



SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam(Po), Coimbatore - 641 107

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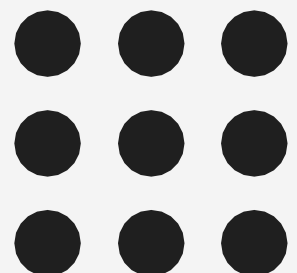
Approved by AICTE, Recognized by UGC & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

Department of Information Technology

19CS204 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

I YEAR /II SEMESTER

Topic - Java Applets





Applet

- Applet is a **special type of java program** that is **embedded in the webpage to generate the dynamic content.**
- It runs **inside the browser and works at client side.**
- It works at client side so less response time.
- Secured
- It can be executed by **browsers running under many plateforms, including Linux, Windows, Mac Os etc.**



Applet

- An applet is a **Java class that extends the `java.applet.Applet` class.**
- **A `main()` method is not invoked on an applet**, and an applet class will not define `main()`.
- Applets are designed to be **embedded within an HTML page.**
- When a user views an HTML page that contains an applet, **the code for the applet is downloaded to the user's machine.**

Applet life Cycle

- Applet is initialized.
- Applet is started.
- Applet is painted.
- Applet is stopped.
- Applet is destroyed





Applet



- **init** – This method is **intended for whatever initialization is needed for your applet**. It is called after the param tags inside the applet tag have been processed.
- **start** – **This method is automatically called after the browser calls the init method**. It is also called whenever the user returns to the page containing the applet after having gone off to other pages.
- **stop** – **This method is automatically called when the user moves off the page on which the applet sits**. It can, therefore, be called repeatedly in the same applet.
- **destroy** – **This method is only called when the browser shuts down normally**. Because applets are meant to live on an HTML page, you **should not normally leave resources behind after a user leaves the page that contains the applet**.
- **paint** – Invoked immediately after the start() method, and **also any time the applet needs to repaint itself in the browser**. The **paint() method is actually inherited from the java.awt**.



Applet

```
import java.applet.Applet;  
import java.awt.Graphics;  
public class First extends Applet{  
  
public void paint(Graphics g){  
g.drawString("welcome",150,150);  
}  
  
}
```

```
<html>  
<body>  
<applet code="First.class" width="300"  
height="300">  
</applet>  
</body>  
</html>
```



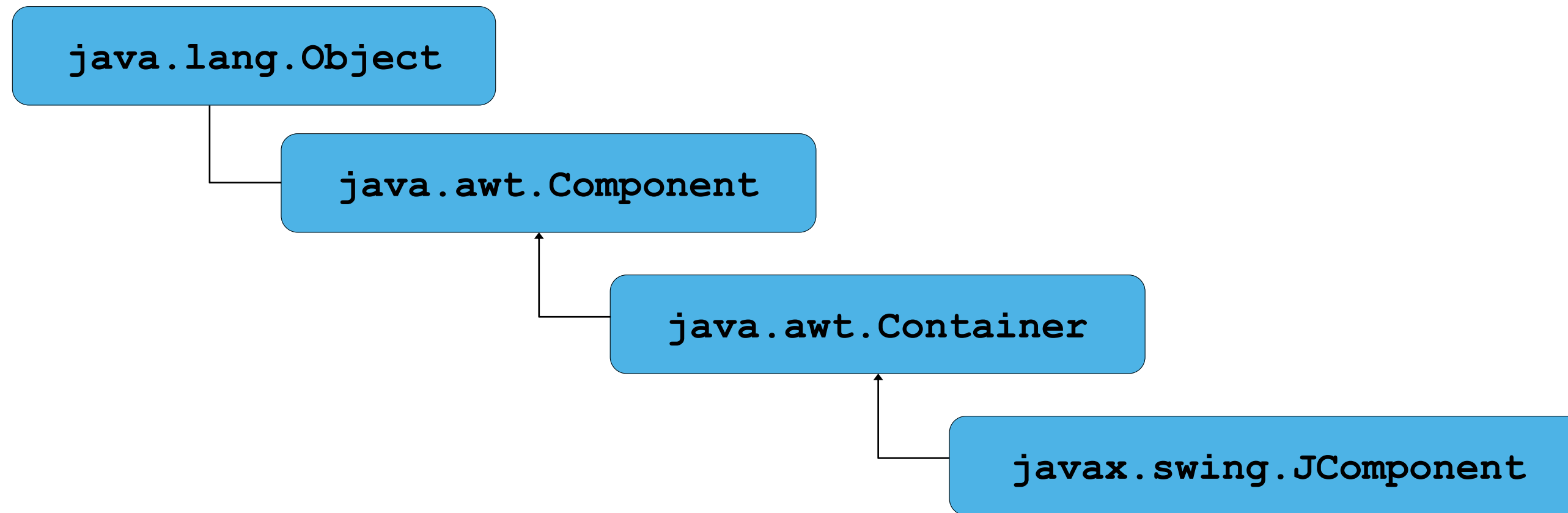
Swing(GUI)



Swing in java is **part of Java foundation class** which is **lightweight and platform independent**.

