



SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION



Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai
First Semester

MBA - Master of Business Administration

19BA104 - LEGAL ASPECTS OF BUSINESS

Regulations 2019

Question Bank

UNIT 1 - THE INDIAN CONTRACT ACT 1872

Part A - 2 Marks

1. Define Law.
2. Compare business law & mercantile law
3. How would you substantiate whether agreement became a contract?
4. Classify types of Contracts.
5. Interpret the remedies for breach of contract.
6. Define Insolvent
7. Compare Offer & Acceptance
8. How would you show your understanding on void Agreements?
9. What is an implied contract?
10. What are the duties of the principal in a Contract of agency?

Part B - 13 Marks

1. How would you describe the essentials elements of a contract ?
2. Explain the legal rules regarding a valid acceptance as per Indian contract Act.
3. How would you show your understanding of breach of contract
4. Explain the remedies available for breach of contract?
5. Why do you think about Quasi contracts? Classify the types of Quasi contracts.
6. Explain the Kinds of Contracts
7. By whom must contracts be performed? What are reciprocal promises ?
8. Bring out the rules regarding the performance of reciprocal promises.

UNIT 2 - THE SALE OF GOODS ACT 1930

Part A - 2 Marks

1. How Contract of Sale is Made ?
2. Interpret the transfer of title ?
3. Compare condition and warranty in sale contract.
4. Classify the types of unpaid seller.
5. What is possession of Goods?
6. What is an agreement to sell?
7. What are specific goods ?
8. What are future goods ?
9. What are contingent goods ?
10. What is meant by caveat emptor ?
11. What is meant by the term 'property good
12. What is meant by deliverable state?
13. What is a C I F contract ?
14. Who can sell the goods?
15. What is meant by delivery?
16. What are the various Kinds of delivery of Goods ?
17. What is an unpaid seller ?
18. What is the right of an unpaid seller ?
19. When can an unpaid seller lose his lien on the goods ?
20. When can an unpaid seller resell the goods?

Part B - 13 marks

1. What is Contract of Sale ? State its essential characteristics.
2. Distinguish between a sale and a hire purchase agreement.
3. Define and distinguish between a condition and warranty
4. Explain the doctrine 'Caveat Emptor' and state the exceptions to it.
5. Describe the rules relating to passing of property in the sale of goods.
6. Discuss the nature of C I F / F O B and ex-ship contracts.
7. Define the term 'delivery'. Discuss the rules relating to delivery in the sale of Goods Act.
8. When is a seller of the goods deemed to be an unpaid seller ?
9. What are the rights against the goods and the buyer personally ?

UNIT 3 - NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS ACT 1881

Part A - 2Marks

1. What is negotiable Instrument ?
2. What are the different types of crossing?
3. Define a foreign bill of exchange
4. Why crossing of a cheque is a good safety measure?
5. What is Crossing of a cheque ?
6. What are the essential elements of a bill of exchange ?
7. What are the essential elements of a cheque?
8. What are the different types of endorsement ?
9. Who is a holder in due course ?
10. What are the rights of a holder in due course ?
11. Draw the special rule of cheque & types of crossing.

12. State any two difference between a cheque and a bill of exchange.
13. What is a railway receipts ?
14. When a cheque gets compulsory Dishonor
15. How will you explain the term “a truncated cheque”
16. Who is called as a bearer of an Instrument
17. List the instruments covered under negotiable instruments Act in India?
18. Define promissory Note

Part B - 13 Marks

1. Who are the parties to a bills of exchange ?
2. Explain the different modes of discharge of a party or parties to a negotiable instrument?
3. Construct a plan for activities to be different modes of discharging a negotiable instrument and discharge of parties.
4. Identify the different types of negotiable instruments.
5. Elucidate the special rule of cheque and draft in detail.
6. Discuss the Discharge of negotiable instruments in detail.
7. Explain the nature and requisites of Negotiable instrument act 1881

