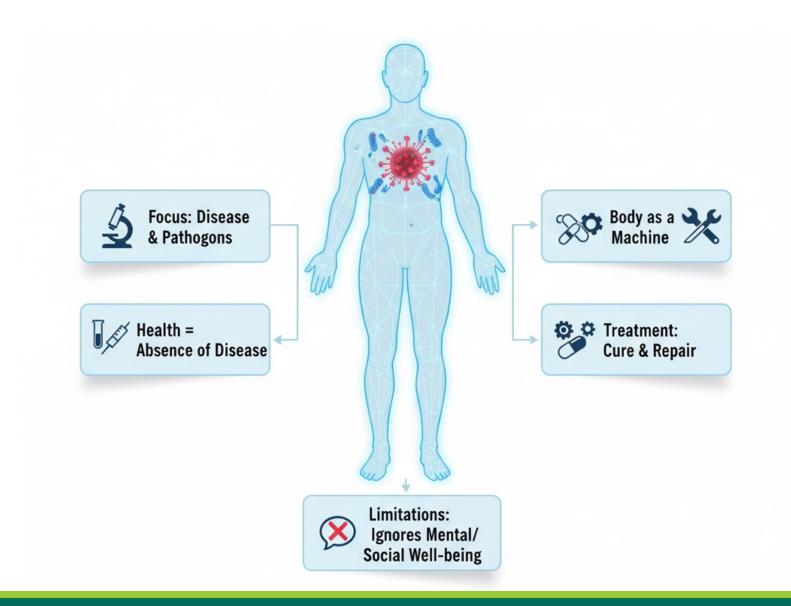
Community health
Vaccination
Sanitation
Social determments

Modernized PSM

Data analytics / Global hetworks
Precision prevention
New healthcare discipline

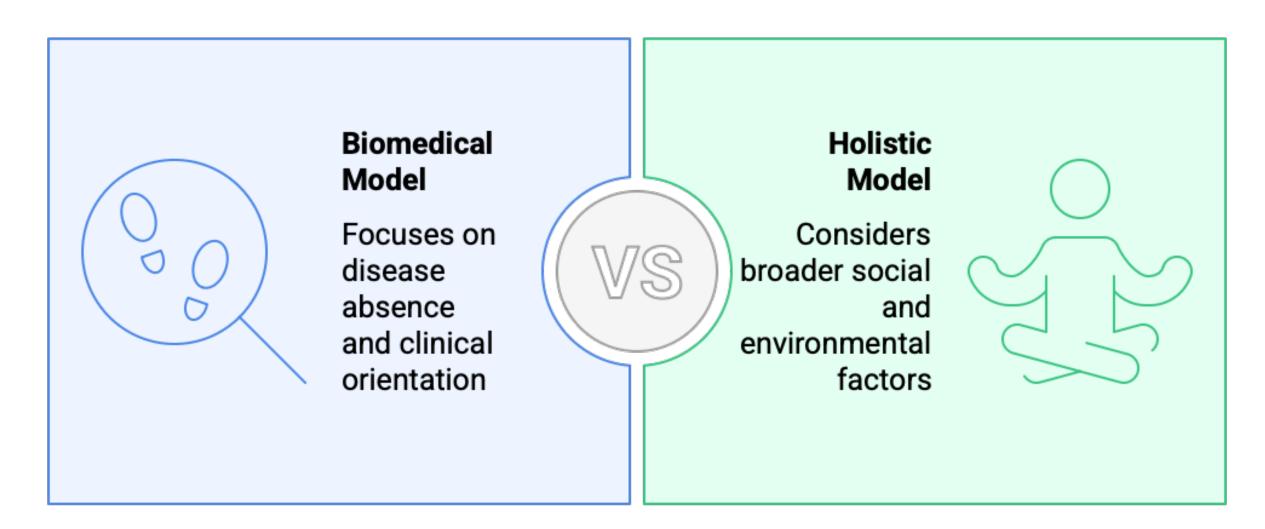
BIOMEDICAL CONCEPT





INSTITUTION'S WWW SDSTOUDS COM

How should health be defined and approached in modern medicine? www.snsgrou



COMPONENTS OF WHO DEFINITION





Positive Definition

The WHO's attempt to define health in a positive light.



Core Definition

Health as a state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being.



Later Addition In 1978

Inclusion of the ability to lead a productive life in the definition.





Physical Well-being

Encompasses the body's structure and function, assessed through physical measures.



Social Well-being

Reflects harmony with surroundings, influenced by cultural and economic factors.



Mental Well-being

Indicates emotional stability and positive relationships.

