

# **SNS College of Engineering Coimbatore - 641107**



#### UNIT III

#### **NETWORK LAYER**

Services, Virtual circuit and Datagram networks, IP: Datagram-

IPV4 Addressing-ICMPv4, IPv6 Protocol,

Routing Algorithms, Unicast Routing Protocols



#### **ICMPV4**



- Introduction
- ICMPV4 Message format
- Types of ICMPV4 Messages



#### Introduction



- The IPv4 protocol doesn't have any mechanism to report errors or correct errors.
- So, IP functions in assistance with ICMP, report errors. ICMP never gets involved in correcting the errors.



#### **Reasons for Errors**



- •A router with a datagram for a host in another network, may not find the next hop (router) to the final destination host.
- •Datagram's time-to-live field has become zero.



## Contd.,

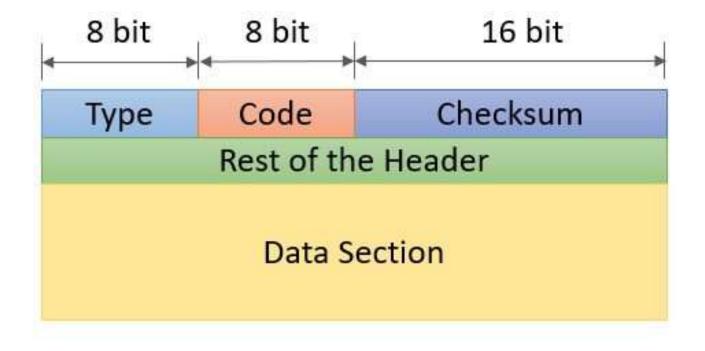


- There may be ambiguity in the header of the IP datagram.
- It may happen that all the fragments of the datagram do not arrive within a time limit to the destination host.



# **ICMPv4** Message Format





General Format of ICMP Messages



## **Fields**



- 1<sup>st</sup> byte 'type' of the message.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> byte the reason behind the 'type' of the message.
- The next two bytes define the checksum field



## **Fields**

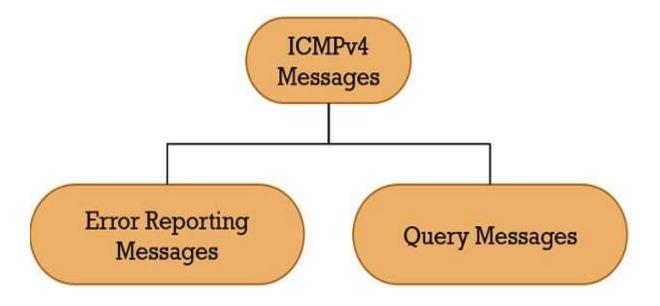


- The rest 4 bytes defines the rest of the header which is specific for each message type.
- The data section of the query message holds more information regarding the type of query.



# **Types of ICMPV4**







## **Error Reporting Messages**

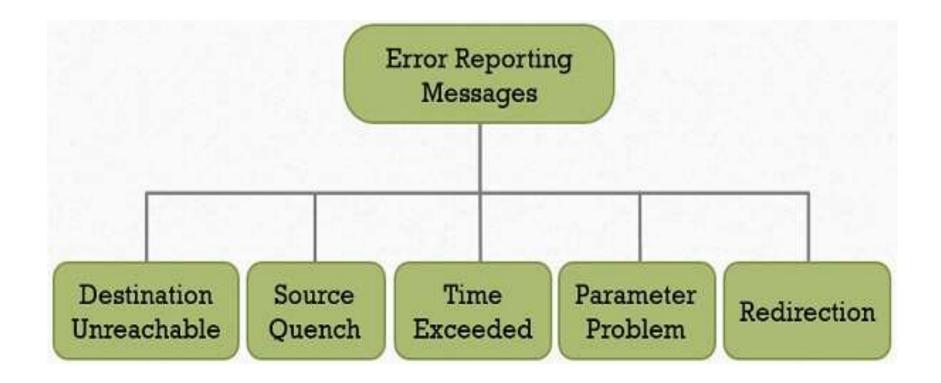


- The most important function of ICMPv4 is to report the error.
- Although it is not responsible to correct the errors.



