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## Topic: 1.3 - PROBLEMS ON EIGEN VALUES AND EIGEN VECTORS

Find the Eigenvalue and Eigenvectors of (2 1-6) 80lu: Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$ step:1: to find the char egr. The chair equ. of A is  $\lambda^3 - S_1 \lambda^2 + S_2 \lambda - S_3 = 0$ where S. = Sum of the main diagonali elements = -2+1+0 82 - 8um of the minors of the main diagonal elements. - 1 -6 + 1-2 -3 + 1-2 2 = (0-12 )+ (0-3)+ (-2-4) = -12-3-6 =-21 8 = 1A1 = -2(0-12)-2(0-6)-3(-4+1) = 24+12+9=45 he Char. Egu. 13 23 + 2-21 9-45 = 0





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8tep >: to solve the char. equ. 
$$0.3+0.2-210-45=0.0$$
If  $0.=1$  then  $0.9+1-21-45\neq 0$ 
If  $0.=1$  then  $0.9+1-21-45\neq 0$ 

8 Eep: 3 to find the Figenvectors.

Solve 
$$(A-\lambda_1) \times = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2-\lambda & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1-\lambda & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \\ \chi_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$





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Case(i): 
$$3H \ N = -3$$
 then  $eq_{\mu}$ . A becomes.

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & -3 \\
2 & 3 & -6 \\
-1 & -2 & 3
\end{pmatrix}
\begin{pmatrix}
x_1 \\
x_2 \\
3
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
0 \\
0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 = 0$$

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 - 6x_3 = 0$$

$$-x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 0$$
Here  $0$ ,  $0$  by  $0$  are same equi.

We consider 
$$x_1+2y_2-3x_3=0$$

Put  $x_1=0$  We get  $2x_2=3x_3$ 

$$\frac{x_2}{3}=\frac{x_3}{2}$$

Figer Vertor is  $x_1=\begin{bmatrix}0\\3\\2\end{bmatrix}$ 

Put  $x_2=0$ , We get  $x_1-3x_3=0$ 

$$x_1=3x_3=\frac{x_3}{3}=\frac{x_3}{3}=\frac{x_3}{3}$$

The Eigenvertor  $x_2=\begin{bmatrix}3\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}$ 

Care: 2:

The Apr. A becomes.





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Find the Figenvalues and Eigenvectors of  $\begin{pmatrix}
6 & -b & 5 \\
14 & -13 & 10
\end{pmatrix}$   $7 & -b & 4
\end{pmatrix}$ Step 1: to find the Chan equ.

The Chau equ. of A is  $\lambda^3 = 5, \lambda^2 + 5 = \lambda - 5 = 0$   $S_1 = 6 + 3 + 4 = -3$ 

$$S_{1} = 6 - 13 + 4 = -3$$

$$S_{2} = \begin{vmatrix} -13 & 10 \\ -6 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ 7 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 6 & -6 \\ 14 & -13 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-52 + 60) + (24 - 35) + (-78 + 84)$$

$$= 8 - 14 + 6 = 3$$

$$S_{3} = |A| = -1$$





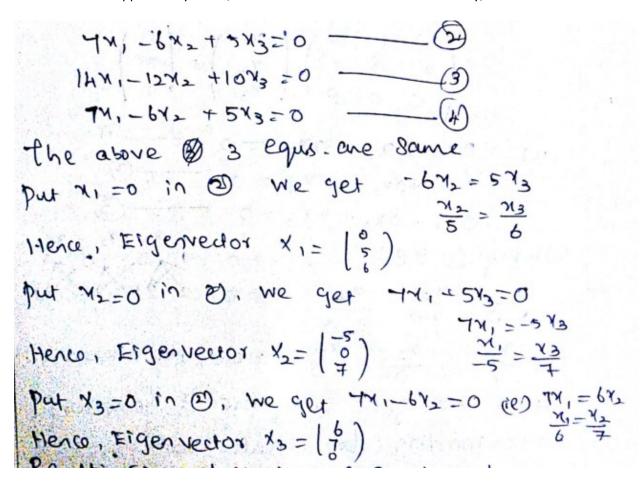
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(
$$n+1$$
) ( $n+2n+1$ ) = 0  
( $n+1$ ) ( $n+1$ ) ( $n+1$ ) = 0  
Hence the Eigenvalues one -1,-1,-1  
Step: 3 to find the Eigenvector,  
801 ve ( $n-1$ )  $n+1$  = 0  
( $n+1$ )  $n+1$  = 0  
When  $n+1$  = -1,  $n+1$  becomes.  
( $n+1$ )  $n+1$  = ( $n+1$ ) = ( $n+1$ )  $n+1$  = ( $n+1$ ) = ( $n$ 





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Find the Eigenvalues and Eigenvector of (101) Let A = (1011) 8 tep: 1: To find the characteristic equ. The Chan: egu. of A 15 23-5, 245, 2-53=0 where Si = 0+0+0 = 0 Sz = 10 1 ) + 10 1 + 10 1) = (0-17+ (0-1)+ (0-1) S3 = 1A1 = 0 (0-1)-1 (0-1)+1(1-0) = 0+1+1=2 .. The char. equ. 15  $\lambda^3 - 0\lambda^2 - 3\lambda - 2 = 0$ 3/20:2: To find Eigen Value. Solvier 13-37-2=0 SH 7=1, 0 =) 1-3-2 = 0 If  $\lambda = -1$ , 0 = -1 + 3 - 2 = 0-. y=-1 & a soot (ie) (x=)-2)=0





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Here 
$$\mathfrak{G}$$
,  $\mathfrak{G}$   $\mathfrak{UG}$  are same eggs.

Put  $\chi_1 = 0$  We get  $\chi_2 = -\frac{\chi_3}{2}$ 
 $\chi_2 = \frac{\chi_3}{2}$ 
 $\mathfrak{T}$ 

Ergen Vedox  $\chi_3 = [\mathfrak{G}]$