

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore - 641 107

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

COURSE NAME: 19CS407 DATA ANALYTICS WITH R

II YEAR /IV SEMESTER

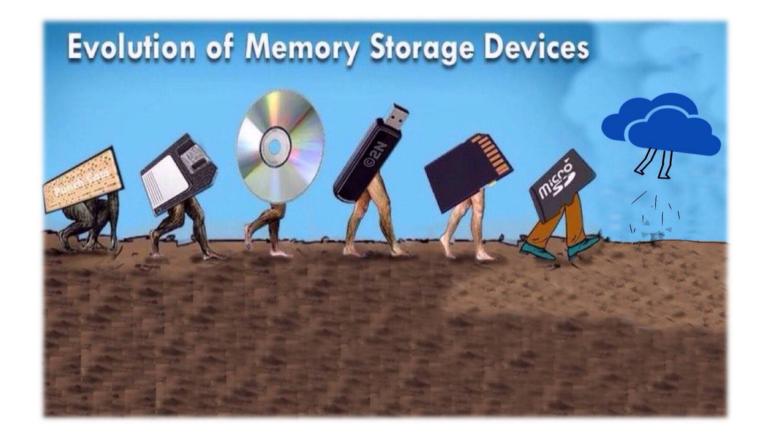
Unit 1- Introduction

Topic: Big data, Data Science



Big Data







Now data is Big data!



- No single standard definition!
- 'Big-data' is similar to 'Small-data', but bigger
 - ...but having data bigger consequently requires different approaches
 - techniques, tools and architectures

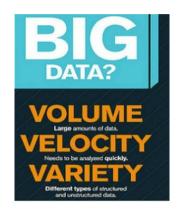
...to solve: new problems ...and, of course, in a better way

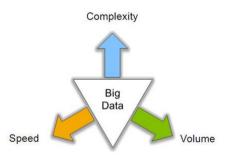
Big data is data whose scale, diversity, and complexity require new architecture, techniques, algorithms, and **analytics** to manage it and extract value and hidden knowledge from it...



Characteristics of Big data: V3







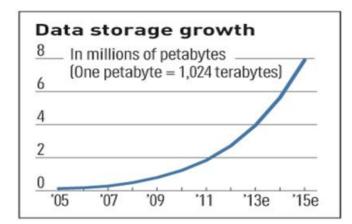


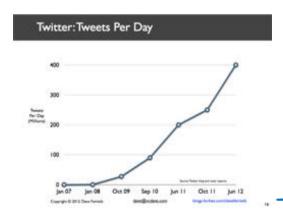


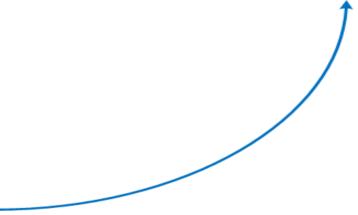
V3: V for Volume



- Volume of data, which needs to be processed is increasing rapidly
 - More storage capacity
 - More computation
 - More tools and techniques







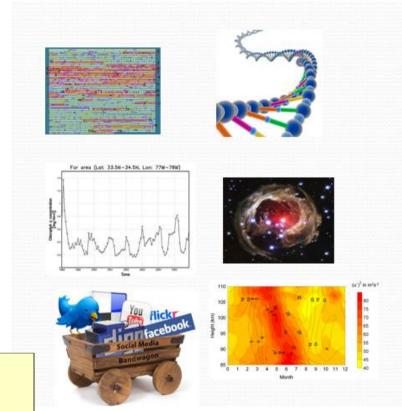


V3: V for Variety



- Various formats, types, and structures
 - Text, numerical, images, audio, video, sequences, time series, social media data, multi-dimensional arrays, etc...
- Static data vs. streaming data
- A single application can be generating/collecting many types of data

To extract knowledge→ all these types of data need to be linked together





V3: V for Velocity



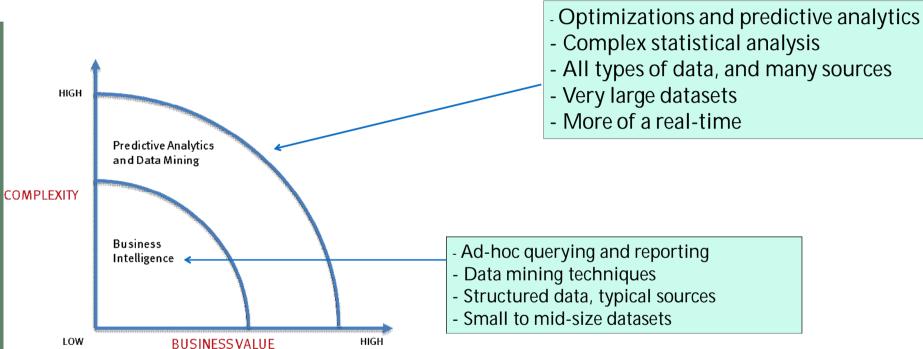
- Data is being generated fast and need to be processed fast
 - For time-sensitive processes such as catching fraud, big data must be used as it streams into your enterprise in order to maximize its value
 - Scrutinize 5 million trade events created each day to identify potential fraud
 - Analyze 500 million daily call detail records in real-time to predict customer churn faster
- Sometimes, 2 minutes is too late!
 - The latest we have heard is 10 ns (nano seconds) delay is too much





