

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107
An Autonomous Institution
Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES

COURSE NAME: 19BA315 STRATEGIC HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

II YEAR /III SEMESTER

Unit IV - COMPETENCY DEVELOPMENT & CAREER

Topic 2 - Career Development Models



CAREER DEVELOPMENT

DEFINITION

Career development is total constellation of economic, sociological, psychological, educational, physical and chance factors that combine to shape one career.



OBJECTIVES



- To formulate intervention strategies that help in developing, involving, rewarding and retaining skilled employees.
- To analyze and implement suitable career counseling models in the organisation
- To identify how the assessment procedures are applied during career development intervention
- To identify how technology is used during career development intervention
- To plan, design and implement career development programmes that are applicable throughout the career.
- To search, understand assess and circulate information pertaining to education and career among the employees which are in congruence with organisational needs.







- To achieve excellence through procurement of relevant skills, capabilities and information.
- To create and develop a group of skilled employees who can implement the organization's business strategies efficiently.
- To enable development and succession planning so that growth of organisation can be ensured in the long run.
- To improve the employees and organisation by assessing career development programme and utilizing the result effectively.





STAGES OF CAREER DEVELOPMENT

- Self assessment
- Goal setting
- Formulate a plan of action





CAREER DEVELOPMENT MODELS

- Life span model
- Individual differences model
- Directional pattern model
- Organisation based model





LIFE SPAN MODEL

- Developmental model of Miller and form
 - Viewed careers as a series of social adjustment the culture imposes on the workers.
 - Preparatory work period
 - Initial period
 - Trial period
 - Stable work period
 - Retirement period



SUPER'S MODEL

- Growth stage, extending from conception approximately age 14.
- Exploratory stage, ordinarily including the period from age 15-25
- Establishment stage, spanning the years from 25 to about
 45
- Maintenance stage, stretching from 45 to retirement
- Decline stage including the years from retirement to death.





INDIVIDUAL'S DIFFERENCES MODEL

A model of organisation looking at the intersection between individual needs and organisational demands by studying the socialization process and the formation of psychological contract.





ORGANISATION BASED MODEL

- Becker and Strauss's model
- Dilland Reitmen's Model
 - Decision Maker
 - Organisational Environment
 - Individual's interpretation ability

Schein Model

- Vertical
- Radial
- circumstance





CAREER DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM

- Need for career development
- Create a pool of standards
- Talent retention
- Enhances employee aspirations
- Work life balance
- Meets legislative criteria
- Enhances organisational competitiveness
- Establishes goal congruence







- Self assessment tools
- Career planning workshops
- Individual counseling
- Organisational assessment programme
- Developmental programme







- Integrate individual developmental development planning with organisational strategic planning'
- Strengthen the linkages between career development and other HRM systems
- Move career development systems toward greater openness
- Enhance the role of managers in career development through both skill building and accountability
- Develop and expand peer learning and other team based developmental approaches
- Stress on the job development, de-emphasize traditional programmes that are isolated, one-shot events



CONTD...

- Emphasize enrichment and lateral movement
- Identify and develop transferable competencies.
- Include values and lifestyle assessments in career development activities
- Implement a variety of career development approaches to accommodate different learning styles and the needs of the diverse workforce.
- Tie career development directly to organisational quality initiatives
- Expand career development directly to organisational quality initiatives
- Expand career development measurement and evaluation
- Continue to study best practices and organisational career development in a global context.





BENEFITS

- **O**rganisation
- Employees
- Supervisors/Managers



RECAP

QUESTIONS???

THANK YOU



16/16