



SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

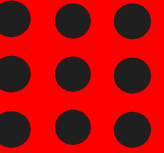
Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

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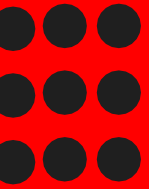
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

**COURSE NAME : 19EE01 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS
ENGINEERING**





SAFETY MEASURES



ELECTRICAL SAFETY-

- The meaning of term safety is being safe, not being dangerous or not to be in danger.
- Place yourself in in secure position to avoid slipping, moving backward against live conductors or apparatus.
- Make habit of being cautious.
- In event of lightening, storm avoid outdoor works In electrical installation.

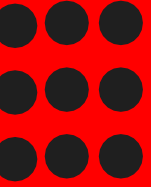
ELECTRICAL ACCIDENTS-

- The event that happens unexpectedly and causes damage or injury to a person or people.





CAUSES OF ELECTRICAL ACCIDENTS

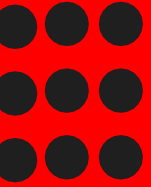


- Lack of knowledge.
- Over-confidence of workers.
- Improper instructions given to workers.
- Use of low quality materials.
- Unavailability of caution boards, safety tags, danger plates.
- Working on live parts.
- Unavailability of gloves, rubber mats..etc
- Working with wet hands.
- Unhooked shirt buttons, sleeves...etc
- Habit of Wearing chains, bracelets..etc





PREVENTION OF ELECTRICAL ACCIDENTS

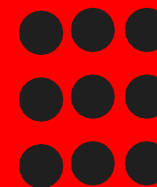


- Safety book/ Training should be given to all persons working in plants.
- Only qualified men do the work,
- Untrained person should not allow handling electrical equipment.
- While working on live equipment obey the proper instructions.
- Give proper instructions for supervision.
- Do not allow visitors & unauthorized persons to touch or handle electrical equipment.
- Know the work content and work sequence, especially all safety measures.
- Do not work if you are not sure or knowledge of the condition of equipment/ machine.
- Do not perform, or continue to perform, any work when you are in doubt about the safety procedure to be followed,
- Insulate yourself on the insulating material like wood, plastic etc. before starting the work on live main





SAFETY SIGNS IN INDUSTRIES



ELECTRICAL SAFETY SIGNS



⚠ CAUTION

**ELECTRIC GATE
KEEP CLEAR**

⚠ CAUTION

**STRONG
RADIATION**

⚠ CAUTION

**LASER RADIATION
DO NOT STARE**

⚠ CAUTION

**DO NOT USE
MOBILE PHONES**

⚠ CAUTION

**ELECTRICALLY
CLASSIFIED AREA**

⚠ CAUTION

**DO NOT LOOK
AT ELECTRIC ARC**

⚠ CAUTION

**CONTROL PANEL
ROOM**

AUTHORISED PERSONNEL ONLY

⚠ CAUTION

ELECTRICAL ROOM

AUTHORISED PERSONNEL ONLY

⚠ CAUTION

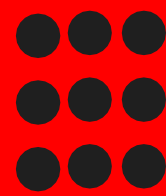
**DO NOT
TOUCH TERMINAL**

IN THE OPEN POSITION





SAFETY SIGNS IN INDUSTRIES



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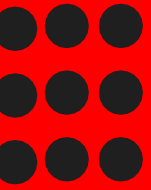
FACTORS AFFECTING THE SEVERITY OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

The effect of electrical shock on human bodies depends on following factors.

1. Magnitude voltage of the system.
2. The period or duration for which the area of contact with lives part.
3. It is also depends on supply system i.e. A.C or D.C.
4. Body resistance (If wet resistance of body reduces)
5. Shock may occur even when voltage is low (50V rms AC low or 75V DC sometimes OR

Low voltage does not mean low hazard.)

6. Path of current through body.
7. The presence of moisture in the environment.
8. The general health of the person prior to the shock.





REFERENCES

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5. <https://happho.com/install-concealed-conduit-electrical-wiring-system-properly/>

