

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



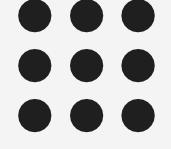
Kurumbapalayam(Po), Coimbatore – 641 107
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Department of Information Technology

19CS204 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

I YEAR /II SEMESTER

Unit 1- INTRODUCTION TO OOP







- There will be times when you will want to define a class member that will be used independently of any object of that class.
- Normally, a class member must be accessed only in conjunction with an object of its class.
- However, it is possible to create a member that can be used by itself, without reference to a specific instance.
- To create such a member, precede its declaration with the keyword **static**.





- When a member is declared static, it can be accessed before any objects of its class are created, and without reference to any object.
- You can declare both methods and variables to be static.
- The most common example of a static member is main().
- main() is declared as static because it must be called before any objects exist.





Methods declared as static have several restrictions:

- They can only directly call other static methods.
- They can only directly access static data.
- They cannot refer to this or super in any way.





```
public class staticstudent
  static int age=25;
  static String name;
  static int mark1=40,mark2;
  static void display(String n)
    name=n;
    System.out.println("Name is " +name);
 static{
 mark2= mark1 * 2;
 System.out.println("Mark 2 is " +mark2);
public static void main(String[] args)
    display("Ryan");
    System.out.println("Age is "+age);
                                 Static Members / IT /SNSCE
```





Accessing outside of class

- Outside of the class in which they are defined, static methods and variables can be used independently of any object.
- To do so, you need only specify the name of their class followed by the dot operator.
- For example, if you wish to call a static method from outside its class, you can do so using the following general form:

classname.method()

• Here, classname is the name of the class in which the static method is declared.





```
class staticstudent
  static int age=40;
  static String name;
  static void display(String n)
    name=n;
    System.out.println("Name is " +name);
public class student
  public static void main(String[] args)
    staticstudent.display("Ryan");
    System.out.println("Age is " +staticstudent.age);
```





THANK YOU