# Types of error messages







# **Destination Unreachable**



Type: 3 Code:0-15 Checksum

Unused

IP header + first 8 bytes of datagram

Destination Unreachable Format



## Source Quench



Type: 4 Code: 0 Checksum

Unused

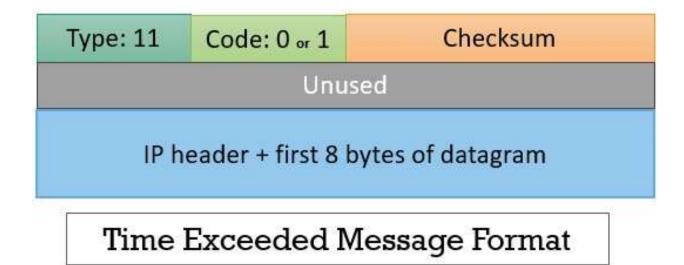
IP header + first 8 bytes of datagram

Source Quench Format



#### Time Exceeded





Code 0 – When this time-to-live field decrements to zero

**Code 1** – If the destination host doesn't receive all the fragments of a datagram in a set time.



#### **Parameter Problem**



Type: 12 Code: 0 or 1 Checksum

Pointer Unused

IP header + first 8 bytes of datagram

Parameter Problem Message Format

Code 0 defines that there is ambiguity in the header field

Code 1 defines that the required part of the header is missing



#### Redirection



Type: 5 Code: 0 to 3 Checksum

IP address of Target Router

IP header + first 8 bytes of datagram

Redirection Message Format

code 0 redirects for the network-specific route

code 1 redirects for the host-specific route

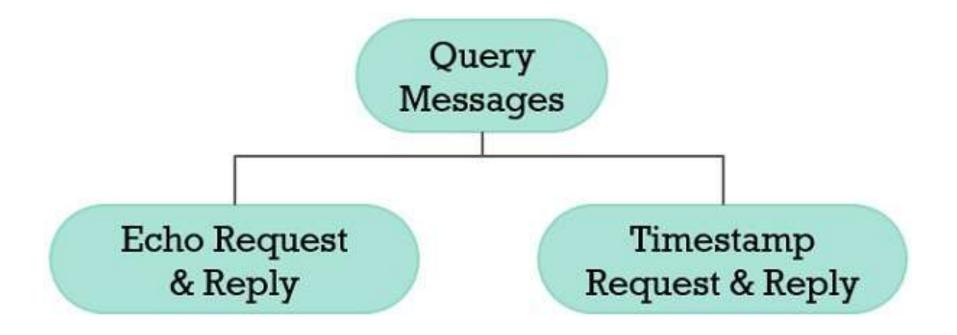
code 2 redirects to the network-specific route

code 3 redirects for the host-specific route



## **Query Messages**





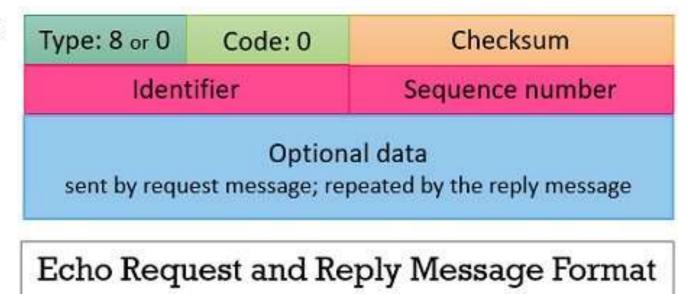


## **Echo request and reply**



Type 8: Request

Type 0: Reply





# Timestamp request and reply



• Timestamp request and reply messages calculate the round trip time. It is the time required by an IP datagram to travel between two hosts or routers.

Type 13: Request Type 14: Reply

Type: 13 or 14	Code: 0	Checksum
Identifier		Sequence number
	Original Ti	mestamp
	Receive Ti	mestamp
	Transmit Ti	mestamp
Timestam	p Request Forr	and Reply Message nat