THE ECOLOGICAL OF HEALTH





Economic Environment

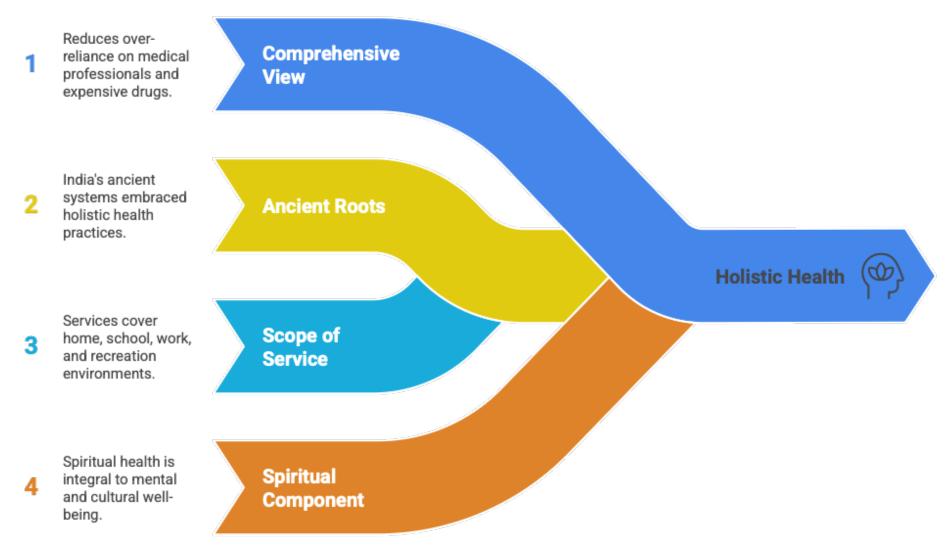
Economic factors impacting health outcomes

