

Mathematical Analysis for Recursive alg.

General plan / procedure for analysing

Efficiency of Recursive alg.:-

↳ Function calling itself

- ① Decide the I/P size based on parameters.
- ② Identify the alg's basic operations.
- ③ Check how many times the basic operation is executed.
 - ↳ Find whether execution of basic operation depends upon I/P size.
 - ↳ Determine best, Average, worst case for I/P size 'n'.
- ④ Set up the recurrence relation with some initial condition & expressing the basic operation.
- ⑤ Used Forward / Backward Substitution method.

Ex:1 Explain the recursive alg for computing Factorial & analyze alg.

Problem Statement :

Computing factorial of a no using recursion.

Alg:

Alg factorial (n).

// problem description: This alg computes n! using recursive fun

/// P: A non-negative integer 'n'.

// O/P: returns the factorial value.

if (n=0)

return 1

else

return factorial (n-1) * n.

Ex:

If factorial of a number can be obtained by performing repeated multiplication.

If $n=5$, then $5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$.

Step 1: $n! = 5!$

Step 2 = $4! \times 5$

Step 3 = $3! \times 4 \times 5$

Step 4 = $2! \times 3 \times 4 \times 5$

Step 5 = $1! \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5$.

Step 6 = $0! \times 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5$ ($0! = 1$)

Step 7 = $1 \times 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5$

O/P = $n! = 5! = 120$.

$n! \Rightarrow$ General term:

$n! = n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times (n-3) \times \dots \times (n-k) \times \dots \times 1$

$$5! = 5 \times 4!$$

$$F(n) = F(n-1) \times n$$