



SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING(IoT and
Cybersecurity Including BCT)**

COURSE NAME : Cloud Service Management /19OE219

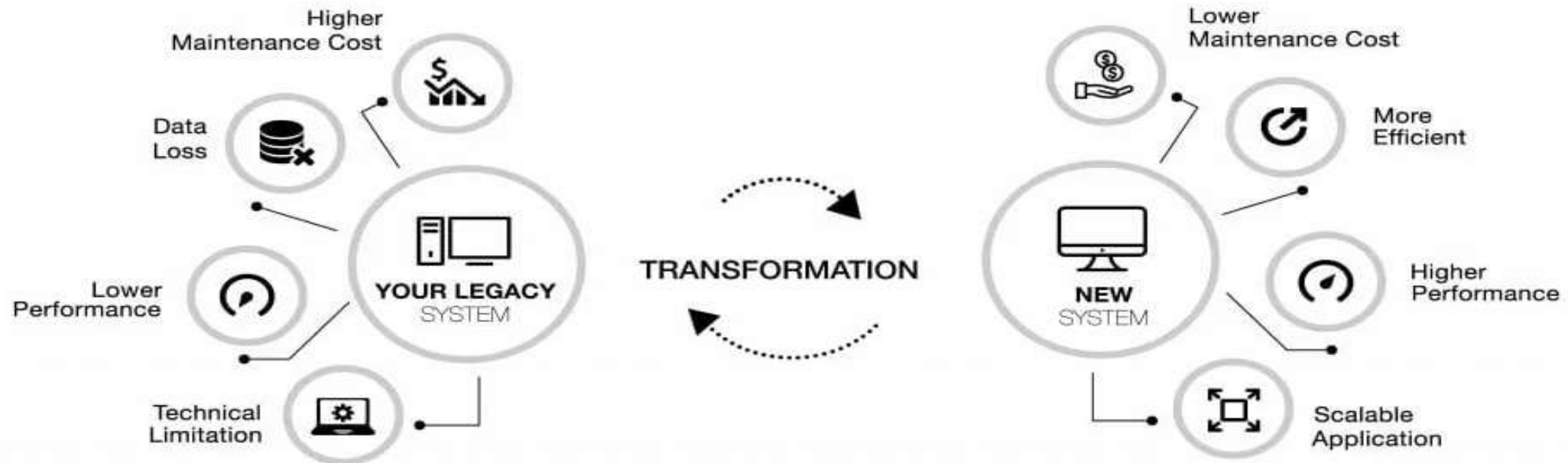
IV YEAR / VII SEMESTER

Unit II-

Topic : Dealing with Legacy System and Services

Legacy systems implemented in old technologies can cause serious problems when integrating with cloud systems

Legacy systems, which are outdated hardware or software that are no longer efficient or effective, can be a hindrance to progress and productivity. One solution to modernize legacy systems is to transfer them to the cloud, which offers numerous benefits such as increased scalability, accessibility, and security.





The Benefits of Transferring Legacy Systems to the Cloud



1. Scalability

- Scalability is one of the most significant benefits of moving legacy systems to the cloud. In a traditional on-premises environment, scaling a system to accommodate growth or increased demand is often a difficult and time-consuming process that requires significant hardware upgrades and manual configuration.
- However, in a cloud environment, the process of scaling can be much simpler and more flexible.
- Cloud providers such as AWS, Google Cloud, and Microsoft Azure offer a range of scalable services that can be utilized to easily and automatically increase or decrease resources as needed.
- For example, AWS Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) offers the ability to scale up or down compute resources such as CPU and memory on demand.

2. Accessibility

- Accessibility is another key benefit of transferring legacy systems to the cloud. By moving your systems to the cloud, you can make them accessible from anywhere in the world, provided you have an internet connection.
- This is in contrast to traditional legacy systems, which are typically only accessible from a single location, making it difficult to share data and collaborate with team members who are not in the same physical location.
- Cloud-based systems also offer more flexible accessibility options. For example, you can access your systems from a desktop computer, a laptop, a tablet, or even a smartphone.
- This can be especially useful for teams that need to work remotely or for employees who



The Benefits of Transferring Legacy Systems to the Cloud



3. Security

Cloud services often provide enhanced security measures, such as automatic backups, disaster recovery, and encryption. This can help protect sensitive data and ensure business continuity in the event of a cyber-attack or other security breach.

Here are some security considerations when transferring legacy systems to the cloud:

- **Identity and Access Management (IAM):** Identity and access management is a key security feature in the cloud. It is essential to have strong IAM policies and procedures in place to control who has access to the system and data.
- **Data protection:** Data protection is a critical aspect of cloud security. It is important to encrypt sensitive data both in transit and at rest to prevent unauthorized access
 - This can be done by implementing encryption algorithms and protocols.
- **Network security:** Network security is another key security feature in the cloud. This can be done by using secure protocols such as SSL/TLS and by implementing firewall rules.
- **Compliance:** Compliance with regulations such as HIPAA, PCI-DSS, and GDPR is essential when transferring legacy systems to the cloud.
- **Security monitoring:** Security monitoring is essential to detect any security breaches or vulnerabilities.



Types of Cloud Services

Before making the transition to the cloud, it's important to understand the different types of cloud services available. There are three main types of cloud services:

1. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS):

- IaaS provides the infrastructure necessary to run applications and store data, such as virtual machines, servers, and storage.
- This allows organizations to outsource their hardware needs and only pay for the resources they use.

1. Platform as a Service (PaaS):

- PaaS provides a platform for developers to build and deploy applications, without the need to manage the underlying infrastructure.
- This can speed up development and deployment times, and allow organizations to focus on application development rather than infrastructure management.
- I will definitely mention more about the types of cloud services in my upcoming articles.
- In conclusion, transferring legacy systems to the cloud offers a range of benefits, including improved scalability, accessibility, and security.
- By making your systems accessible from anywhere in the world and on a range of devices, you can increase collaboration and productivity while reducing costs and improving security.