social structures affecting health

health initiatives

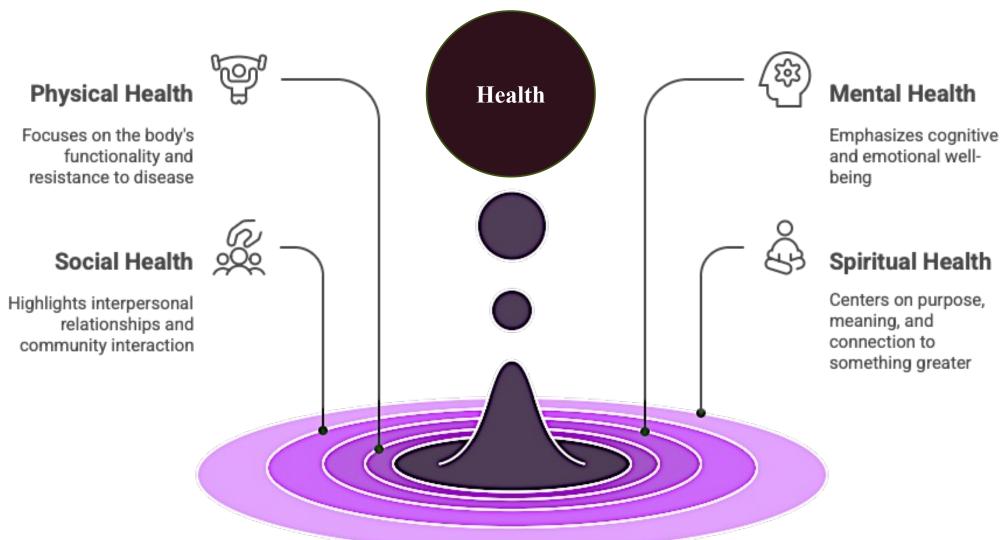
PATHWAYS TO HOLISTIC WELBEING





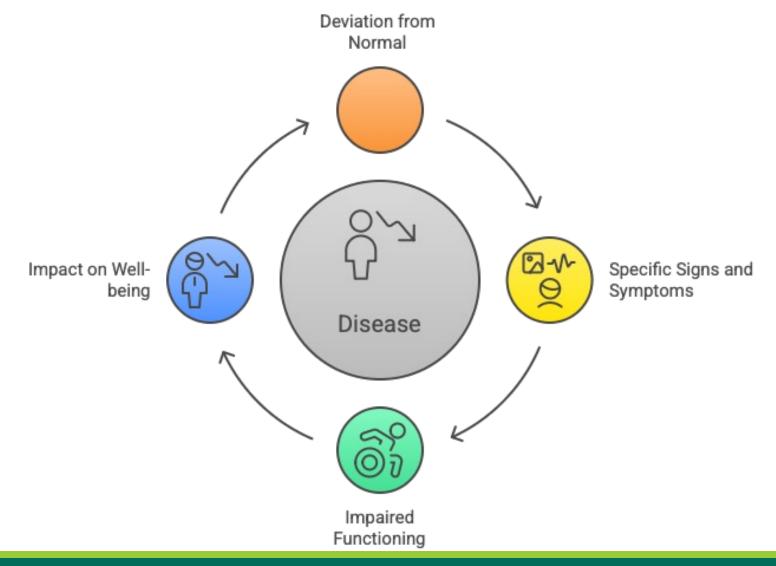
DIMENSION OF HEALTH





CYCLE OF DISEASE DEVELOPMENT

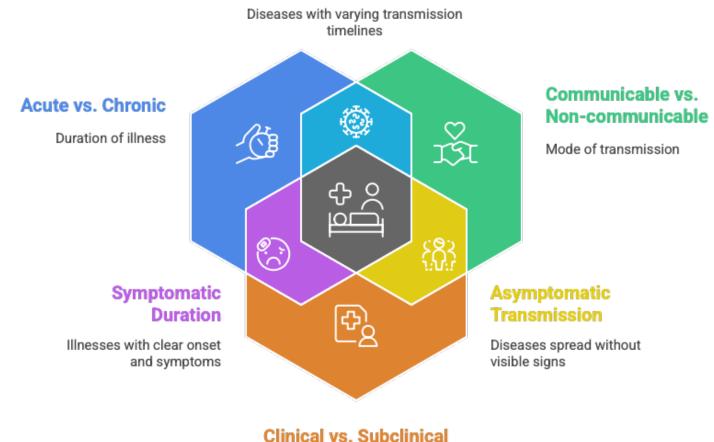




OVERLAPPING DISEASE CLASSIFICATION



Infectious Duration



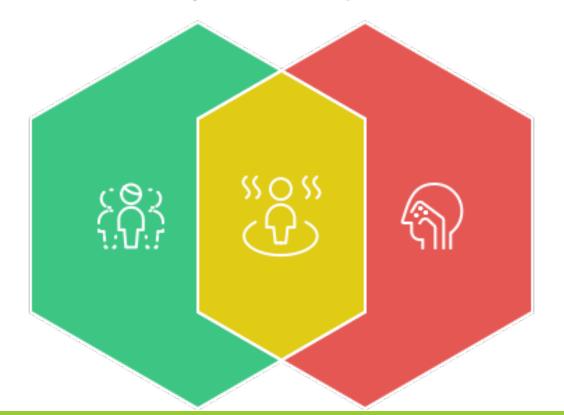
Presence of symptoms

THE CONTINUUM OF DISEASE DEVELOPMENT



Transition Zone

Early disease development



Pathogenesis Phase

Disease process and symptom onset

Pre-pathogenesis

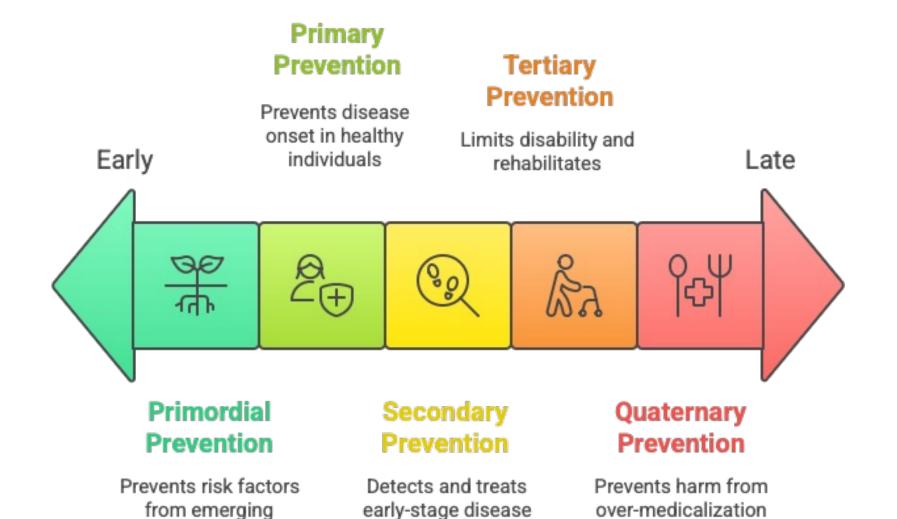
Factors influencing health

Phase

before disease

LEVELS OF PREVENTION TARGET

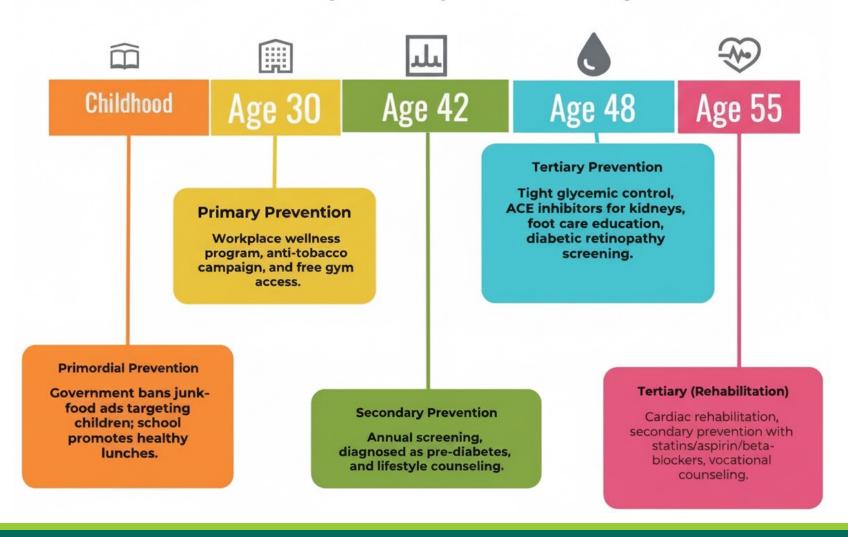




LEVELS OF PREVENTION TIMELINE



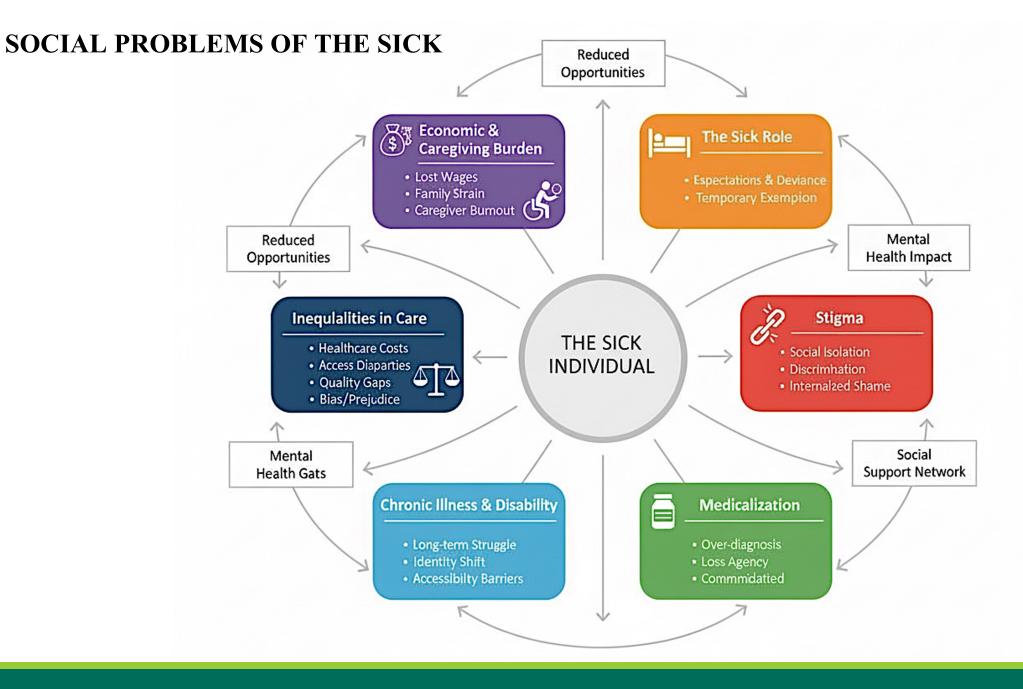
A Case Study of Mr. Raj's Health Journey



SOCIAL CAUSES OF DISEASES











1. According to the **Biomedical definition of health**, what is the state of health often defined as?







2. The **World Health Organization (WHO)** definition of health describes a state of complete well-being across which three primary components?



3. In the early evolution of health concepts, what were diseases attributed to during the Miasma Phase?





4. The **Ecological Concept of Health** is fundamentally linked to the **Epidemiological Triad**. Name the three interacting components of this triad. **Epidemiological** triage



5. Mr. Raj is a 50-year-old man diagnosed with hypertension during a routine check-up, but he has no symptoms yet. a) At which stage of the natural history of disease is Mr. Raj currently? b) Which level of prevention is most appropriate for him right now?



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REFERENCES



- 1. Short Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, Prabhakara GN, 2nd Edition, 2010, ISBN: 9789380704104, JAYPEE Publications
- 2. Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine (Mahajan and Gupta), Edited by Roy Rabindra Nath, Saha Indranil, 4th Edition, 2013, ISBN: 9789350901878, JAYPEE Publications
- 3. Review of Preventive and Social Medicine (Including Biostatistics), Jain Vivek, 6th Edition, 2014, ISBN: 9789351522331, JAYPEE Publications
- 4. Essentials of Community Medicine—A Practical Approach, Hiremath Lalita D, Hiremath Dhananjaya A, 2nd Edition, 2012, ISBN: 9789350250440, JAYPEE Publications



Thank you

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