

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA - AICTE and Accredited by NAAC - UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES

COURSE NAME: 19BA315 STRATEGIC HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

II YEAR /III SEMESTER

Unit III - CROSS CULTURAL HRM

Topic 7 - International Compensation





INTERNATIONAL COMPENSATION

Definition:

International compensation can be defined as the provision of monetary and non-monetary rewards, including base salary, benefits and perquisites, long and short-term incentives, valued by employee in accordance with their relative contributions to MNC performance.





OBJECTIVES

- To recruit and retain suitable employees
- To provide consistency and equity
- To facilitate employee's mobility
- To motivate employees to adapt to foreign cultures and environment.
- To determine cost of staff
- To simplify collective bargaining procedures
- To enhance organizational performance
- To provide competitive and comparable compensation package

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IMPORTANCE OF INTERNATIONAL COMPENSATION

- Attracting and retaining personnel
- Optimizing cost of compensation
- Consistency in compensation
- Motivating personnel





Components Of Global Compensation Package

Base Salary and Allowances Taxes Retirement Benef	
Incentive Pay	Base Salary and Incentive Pay
Pay/Base salary Bonus Housing Allowance Stock-Option Bonus Housing Allowance Bonus Bonus	• Bonus





Founders Philos ophy MNC's Internal MNC's External Environment. Environment. Goal orientation and • Parent Country compensation • Labour Market objectives. characteristics. • Competitive Strategy • Local condition Organizational Home and Host. Culture country government • HR structure roles • Employee- Employer • Industry type

MNC's Compensation Package

relations

Subsidiary roleLevel of Technology

Competitors strategy





APPROACHES OF IC

- Growing Rate Approach
- Balance Sheet Approach
- ◆International Citizen's Approach
- Lum Sum Approach





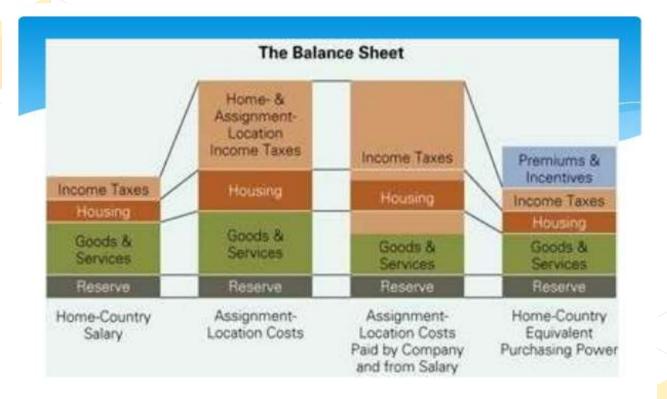
GOING RATE APPROACH

This approach is the blending elements from both the home-country and host country approaches





BALANCE SHEET APPROACH







OTHER APPROACHES

- Region Based Approach: Expatriates are paid working in their local region
- Hybrid Approach: Blending elements from both the home-country and host-country..
- Citizen's Approach: International basket of goods is used for all expatriates regardless to country of origin.
- Lump sum Approach: Giving the expatriate a predetermined salary and letting the individual decide about how to spend it.

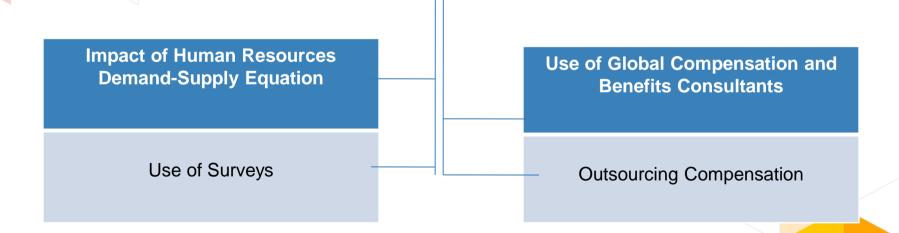
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PROBLEMS IN INTERNATIONAL COMPENSATION

ISSUES /PROBLEMS IN INTERNATIONAL COMPENSATION





RECAP

QUESTIONS???

THANK YOU