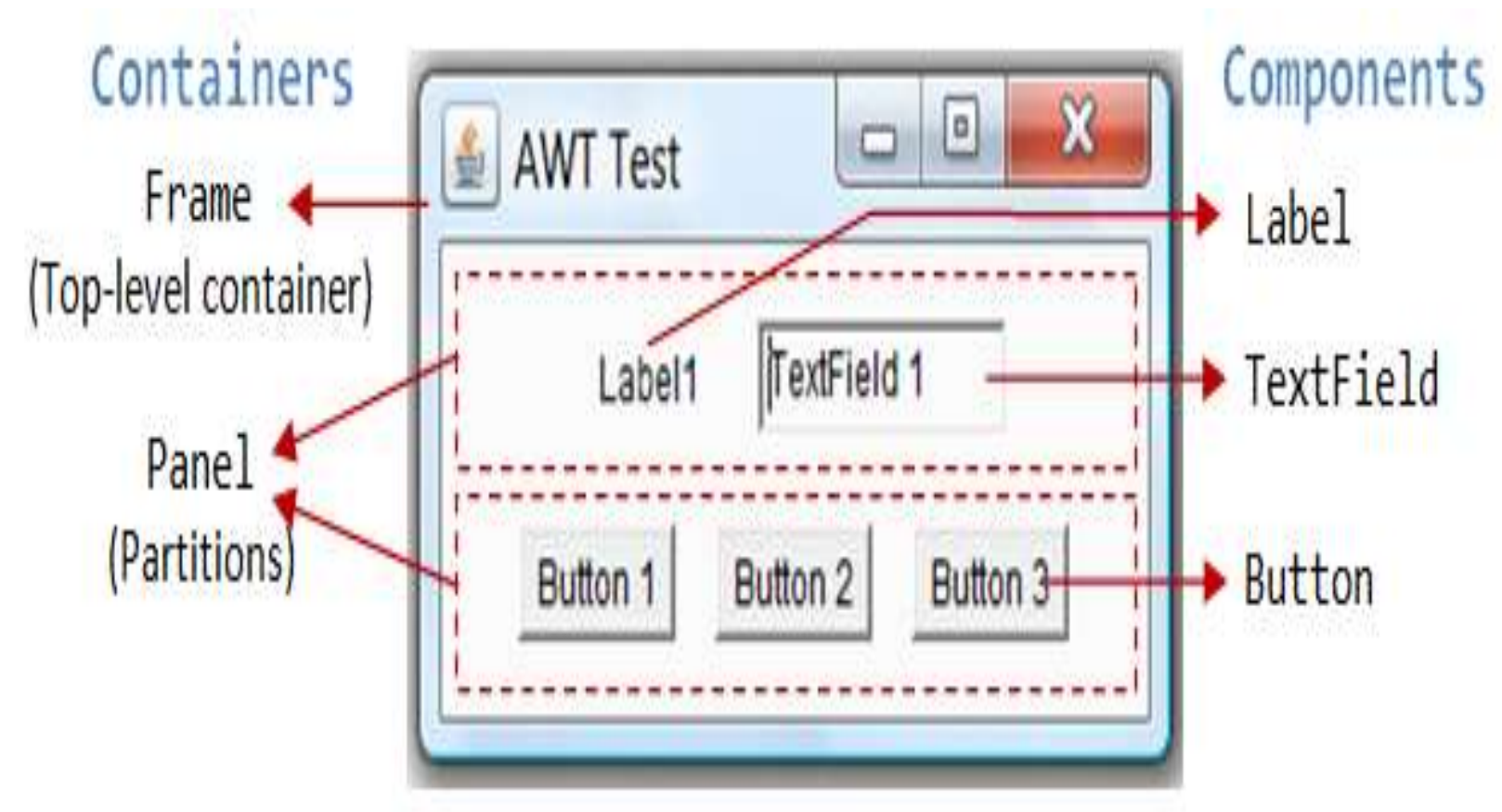
- It is used for **creating window based applications**. It includes components **like button, scroll bar, text field etc**. Putting together all these components makes a **graphical user interface**.
- Defined in **package javax.swing**
- Original GUI components from AWT in **java.awt**
- **Heavyweight components** - rely on local platform's windowing system for look and feel
- **Swing components are lightweight**
- Not weighed down by GUI capabilities of platform
- More portable than heavyweight components
- Swing components allow programmer to specify look and feel
- Can change depending on platform
- Can be same across all platforms