Unit 4 - COMPANY LAW 2013 & IPR

Part A - 2 Marks

1. Compare differences between a public company and a private company.
2. Organize the important contents of a prospectus.
3. Classify the types of prospectus.
4. Define Prospectus.
5. Outline the procedure for registration of prospectus.
6. How would show your understanding of Commencement of business?
7. Explain Incorporation of company.
8. What are the powers and duties of directors?
9. Classify the types of meetings
10. List the power of official liquidator.
11. Interpret the importance of appointment of liquidator.
12. What is winding up of companies under the amendments of companies Act,2013
13. What are the contents of Articles of Association of a company ?
14. When is a person disqualified for appointment as a director of a company?
15. State the characteristics features of a company?
16. What is one person company ?
17. What is corporate veil?
18. Who is promoter?
19. What is annual general meeting?
20. Mention various types of directors in a company.
21. What is trademark?
22. List out the objectives of IPR.
23. Define creativity and novelty.
24. Differentiate the process and product innovation.
25. What is utility patents
26. List few patents offices in India.
27. What are the objectives of copyrights.
28. What is the rule for the transfer of copyright?
29. Define copyright infringements
30. Why are trade secrets?

Part B - 13 Marks

1. Explain various types of companies as per the Companies Act 2013.
2. Explain various stages in incorporation of a company .
3. Discuss about the functions of promoter ?
4. What are articles of association ? What are its contents ? How it altered?
5. What is prospectus ? What are its contents ? What are the legal provisions relating to issue of prospectus ?
6. Explain the rights and duties of directors of a company?
7. Who can and cannot be appointed as director of a company (Qualifications and Disqualifications of Directors)
8. What are various types of a company meeting ? Explain the essentials of a valid meeting.(Notice, Quorum, Agenda, proxy)
9. Who can be appointed and who cannot be appointed as an auditor of a company?
10. What are the rights ,Liabilities ,and duties of an auditor under the companies act 2013?
11. Explain various modes of winding up of a company. What are its consequences.
12. Who is an official liquidator? Explain the powers and duties of official liquidator ?
13. Describe briefly the procedure for registration of trademarks, copy rights and patents

Unit - 5 :INDIRECT TAXES & CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

Part A : 2 Marks

1. What is Progressive Taxation ?
2. What is CBIT?
3. Define IGST.
4. State the Turnover under GST.
5. What is input tax?
6. State the various tax systems covered by GST.
7. Differentiate the CGST and SGST.
8. What is duty drawback?
9. Define the term tax.
10. How do you classify the tax.
11. Why GST is introduced?
12. Expand the term CGST and SGST.
13. What are GST slab rates?
14. What does assessment under GST means?
15. What is direct tax ?
16. What is Indirect Tax?
17. Any two objectives of Taxation.
18. What is canon of Taxation?
19. Explain the terms : Progressive taxation, Regressive taxation and Degressive taxation
20. What is GST Council?
21. What is Aggregate Turnover?
22. What is Registration under GST act?
23. What is custom duty?
24. What is export incentive scheme?
25. What is audit under GST?
26. What is GST administration ?
27. List out the GST products?
28. Define the term Consumer protection Act
29. Define the term Consumer
30. Define the term Consumer Dispute.
31. Categorize the Redressal forum for consumer protection act.

Part B : 13 Marks

1. Explain the provisions relating to filing of appeal under GST.
2. State the various type of transaction entitled for duty drawback
3. Explain the concept of GST Council and its decisions.
4. Explain the different types of assessment under GST.
5. Describe the mandatory GST audit check list that requires strict compliance.
6. How are the disputes going to be resolved under the GST regimes?
7. Objectives,features of Taxation/
8. Difference Between Direct Tax and Indirect Tax
9. What are the powers of union and state levy taxes?
10. What are the types of GST ? explain.
11. Explain in details Input tax credit?
12. Explain Appointment and powers of GST Officers.
13. Explain the Types GST returns to be filed.
14. Explain audit under the GST
15. What are the types of Custom duty? Explain
16. Explain the Power of Custom authority?
17. Explain various incomes exempted U/s 10.
18. Examine the right of a consumer enshrined under the consumer protection act
19. How would you use of Consumer grievance redressal?
20. How would you show your understanding on procedure for consumer grievance redressal?
21. Explain the Composition of District Consumer Disputes redressal forum.What procedure is followed by it after receiving a complaint?
22. Discuss the composition,functions and jurisdiction of forum and commission for redressal of consumer disputes.
23. Consumer protection act and consumer movements in india have reached the best destination - discuss