Big data vs. small data



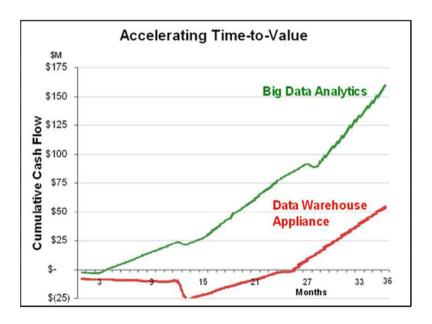




Big Data Vs Small Data



- Big data is more real-time in nature than traditional applications
- Big data architecture
 - Traditional architectures are not well-suited for big data applications (e.g. Exa-data, Tera-data)
 - Massively parallel processing, scale out architectures are well-suited for big data applications





Challenges Ahead



- The Bottleneck is in technology
 - New architecture, algorithms, techniques are needed
- Also in technical skills
 - Experts in using the new technology and dealing with Big data

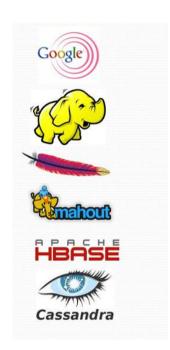
Who are the major players in the world of Big data?



- Google
- Hadoop
- MapReduce
- Mahout
- Apache Hbase
- Cassandra

Major players







Applications of Big Data



- ✓ Media and entertainment
- ✓ Banking and securities
- ✓ Healthcare
- ✓ Education
- ✓ Energy sectors
- ✓ Retail and wholesale services
- ✓ Government sectors
- ✓ Insurance
- ✓ Cyber security
- ✓ Weather forecasting
- ✓ Travel and tourism sectors
- ✓ Scientific research



Tools available



NoSQL

 DatabasesMongoDB, CouchDB, Cassandra, Redis, BigTable, Hbase, Hypertable, Voldemort, Riak, ZooKeeper

MapReduce

 Hadoop, Hive, Pig, Cascading, Cascalog, mrjob, Caffeine, S4, MapR, Acunu, Flume, Kafka, Azkaban, Oozie, Greenplum

Storage

• S3, HDFS, GDFS

Servers

• EC2, Google App Engine, Elastic, Beanstalk, Heroku

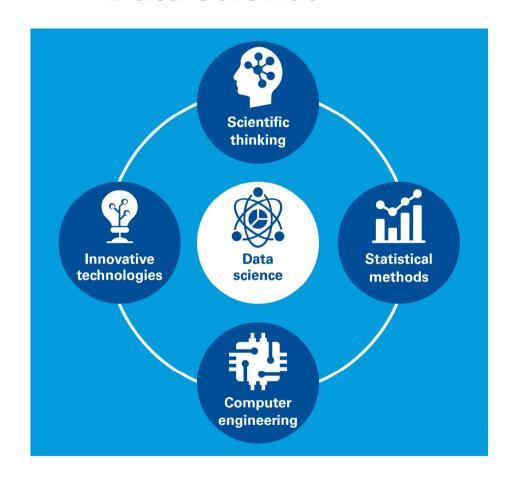
Processing

• R, Yahoo! Pipes, Mechanical Turk, Solr/Lucene, ElasticSearch, Datameer, BigSheets, Tinkerpop



Data Science







Data science



Data science is the combination of statistics, mathematics, programming, problem-solving, capturing data in ingenious ways, the ability to look at things differently, and the activity of cleansing, preparing, and aligning data.

Data Science is a multi-disciplinary field that uses scientific methods, processes, algorithms, and systems to extract knowledge and insights from structured and unstructured data



Overview of the five steps



- 1. Asking an interesting question
- 2. Obtaining the data
- 3. Exploring the data
- 4. Modeling the data
- 5. Communicating and visualizing the results













Applications of Data Science



- ✓ Detection of risk in business
- ✓ Healthcare
- ✓ Targeted advertising
- ✓ Internet behavior and searches
- ✓ Advanced Image and voice recognition
- ✓ Gaming



Assessment 1



1. What is Big Data?

Ans : _____

2. What is Data Science?

Ans : _____





References



1. J. E. Hopcroft, J.Motwani and J.D Ullman, "Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computations", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

Thank You