Swing

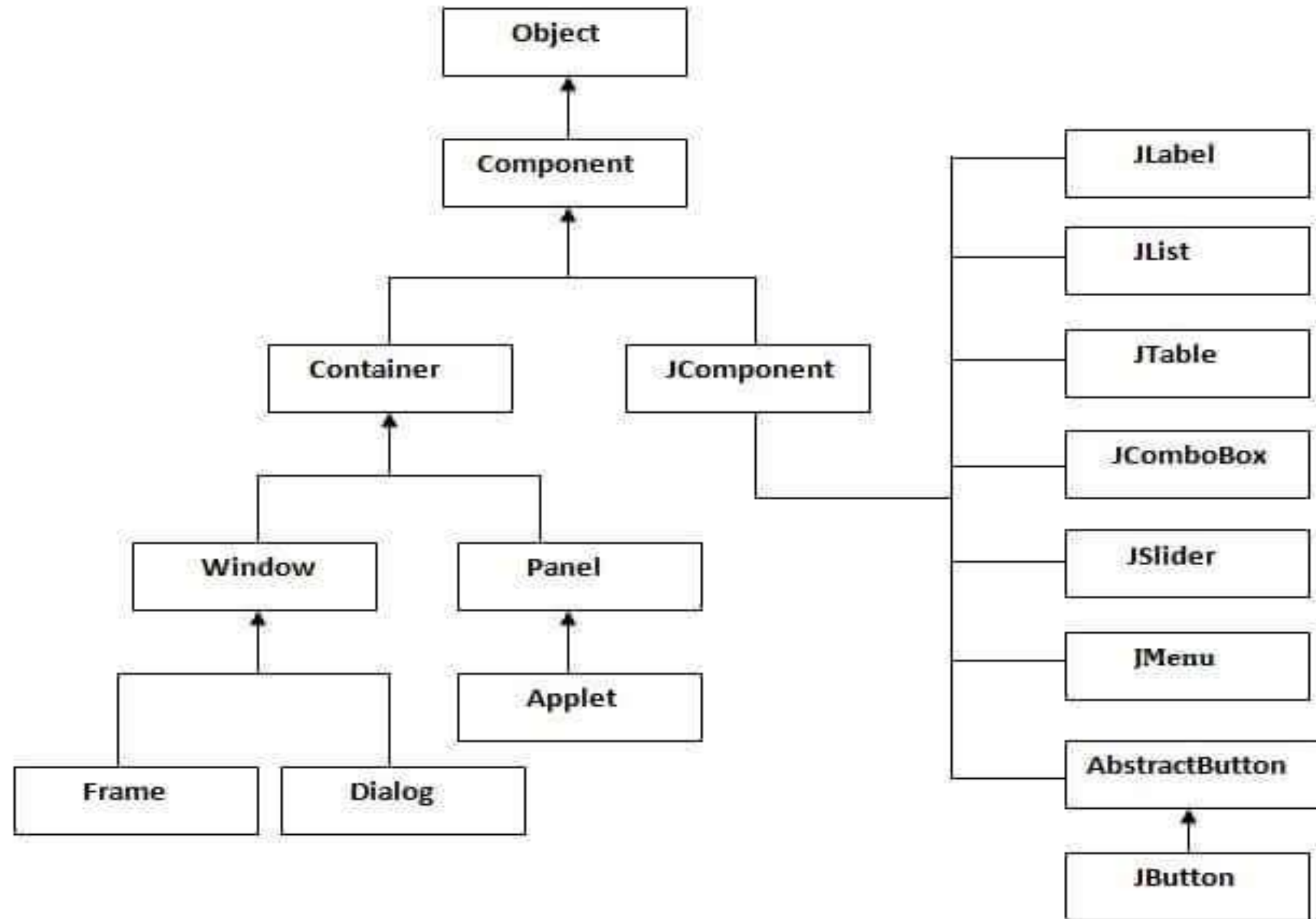


Swing

- **Component** defines methods used in its subclasses (for example, **paint** and **repaint**)
- **Container** - collection of related components
 - When using **JFrame**, add components to content pane (a **Container**)
- **JComponent** - superclass to most Swing components

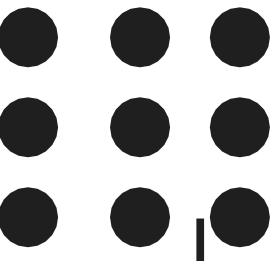


Swing





Swing



Jbutton Class

```
import javax.swing.*;
public class Simple {
    JFrame f;
    Simple(){
        f=new JFrame();//creating instance of JFrame

        JButton b=new JButton("click");//creating instance of JButton
        b.setBounds(130,100,100, 40);

        f.add(b);//adding button in JFrame

        f.setSize(400,500);//400 width and 500 height
        f.setLayout(null);//using no layout managers
        f.setVisible(true);//making the frame visible
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        new Simple();
    }
}
```



Swing



JTextField Class

It inherits the JTextComponent class and it is used to allow editing of single line text.

Example

```
import javax.swing.*;
public class Text{
public static void main(String args[]){
JFrame a = new JFrame("Textfield");
JTextField b = new JTextField("Example for text field");
b.setBounds(50,100,200,30);
a.add(b);
a.setSize(300,300);
a.setLayout(null);
a.setVisible(true);
}
}
```



THANK YOU